Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDER: PHEROZESHAH MEHTA

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXVI NO. 145 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Peace Brigade To Check Communal Riots

Refugees Eat Bark Of Trees

Yellow River Floods Likely To Increase

No Hope Of Repairing Breached Dykes Under Chinese Fire

TOKIO, June 17.

IT IS ESTIMATED IN OFFICIAL DISPATCHES FROM CHINA THAT AN AREA OF 3,000 SQUARE MILES IS FLOODED BY THE YELLOW RIVER.

PLIGHT OF REFUGEES

Refugees can be seen from the air stripping trees of their bark for food.

Japanese 'planes are dropping provisions for marooned hamlets. Soldiers in boats are picking up stranded villagers.

FLOODS LIKELY TO WORSEN

No Hope Of Repairing Breached Dykes

A Peiping message says:

Kaifeng, where Reuter's special correspondent landed, is anxious of its fate as, although the City is protected by a fifteen foot Dyke, the City is 25 feet below the level of the river-bed and the water is now less than four miles from the South-west corner of the City.

Sixty missionaries, who formed a Committee to care for 13,000 war refugees are now faced with the task of caring for thousands of flood refugees. A spectre of disease haunts the City owing to the jeopardising of sanitation and epidemics of smallpox and cholera are feared. Before the hostilities, the area was at a standstill. The British Cathedral in Kaifeng was struck by bombs.

The Japanese Army at present is concentrating on withdrawing its own units, stranded in the floods, and also Chinese refugees.

RESCUE WORK

THE JAPANESE AUTHORITIES CLAIM THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO RENEW ATTEMPTS TO REPAIR THE DYKES UNDER THE THREAT OF CHINESE GUNFIRE AND THE WATER MUST CONTINUE TO RUN TILL THE NORMAL SUBSIDENCE OF THE YELLOW RIVER IN AUTUMN.

THE FLOOD IS EXPECTED TO WORSEN AS THE RIVER HAS NOT REACHED ITS SUMMER PEAK.—Reuter.

SCENE OF UTTER DESOLATION

Flood Havoc In Central China

PEIPING, June 17.

Scenes of utter desolation under a burning sun were witnessed by Reuter's Special Correspondent in the course of a thousand-mile flight over flood-stricken Central China. Practically an entire stream from the Yellow River is pouring relentlessly through the breach in the dykes quarter-mile wide, while below the breach only a miserable rivulet flows.

Japanese army leaders declare that over half the bank was cut away at twenty places three months ago in readiness to be blown up when the Chinese retreated. This was done on June 11. Japanese engineers attempted to repair the damage, but were fired on by machine-guns and artillery and were forced to withdraw.

The flood waters are widening into a stream between eight to ten miles wide, flowing South-East between Chengchow and Faifeng. Over half a million have been forced to flee from their homes. The leading edge of the floods, forty miles to the South of Kaifeng is flowing over 300 yards an hour.—Reuter.

New Chinese Currency

HONGKONG, June 17. It is strongly rumoured, though at present it cannot be confirmed, that the Chinese Government banks are about to issue a new currency. It is stated that 200 million dollars of this currency are available.—Reuter.

NO CHANGE TILL HANKOW FALLS

HONGKONG, June 17.

Well-informed sources do not expect action regarding the old currency as long as Hankow has not fallen. Should Hankow fall, an official statement on the subject may be expected.

Meanwhile it is rumoured that the new currency issues have been quietly introduced into circulation without comment.—Reuter.

FOREIGN SHIPPING IN YANGTSE RIVER

SHANGHAI, June 17.

The Japanese authorities, it is believed, are working out a plan to reopen the Yangtse River to foreign shipping as a result of the British representations, according to well-informed circles.

Japanese naval authorities will probably grant permission to steamers to navigate as far as Anking according to Japanese newspapers.—Reuter.

DECORATIONS TO SGR. MUSSOLINI

TOKIO, June 17.

The Emperor has conferred decorations on Signor Mussolini, Count Ciano and 28 other prominent Italians in recognition of Italy's participation in the Anti-Comintern Pact.

Signor Mussolini received First Class Order of Chrysanthemum and Count Ciano, First Class of Rising Sun.

The King of Italy presented decorations to 30 Japanese statesmen including Prince Konoye and Baron Hirota.—Reuter.

CONGRESS CALL TO U. P. KISANS

Hold Conferences All Over Province And Support Tenancy Bill

ALLAHABAD, June 17.

Mr. Mohan Lal Saxena, President of the U. P. Congress Committee, has issued a circular to all the District Congress Committees requesting them to organise conferences at central places in their respective areas, which should be attended by at least twenty representatives from each village so that they may express their opinion on the proposed Tenancy Bill. He has further directed that these conferences should be organised before June 24 on which date the Select Committee to consider the Bill meets. Copies of the resolutions passed at these conferences should be forwarded to the Select Committee and to the Headquarters of the Provincial Congress Committee.

In the course of the circular, Mr. Saxena observes: "Though the proposed Bill falls short of the hopes of the Kisans, it has been welcomed as a sort of compromise and has been supported by them. But a handful of selfish persons are trying to hide the realities These people are threatening to bring pressure on the Government and also challenging the competency of the legislature to make laws on such vital matters. Those people who stood for law and order till last year and those who used to swear loyalty to the Constitutional Government are the very persons who are to-day talking of launching Satyagraha against the Government. A handful of men cannot be permitted to put obstacles in the path of progress.—A.P.

Medical Mission To China

CALCUTTA, June 17.

"United Press" understands that by the first week of July next, India's Medical Mission to China which, in the first instance will consist of four surgeons, will sail for the scene of the war in the Far East. Reaching there, they would place their services at the disposal of the Chinese Government.

The Mission will, at the same time, study the situation to determine the number of physicians and ambulance-men necessary to be sent there from India.

On receipt of their despatch, the All India Congress Committee Office will arrange to send another Medical Unit to that country.

The "United Press" further learns that these surgeons would receive no salary. In addition to second class passage, they would be given allowance not exceeding Rs. 1,200 a year.

The All India Congress Committee Secretariat at Allahabad has already received a number of applications in this connection. Dr. Sunil Bose of Calcutta has also received fifteen applications, of whom two are likely to be selected. The rest will be selected by a Committee appointed by the A.I.C.C. The selection is expected to be completed by the end of this month.—United Press.

JAPAN'S TIES WITH BRITAIN

Tokio Foreign Minister For Closer Relations

TOKIO, June 17.

The Foreign Minister, Gen. Ugaki, stated at a Press Conference:—

"We have had special relations with Britain in the past. Our friendship is traditional. I will do my best to restore those relations and make them closer than before."—Reuter.

Mahatma Explains Scheme

POONA, June 17.

AFTER A LONG INTERVAL OF SEVERAL MONTHS GANDHIJI HAS WRITTEN, IT IS UNDERSTOOD, TWO ARTICLES IN THIS WEEK'S "HARIJAN". ONE ON THE C. P. MINISTRY DEALING WITH CERTAIN CRITICISMS AND THE OTHER, THE LEADING ARTICLE ENTITLED "PEACE BRIGADE" CONCERNING HIS PROPOSALS FOR THE FORMATION OF SUCH A BRIGADE TO DEAL WITH COMMUNAL RIOTS.—A. P.

India Greets Sp. Republic

(From Our Special Correspondent)

LONDON, June 17.

An exclusive telephone message from Barcelona says, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru before taking leave of Minister Pena asked him to convey the Spanish people enthusiastic greetings of Indian people. He added, "My countrymen are following your struggle with greatest interest and profoundest emotion."

WILL BROADCAST TO-MORROW

LONDON, June 17.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru will broadcast from Paris on June 20. He will be the guest of honour in Paris at a public reception under the auspices of the French section of International Peace Campaign headed by ex-Minister M. Pierre Cot.—Reuter.

ASCOT RACES

Half Million Mark Exceeded

At Ascot on final day Their Majesties were again present. There was again glorious sunshine.

WOKINGHAM STAKES

Wokingham Stakes were won by West North Country horse Bolden 9/1 owned by Berry, giving jockey Elliott another big race victory. Boldben beat Mrs. C. Smith's Kinderscott 10/1 by a length with Miss Parson's Davydo Little 8/1 head away third.

Twenty-six ran. Trainer Lawson had early double. Astors Caveman 5/4, favourite winning Jersey Stakes and Abe Bailey's Maranta 11/4 won Hardwicke Stakes, both ridden by Gordon Richards.

REAL TURNUP

There was real turnups in Britannia Stakes, wherein 34 ran. Lisle Lysaghts Tinplate 20|1 beating Sir Charles Hyde's Shez 100|6 by head.

James Rank's Epigram 4|1 won Queen Alexandra Stakes. Phillip Dunnes' unbeaten colt, Portbello, at evens recorded fourth successive win, taking Windsor Castle Stakes and thus preventing Richard's riding Honeydown 2|1 from completing treble.

KINGSTAND STAKES

Kingstand Stakes resulted:—

American, Marshall Field's, Foray 3|1 I.

Shalfleu 7|4 II.

Knight's Armour 5|2 III.

Eight ran. Won by three-quarters. Lengths separated second and third.

Total amount taken on the totalisator during four days was over 548,000, which is record for any meeting in Britain. This is the first time that the half million mark has been exceeded.—Reuter.

TRI-PARTITE TRADE PACT

Australian Delegation's Move To Bring In Britain And U. S.

LONDON, June 17.

Plans for a three-cornered trade pact between the United States, Britain and Australia and understood to have been explored at a meeting of the Australian Trade Delegation headed by the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Earle Page, with Mr. Oliver Stanley.

It has been suggested that concessions be made by Britain regarding preference on manufactured goods entering Australia and American products should have facilities, which are not now granted, for entry into Australia. In return facilities would be given for Australian and New Zealand mutton, lamb and butter in American markets.—Reuter.

NAUSHER ALI'S REPLY TO FAZLUL HUQ

DARJEELING, June 17.

It is understood that the Chief Minister Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, received this morning a reply to his letter to Mr. Nausher Ali, in which the latter is stated to have said that he would give his final reply when the Chief Minister reaches Calcutta.

Mr. Huq, Sir B. P. Singh Roy, Revenue Minister, Maharaja Srish Chandra Nandy, Works and Communication Minister, and the Nawab Bahadur of Dacca, Minister for Agriculture and Industries, left for Calcutta this afternoon.—A.P.

On behalf of copper producing companies operating under Restriction Scheme, it is officially announced that with effect from July 1, production will be decreased from 105 to 95 per cent of agreed basic tonnages.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

U.S. DEMAND ON GERMANY

WASHINGTON, June 17.

Government has made second demand to Germany to assume responsibility for Austrian debts.

The Note says that under International Law, when a State takes over, it assumes the debts and obligations of the absorbed State and takes the burdens with the benefits.—Reuter.

NAZI ATTITUDE TO BRITAIN

BERLIN, June 17.

It is learned that while Reich intends to adhere to the view that they are not responsible legally for the Austrian Loan, they do not wish that the British Government should implement guarantees. Therefore they desire a satisfactory arrangement, under which sufficient money will be provided to pay interest on loans. German authorities are pressing for reduction of interest on Dawes and Young Loans and are hopeful of settlement, embodying all points.—Reuter.

IRELAND GOES TO POLLS

DUBLIN, June 17.

Eire went to polls to-day in one of its most important elections. There are a million and a quarter voters, of whom half are women. Whether De Valera gets clear majority is uncertain as it depends how Labour polls and hostility between Labour and Fianna Fail has grown in this election. It is opined that if De Valera fails to obtain majority, there may be another election in October, as there is no inclination on the part either on Mr. De Valera or Mr. Cosgrave to Coalesce.

Reports from various parts of country show that the elections are somewhat apathetic and heavy poll is not expected. Counting begins to-morrow and owing to complicated Proportional Representation system many results will not be known before Tuesday.—Reuter.

60 p.c. Restoration Of Wages In C. P.

GOVT. RESOLUTION ON TEXTILE REPORT

Appeal To Employers & Labour To Accept Decision

NAGPUR, June 17.

Government have announced their decision on the recommendations of the C.P. Textile Labour Enquiry Committee.

In a resolution issued to-day Government have accepted the recommendation for a sixty per cent. uniform restoration in wage-cuts of textile workers which has been in force since 1934 and have commended to the employers and the workers for acceptance of the same.

This recommendation, which Government has accepted was made by the majority of the Labour Enquiry Committee.

APPEAL TO WORKERS AND EMPLOYERS

The opinion that the restoration of wage cut beyond sixty per cent. would not be justified, is expressed in the resolution which announces the Government decision on the recommendations of the C.P. Textile Labour Enquiry Committee to-day.

Government commend both the employers and workers the recommendation made by the majority of the Committee favouring sixty per cent. uniform restoration in wage cuts in force in the province since 1934 in the case of textile workers to take effect from the first of May (1-5-1938) and hope it will be accepted by both the parties in a spirit of co-operation and cheerfulness.

UNANIMOUS RECOMMENDATION

The Labour Committee was unanimous in recommending that increase in wages should be introduced with reference to wages earned from 1-5-1938 except in the case of Empress Mills, the Nagpur Management of which is committed to grant increases with effect from wages earned from 1-2-1936 (First February).

Government accepted the Committee's finding that the condition in the textile industry of this province approximates more to the mills in Bombay City than Ahmedabad and Sholapur and that accordingly the proposals of wage increases should be based on those adopted in Bombay City.

Explaining why Mr. V. R. Kalappa's proposal for 75 per cent. restoration of wage cuts could not be accepted, the Government state that the burdens which can be borne by the well-established textile industry of Bombay may, in spite of benefits derived from the proximity of raw materials, prove too heavy for the less stable and less developed textile industry of C.P. and emphasise that the need of caution is all the greater in view of recent indications of a further fall in cotton prices.

GRADUATED INCREASE

As regards the method of granting the benefit, Government accepted the Bombay method of giving greater relief to lower ranks of textile workers and the Industries Department will work out schedules as suggested by the Labour Committee. Wage increases to the extent of sixty per cent now accepted by Government, are applicable to textile workers throughout the Province.

The Labour Enquiry Committee consisted of Mr. J. N. Roughton, I.C.S., Financial Commissioner (Chairman), Prof. A. C. Sen Gupta, Mr. V. R. Kalappa, M.L.A., and Mr. C. C. Desai, Director of Industries, C. P. (Members), the last named also acting as Secretary to the Committee.—A.P.

NAGPUR TEXTILE UNION ON WAR PATH

Demand For 75 p. c. Restoration Of Wage-Cut

NAGPUR, June 17.

A meeting of the Council of the representatives of the Nagpur Textile Union met to-day and considered the Government's Communique on the Central Provinces Textile Committee Report.

The Council unanimously accepted a resolution moved by Mr. S. V. Kulkarni, expressing its disapproval of the Government's recommendation regarding restoration of 60 per cent. of the wage-cut. The Council further reiterated its demand for a restoration of 75 per cent. of the wage-cut, and made a recommendation to the Council of Action of the Provincial Textile workers to start a strike on the 1st of July next, in order to secure the 75 per cent. wage-cut restoration demand.

The Council also decided to serve a notice on the owners of the Empire and Model Mills to the effect that the Council will be meeting again in the forthcoming week to form a local Strike Committee.—United Press.

STRIKE NOTICE ON EMPRESS AND MODEL MILLS

NAGPUR, June 17.

In pursuance of the decision taken by their Council of Action of the Representatives of the Textile Workers of the Province, a meeting of the Council of Representatives of the Nagpur Textile Workers' Union, it is understood, authorised Mr. V. G. Balwaik, President of the Nagpur Textile Workers' Union to give strike notice as required by the Payment of Wages Act to local employers, namely, the authorities of the Model Mills and Empress Mills, intimating the workers' decision to start a strike from July 1, with a view to drawing the attention of the employers to the Labour demands.

It appears out of a total of eighty members of the Textile Union Council over 50 attended the meeting this evening. Mr. R. S. Ruikar is expected to arrive at Nagpur on June 19 from Rajnandgaon and a meeting of the Nagpur Union's Council has been called for June 25 in order to form a Strike Committee in Nagpur.—A.P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted—Educated well employed Christian boy—to marry fair accomplished educated Christian girl 19—Box 10419, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted:—Brokers to sell Shares of a well established Insurance Company with large Capital and Government Deposits and a very influential Directorate. Fresh Capital is being raised for extending the work of the Company to Accident and Fire Departments Liberal terms on salary and commission to bona fide Brokers. Apply giving reference to Box No. 8763, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted good experienced Dyeing and Bleaching Master also Weaving Master for an Art Silk Factory in Calcutta suburbs. Only experienced man need apply to Swadeshi Industries, Ltd., Jaipuria House, P. O. Beadon Street, Calcutta stating past credentials and lowest salary expected. (8794)

Wanted Applications from Women Lecturers for Muslim Girls College, Aligarh. Appointment to be made about the middle of July next. (1) An M.A. (in English) for the post of Principal. Only persons experienced in teaching and school administration should apply. Should not be under 30 years of age. Must be able to speak and understand Hindustani. Salary from 250 to 300 according to qualifications. Appointment for two years initially. Free quarters. (2) A trained B.A. or M.A. for teaching economics to Intermediate classes salary from 125 to 150 according to qualifications. Probation of two years. Free quarters (3) A trained B.A. or M.A. for teaching European history. Preference to be given to one having some knowledge of Islamic history. Salary from 125 to 150 according to qualifications. Probation of two years. Free quarters. (4) An experienced matron preferably European or Anglo-Indian. Must not be under 35. Must be able to speak and understand Hindustani. Must be free of all the race bias. Salary from 50 to 70 according to qualifications. To be appointed on a probation of one year. If confirmed shall be placed in a grade rising to Rs. 100. Board and Lodging free. Apply to the Hon. Secretary of the College. Application must reach him not later than 1st of July 1938. (8676)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted graduates and matrics for the Modasa High School to handle higher classes to teach English, History and Geography, Gujarati and Persian. Apply sharp with testimonials, expected pay, age, etc., to the Chairman, Managing Committee, Modasa Education Society, Modasa. (Dist. Ahmedabad.) (8797)

Wanted for the High School a B.A., or B.Sc., on Rs. 45 p.m. Apply stating experience to the Chairman, Municipal Council, Dharampur State. (8798)

Wanted a qualified graduate B.Sc., B.T. or B.Sc., S.T.C. to teach Mathematics and Science in higher classes. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 10415, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—for a Sugar Factory Laboratory Assistants, Inter Science or B.Sc., those who have worked in Sugar Factory Laboratory preferred. Apply stating age, qualification, previous experience, minimum salary expected, and enclosing copies of certificates and testimonials, if any, to Box No. 10412, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited so as to reach the Principal before 25th June, 1938, for the post of a Lecturer (Professor) in Biology at the M. T. B. College, Surat. The appointment will be upto 31st March, 1939. (8761)

62. TO BE LET

To Let in Kaiser-i-Hind Building, Ballard Estate, at the junction of Currimbhoy and Sprott Roads, half of the 3rd floor measuring 2650 sq. ft., completely oil painted. Apply sharp to Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin, Kaiser Chambers, Opp. Mint, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. Telephone: 21710. (10317)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let—Small and Big flats in modern building consisting 3 and 6 rooms with kitchen baths etc. Healthy quiet locality. Rent from Rs. 40 to Rs. 100. Apply immediately. Gold Finch, 514 C. College Road, Near Customs Quarters and Victoria Technical Institute, Matunga, G.I.P. Phone 25579. (10413)

70. BUNGALOWS TO LET

Dharma-Bhuvan Bungalow at cheapest rent for vegetarian Hindus opposite Walkeshwar Bus terminus. 'Phone 44974. (10407)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Civil Engineering School, Lucknow. Recognised by Government trains Matriculates for the Overseer Certificate Examination conducted by the U. P. Government. Students of this School topped the list in the Final examinations of 1936 and 1937. The results and inspection reports speak highly of the training. Applications for admission into the session July 1938 are being entertained now. Apply for Free Prospectus to the Principal. (8630)

Wanted students to join the Bombay School of Civil Engineering. Diploma course of study based on English Universities curriculum. Individual training by English qualified Engineers. Further particulars from Principal Cassad, M.Sc. (Engineering) London, M.R.San.I., F.R.S.A. (Eng.), Western India House, Pherozesha Mehta Road, Bombay. (10389)

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (10282)

Rao's Tailoring College (Original and Pioneer Institution). No Branches. Unequalled tuition, over 200 garments in theory and practical tailoring. All classes London Diplomas awarded. 109, Gaywadi, Girgaum, Bombay. (10388)

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

For Expert and rapid coaching in Pitman Shorthand and Typewriting and Book-keeping. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas at Princess Street above Swiss India Watch Co., First Floor, Bombay. (10414)

Unique opportunity to Pilots— Training facilities on Modern Commercial Planes "Dragon Fly" and "Dragon Rapide" during off season. Limited numbers will be trained. Apply for rates and particulars: Air Services of India Limited, Mubarak Manzil, Apollo St. Fort, Bombay. (8781)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

KHALSA COLLEGE, MATUNGA

THE COLLEGE RE-OPENS on MONDAY, the 20th June. Applications for admission should be filled in at the College Office as early as possible to secure admission. The Office will remain open on all week days between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

All optional subjects are allowed at the First Year and Intermediate Arts and Science Classes. Honours Courses for the B.A. in English, French, Persian, Sanskrit, Marathi, Gujrathi, Economics and Mathematics and pass courses in History and Philosophy will be taken.

Applications for Hostel Accommodation should be made immediately.

Poor, deserving students should apply for stipends on the prescribed form along with their applications for admission.

Over Rs. 5,000 per annum has been reserved for assistance to poor students. Free accommodation will be provided in the College Hostel for poor students.

Special arrangements have been made for lectures and practicals for Inter-Science repeaters according to the old courses.

FEES.—Arts. Rs. 90/- Science Rs. 95/- per term, of which Rs. 10/- must be sent in with the application for admission. (8741)

NOTICE.

1,000 Shares Nos. 3519290/789 and 7120101/600 of the Indian Copper Corporation Ltd. is registered in the name of Ambalal Naraindas Purohit, Esq., in the books of the said Company and the Certificate of title thereto Nos. in 36565/6 respectively has been LOST.

The Public are hereby cautioned against accepting or dealing with the said Certificate

Application has been made to the Company for the issue of a fresh Certificate and meanwhile the holder or finder of the lost certificate is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Name of Registered Holder
A. N. PUROHIT.
Address. Narandas Aidan & Co.,
184, Sheikh Memon Street.
(8353)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION.

Motor Driving Taught Perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 10421 "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hernia—Wonderful cure by outward application. Thousands cured radically. Apply for particulars: H. C. Roy, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. (10261)

240. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted a Partner in a Life Assurance Chief Agency, of an old and well-established Company, with a capital of Rs. 6,000 Estimated 1st year Profit shares Rs. 1,200 to increase year after year. Apply sharp Box No. 10422 "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:—Agents to sell Shares of a First Class Company with important All-India Directorate and a very safe investment. Good terms to capable and honest workers. Apply stating reference and previous connections, if any, to Box No. 8769, "Bombay Chronicle."

468. FRUITS & VEGETABLES

Advance Essential. Selected Alfanso, Bombay, Langra, Krishnbhoag, Kafoori mangoes Rs. 6/- for 100. Graft Catalogue free. Superintendent Universal Nursery. Laheria Sarai, Darbhanga. (10404)

Public Notices

P. W. D.

SEALED TENDERS in Lump Sum Contract form for constructing a Workshop in the Old Custom House Yard, Bombay, will be received in the office of the undersigned on Friday the 24th June 1938 up to 4 p.m. (S.T.) Approximate cost Rs. 5,500/-.

Full particulars and copies of tender forms, plans, etc. may be obtained from:—

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER PRESIDENCY,
P. W. D., Bombay.
(8799)

NOTICE.

SHETH LALBHAI DALPATBHAI ARTS COLLEGE.

The COLLEGE will RE-OPEN on MONDAY, the 20th June. Honours courses offered in Economics, History, English, Ardha Magadhi Gujarati, Sanskrit and Mathematics; also Pass courses in French and Philosophy. College fees Rs. 75/- a term; Gymkhana and other fees Rs. 7/- per term. For admission, apply early to the undersigned.

PRINCIPAL,
S. L. D. Arts College,
Ahmedabad.
(8765)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NEMCHAND BAPUBHAI has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Chowpatty Sea Face in the Town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 724 square yards or thereabouts whereout a piece admeasuring 713.66 square yards is Pension and Tax tenure and a piece, admeasuring 10.34 square yards is land newly assessed and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 2/8005 part and 1/8002 part, 1/8003 part and 1/8004 part, Cadastral Survey No 10/1517 of Girgaum Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2554 and Street No. 11 and which said premises are bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East formerly by the property of the Maharaja of Morvi and now by a roadway, on or towards the West by the Chaupatty Sea Face on or towards the North by a forty feet road and on or towards the South by the property of Mr. Dayabhai Chhaganlal.

Dated this 14th day of June 1938.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
8800

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 210 OF 1938

Re: CHHOTALAL CHUNILAL and DAYABHAI CHUNILAL, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, carrying on business as Shroffs, Merchants and Commission Agents at Ganeshwady outside the Fort of Bombay and at Sanand (District Ahmedabad) in the firm name and style of Shah Chunilal Kasturchand Dabholwala:..... Debtors parte: RAMANLAL CHHOTALAL ... Petitioning Creditor.

On the 16th day of June, 1938, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1938.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Insolvency Registrar.
8803.

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of The Bank of India Ltd., will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 1st July, 1938, to SATURDAY, the 23rd July, 1938 (both days inclusive).

W. H. WHITTINGTON,
Ag. Manager.
18th June, 1938.
(8802)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 26 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, application has been made to the Government of Bombay for a Licence directing an Association about to be formed under the name of "The United Church of Northern India Trust Association" to be registered with limited liability without the addition of the word "LIMITED" to its name. The objects for which the Association is established are shortly:—

(a) To act as Trustee or Agent for the unincorporated Association known as the United Church of Northern India and its lawful successor or assign and to acquire and take over the whole or any part of the movable and immovable property belonging to or held in trust for and undertake all or any of the liability of the United Church of Northern India.

(b) To aid and further the work of the United Church, of Northern India in British India and in the Indian States of India and elsewhere except in the Madras Presidency and the Madras Indian States.

(c) Other ancillary objects.

The objects of the Association are set out "in extenso" in the Memorandum of Association, a copy of which may be inspected at the Office of Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO., Solicitors, Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. Any person residing outside Bombay, who desires to see the Memorandum of Association will be supplied with a copy thereof on application to Messrs. Crawford Bayley & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that any Person, Company, Firm or Corporation objecting to this application may bring such objection before the Government of Bombay on or before the 23rd day of July, 1938, by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department, Secretariat, Bombay.

Dated the 18th day of June, 1938.

CRAWFORD BAYLEY AND CO.
Solicitors for the Proposed Association.
8795.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. EBRAHIM HAJI ABBA of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant has contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 5, Military Square, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement 340 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of a larger piece of land being Plot No. 5 of Forjett Road Scheme registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 22/644 of the Malabar Hill Division together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon and known as "East View" assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward No. 3393 (1 E E) all which premises are situate on the West side of Raghawji Street (Gowalia Tank) in the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by Raghawji Street, on or towards the West by the property of Sir Dossabhoy Hormusji Bhiwandiwalla, on or towards the North by the property known as "Hill View" and on or towards the South by the property of the Vendor known as "Rock View."

Dated this 14th day of June, 1938.

KHATKHATEY & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
8791.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1846 of 1933.

TARAGAVRI, widow of Ishwarlal Maganlal ... Plaintiff.
versus
CHHABILDAS BHULABHAI and others .... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for sale, dated 29th July, 1937 and Judge's Order, dated 18th March, 1938, the following immoveable property situate at Malad will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY 22nd June, 1938, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

All that piece of land with a Bungalow, wells and sheds standing thereon at Malad, Bombay Suburban, Sub-District Bandra and bearing Notified Area Committee Salsette Bungalow No. 48 and admeasuring 12608 square yards or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS AND CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 94, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1938.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
(8668)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1664 of 1934.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
MIRZA EBRAHIM SHIRAZI and Others. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 30th January, 1936 and Judge's Order, dated 18th February, 1938, All that piece of land, situate at Mirza Ali Khan Street, Bombay, with the messuages and tenements thereon admeasuring 277 square yards and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1858 of the Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 3446 (1) Street Nos. 15-19 will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 21st June, 1938, at 3-30 P. M. (S.T.)

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO., Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1938.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Offg. Commissioner.
8778.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 796 of 1930.

DOWLATCHAND AMICHAND & another ..... Plaintiffs.
v/s.
NATHALAL OOTAMCHAND & another .... Defendants.

Pursuant to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 29th January, 1931 and Judge's Order, dated 3rd July 1936, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 22nd June, 1938, at 4 P.M. (S.T.).

ALL that piece of Khoti land with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the western side of the 1st Road at Ville Parle Taluka Salsette, Bandra, Bombay Suburban, admeasuring 3540 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Ville Parle non-agriculture Survey No. 252-8 and marked as Plot No. 61 by the Town Planning Authority.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM AND MADAN, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 3rd day of May 1938.

G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Commissioner.
(8656)

Auction Sales

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY known as Royal Building at the junction of Janjikar Street and Old Bengalpura Street on WEDNESDAY, the 29th June, 1938, at 4-30 P.M. at the premises under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram & Madan, Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Fazal Rahim and Gulamally Rahim, the Mortgagors.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of land, admeasuring about 321 Sq. Yds. together with the dwelling house thereon situate on the west side of Bengalpura Street and on the south side of Janjikar Street and bearing Collector's New Nos. 6088 and 6206 and New Survey Nos. 2335 and 2336 and B Ward Nos. 1564, Old Bengalpura and 1845 Janjikar Street and Street Nos. 78. 86 Old Bengalpura and 255 and 257, Janjikar Street.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land admeasuring about 179-6/9 Sq. Yds. together with the dwelling house thereon situate on the west side of the Old Bengalpura Street and bearing Collector's New No. 6087 and New Survey No. 2332 and B. Ward No. 1563 Street Nos. 72-76 both the said properties bearing Cadastral Survey No. 146 of Mandvi Division.

Full particulars and conditions of sale from the abovementioned attorneys, Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

D. MISTRY & Co.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO ARTISTIC FURNITURE BUYERS

Grand Auction Sale of high class modern dining, drawing, and bedroom furniture, all-wave Radio, Portable Gramophone, carpets, engravings, ice box, typewriter, sewing machine, rich cut glassware, crockery, best plateware, etc. TO-MORROW SUNDAY the 19th inst. at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at "Scarsdale," Panday Road off Cuffe Parade, Colaba. Property of M. R. Strathen, Esq. On view. D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers. Tel. No. 22801.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Bungalow furniture, Zula Sofa Cabinet, A. C. Kelvinator and Fans, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Chesterfield sets, Remington Portable typewriter, Bronze and Marble figures, Chubb and Milner Safes, Steel Cabinet, Wardrobes, Wrist Watches, Harmoniums, Remington Typewriter No. 12, Glassware, etc.

GANDHI & Co.

Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VENUS TEXTILE WORKS, LTD.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will under instructions from Mr. H. D. Mitra, the Official Liquidator of The Venus Textile Works, Ltd., (In Liquidation) appointed by an Order of the High Court of Bombay dated 4th March 1938 in I. C. No. 45/1937, sell by Public Auction on Tuesday the 21st day of June 1938, at 4 P.M., (S. T.) at Reay Road, Framji Petit Mills compound, factory, stores process etc., of The Venus Textile Works Ltd. including:—

50 looms with 42 Doubles suitable for weaving bigger width cloth & art silk with Preparatory machinery including Dum windlers, Warping machines and Pirn winders, 3 Electric Motors complete in running order with spare parts, tools, implements and stores and yarn in Process etc.

Terms:—50 per cent. Deposit Private offers are invited.

The factory is on view.

GANDHI & CO.

PLAZA—Dadar
IS PROUD TO CONTINUE
"KUNKU"
in its 7th Week
Time as Usual.

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AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Friday.

A quarrel started between a tram conductor and another, over a match-box.

Dasrath Mahadoo approached, it seems, Rameshwar Anand Jairam, a neighbour of his and a tram conductor by profession for a match-box, which was refused. A quarrel ensued and the latter, it is alleged, struck the former with a hammer.

Dasrath was admitted into the J. J. Hospital with five contused wounds on his head.

Rameshwar was bailed out till the 27th instant at the Girgaum Court.

On a charge of criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 1,678, a rent collector was arrested by the Nagpada Police yesterday.

It is stated that Dawoodbhai Yoosufali was appointed rent collector of three buildings at Mastan Talao about a year ago. The complainant who is the owner of the buildings went away to Hyderabad on business and returned six months later. The suspect was asked to render accounts of his collections but he put off doing so on some pretext or another. It is stated that the rent collector admitted having collected the rents and spent the money.

The suspect was placed at the Mazagaon Court to-day and was ordered to be released on bail of Rs. 2,000 (Rs. 200 cash) till July 1st.

Cafe Savoy situated in Amin Chambers, Victoria Garden Road, was raided by the Vigilance Branch Police yesterday afternoon. Three persons including a woman, were taken into custody on a charge of trafficking in minor girls.

The Vigilance Branch were recently informed that girls from upcountry were being systematically brought to the City for immoral purposes.

Hearing that one such deal was going to be put through yesterday, the police appointed a Muslim as a bogus customer and arranged to purchase a minor Hindu girl for Rs. 200. Marked currency notes to the value of Rs. 200 were given to the customer, who met the party in question at 1-30 P.M. at the Cafe Savoy as per previous arrangement. At 2 P.M. he was seen coming out by a side-entrance accompanied by a married minor girl. He was stopped by the police and was taken to the Restaurant where he pointed out Laxman Hanmantha Rao and Kashiram Rama as the persons to whom the money was paid for the purchase of the girl.

A search of the persons yielded the marked notes in question and one of them had in his inner pockets the completed sale deed. These persons were therefore taken into custody along with the girl

The suspects were placed before Mr. R. Mathalone Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon, to-day, who remanded them into Police custody till 30th June.

PARSI HUNNAR SHALA AND DASTUR'S COMPLAINT

Both Parties Refuse Compromise

The case in which Dinshaw F. Dastur, a Parsi Social Worker, has filed a complaint of criminal intimidation and voluntarily causing hurt against Sorabji Hirjibhoy Davar Secretary of the Parsi Hunnar Shala came up for hearing before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon.

Mr. Ratnagar for the accused said that it was entirely false and frivolous case. The complainant came that day and began to count the Hindus which he had no business to do, and he had no right to enter that place as it was not for the public. Mr. Dastur objected to the statement that it was not public place.

The Magistrate after hearing both the counsel suggested for a compromise, but both parties were not agreeable to the settlement. The case was then postponed to 24th August, 1938.

MAGISTRATE SATISFIED WITH EVIDENCE OF IDENTITY

Declaring that the discrepancy between the correct spelling of the name of the father of the accused and the spelling of the name as entered in the warrant of the First Class Magistrate, Jamshedpur, was only a slip of the pen, Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, said he was satisfied that this was the wanted-man and passed an order extraditing Abdul Rahim Bahar Ali to Jamshedpur.

It will be recalled that on May 24, Abdul Rahim, Chauffeur to Mr. B. G. Horniman, was arrested when he went to the Motor Vehicles Department to renew his licence. An application was made for him to be sent to Jamshedpur on the strength of a letter received from the Calcutta Police. The Magistrate declined to act on this and a warrant was later received from the First Class Magistrate, Jamshedpur.

Mr. M. N. Chhatrapati appearing for Abdul Rahim challenged the validity of the warrant on the ground that the man wanted according to the warrant was "Abdul Rahim, son of Abdul Rahiman alias Babar Ali." This was quite different from Abdul Rahim Bahar Ali. There was no evidence of identity.

The Magistrate at the last hearing directed that someone should come from Jamshedpur to identify the accused.

Henry Walmsley, Inspector Motor Vehicles department, giving evidence stated to-day that on April 11 the accused presented an application along with his Calcutta licence. The witness wrote to the Registering authority at Calcutta who, in reply, said that the accused was an absconder. When the accused turned up on May 24 he was informed of the contents of the letter and was put under arrest.

Cross examined witness stated that he did not know the man himself.

The magistrate in the course of his order stated that on the evidence of Surajpalsingh Somjitsingh, who identified the accused, he was satisfied that the accused was the person wanted in case No. 10 at Jamshedpur.

There was also the warrant of the First Class Magistrate at Jamshedpur. The name of the accused was entered there. There was some slight discrepancy in the warrant with regard to the spelling of the accused's father's name. But this was due to a slip of the pen. In order to avoid any mistake a Havildar was called from Jamshedpur and he identified the accused as the person wanted.

As required by Section 86 of the Cr. Pr. Code accused appeared to be the person wanted under the warrant of the First Class Magistrate at Jamshedpur.

The Magistrate therefore ordered that the accused should be sent to Jamshedpur to stand his trial under sections 4/6 and 411 of the I.P.C., through the Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Chandrasen Mohanji, owner of a hemp drug shop at Round Temple, now will have to face a prosecution following a raid on his shop yesterday.

A bogus customer was sent by an Excise Officer to purchase from Mohanji ten tolas of charas. Following the purchase, the shop was raided and marked coins recovered.

The raid was a sequel to a series of complaints by social workers to the Commissioner of Excise to the effect that hemp drugs were being sold in contravention of the licence conditions.

LADIES & GENTLEMEN
You are Most Cordially invited
TO MEET
FROM
NEXT SAT.
at Your
IMPERIAL
CINEMA
and to AWAIT the Opposition from Sanatanists & Reformers Alike!

*SIR SANTOSH and His ONLY Daughter,
*SHANTA, B.A.,
*Barrister PRAMOD,
*Doctor KASTUR,
*Film-Recordist VINOD,
*Miss GANGA & Mr. SAGAR (Medicos)
ALL of BOMBAY
Appearing in 1938 SOCIAL:—
"REPENTENCE"
SHOWING WHY & HOW

"Men Betray Women"

Compliments from the ROYAL [illegible] CONCERT, Bombay 4.

Dr. Mrs. N. M. Rao, wife of Major B. M. Rao, I.M.S. of the British Legation, Meshed, Persia, was one of the prominent persons who arrived in Bombay on Thursday.

LATE SIR S. N. POCHKHANAWALA

First Death Anniversary On July 3: Functions Arranged By Mr. F. A. Dubash

The first anniversary of the death of late Mr. Sorabji N. Pochkhanawala, Managing Director of the Central Bank of India, falls on July 3, 1938 (Sunday). In response to public request from several parties, Mr. Framroze Ardeshar Dubash, who is organising functions in memory of late Dr. K. N. Bahadurji, in collaboration with his brothers, for the last 40 years, is induced to organise similar functions in memory of that great departed banker, on that day (July 3rd), when a big gathering is expected to be present

Jashan ceremony will be performed at the outset, at 4-30 p.m. in which the two Head Priests of Udwada, and Sardar Dastur Noshirwan Kekobad of Poona, and Dasturjis of Bombay Atashbehrams will take part. At the gathering that will be held thereafter, under the presidency of Sir Hormazdiar P. H. Dastur, speeches will be made befitting the occasion. It is also arranged to hold the Navjote ceremony when the children of poor Parsi families will be initiated into Zoroastrianism. A joint dinner will be held late in the evening. Mr. Dubash wishes to make it clear that he is organising these functions only once—in memory of late Mr. Pochkhanawala, on the first death anniversary only.

PRAGUE:—The balance of reservists who were called up on May 21 will be demolished on Saturday according to information from official sources.

Girl's Sad End

A young married girl named Jayabai Shanker (14) was brought from her native place by her husband to the room of his brother, who is a police constable and lives in the Delisle Road Police quarters.

It appears that, after they arrived in Bombay, the girl was suffering from fever for two days. On the night of 16th instant the girl went to privy when she took fright. She was removed to the room at 3 a.m.

The girl, it is stated, had lockjaw. Later on she was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she died.

The inquest was adjourned for the report of the Chemical Analyser to June 30.

Two employees of the East Indian Engineering Company were charged to-day at the Dadar police court with forgery and abetment.

It was stated that Umedram Narayandas forged a bill, purporting to have been signed by the Proprietor of the firm, and that Nathubhai Raisey, a salesman of the firm cashed the bill amounting to Rs. 700.

Nathubhai was released on bail on a sum of Rs. 700 while Umedram was remanded till July 1.

First, Second & Final L. D. Sc. Examinations Results

The following candidates have passed in the final L. D. Sc. Examination held by the Nair Hospital Dental College.

Second Class.

Mr. M. S. Ginwalla.
Mr. M. C. Mazumdar
Mr. E. D. Souza
Mr. Norman Pinto
Mr. J. Mathias
Miss F. D. Sales
Mr. E. D Morris
Mr. A. Dourado.

Pass.

Mr. A. A. D. Souza.
Mr. S. A. Mehta.
Mr. M. N. Phadke.
Mr. S. S. Thakur.
Mr. E. N. Karande.
Mr. N. R. Vazifdar.
Mr. G. G. Upadhya.

The following students are allowed to keep terms with Final L. D. Sc.

Miss F. Samson, Mr. C. P. Bharucha, Miss K. J. Jilla.

The following prizes are awarded for general proficiency.

Dr. Nair's Gold Medal to Mr. M. S. Ginwalla.

Messrs. Nadirshaw Printer's Prize to Mr. M. S. Ginwalla.

Nair Hospital Dental College Prize for Prosthetic Practical to Mr. M. S. Ginwalla.

Nair Hospital Dental College Prize for Operative to Mr. E. D. Souza.

2nd L. D. Sc. Class.

Distinction.

Mr. G. D. Patel.

First Class.

Mr. B. Ribeiro.
Mr. R. W. Varty.

2nd Class.

Mr. T. D. Hathiram.
Miss T. F. Canteenwalla.
Miss Shanti Raj.
Mr. Y. V. Kittur.

Pass.

Mr. N. H. Moghe.
Mr. V. D. Agarwalla.
Mr. R. V. Bhagwat.

The following students are allowed to keep terms with 3rd L. D. Sc. Class.

Mr. C. L. Patel.
Mr. P. V. Rath.

Prizes.

Messrs. N. Powell's Prize has been awarded to Mr. G. D. Patel for General Proficiency.

First L. D. Sc. Class.

Second Class.

Mr. F. J. Nazareth.
Mr. A. F. Pinto.
Mr. R. C. Diwanji.

Pass.

Mr. R. B. Raut.
Mr. N. J. Dhanbhoora.

The following students are allowed to keep terms with 2nd L. D. Sc.

Miss G. Pinto
Mr. B. R. Hedge.
Miss S. G. Kalyanpurkar.

Prizes.

Messrs. N. Powell's Prize awarded to Mr. F. J. Nazareth for General Proficiency.

HAIR ANALYSIS FIXES TIME OF ARSENIC POISONING

The analysis of the arsenic content of the hair is used to determine the time of administration of the poison in cases of chronic poisoning. The absorbed arsenic in the body is partly eliminated through the hairs, beginning about fifteen days after the administration of the poison. The quantities of arsenic for the various parts of the hairs will depend on the time of the poisoning and the distance that separates the part of the examined hair from the root.

The normal quantity of arsenic in 100 grams of hair is about 0.01 to 0.03 mg. whereas in cases of poisoning the quantity of arsenic exceeds 500 or more times the normal quantity. The average growth of human hair is about 1.5 cm. per month. Thus it is possible by measuring the distance of a part of the hair from the skin to determine the time when this part of hair had been in contact with the skin and consequently absorbed the arsenic.

This indicates the time of the poisoning. An analysis carried out upon a large quantity of hairs can indicate the period at which the first deposit occurred, the time when the maximum has been attained, and also when the normal quantity is reached.

Flower And Colleagues Acquitted By High Court

The sentence of nine months' rigorous imprisonment, passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on E. W. Flower, an insurance assessor, was set aside by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Norman, at the High Court, today.

The appellant, along with one Maganlal and one Jamnadas (who is absconding), was charged with conspiracy to cheat the Legal and General Assurance Co., Ltd., by preparing a false assessment in respect of loss alleged to have been caused by a fire at Chiskali, a village in Ahmedabad District.

It was found that in fact no fire had occurred and that Maganlal had concocted the false story of fire with a view to get Rs. 7,500, the amount for which his goods was insured with the Legal and General Assurance Co., Ltd.

The Magistrate convicted both Maganlal and the appellant and sentenced both to nine months' R.I.

The appellant then appealed to the High Court.

Mr. O'Gorman with Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the appellant.

It was argued for the appellant that, though he was deputed by the Insurance Co. to make enquiries about the fire and assess the loss, he did not go to Chiskali as he was told by Maganlal that there was plague in the village. He, therefore, formed his estimate of the loss from the "panchnama" of the fire which was produced before him.

This might be gross negligence of duty on his part, but did not amount to dishonesty.

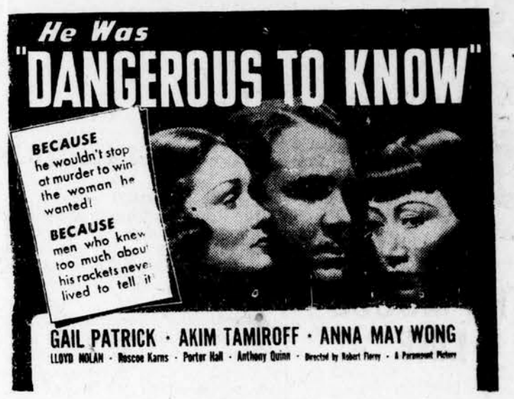
Further, there was no evidence of conspiracy between him and the other accused.

Their lordships in their judgment agreed with the finding of the magistrate that there was no fire and no plague at Chiskali. But, to their minds, the evidence in the case was not sufficient to justify the finding that the appellant had knowledge that there was no fire. And in the absence of that knowledge it was difficult to convict him of conspiracy or cheating.

There were also not sufficient evidence on the charge of conspiracy.

They, therefore, set aside the conviction and acquitted the appellant.

THE EXCELSIOR Three Shows Daily At 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.


He Was
"DANGEROUS TO KNOW"
BECAUSE he wouldn't stop at murder to win the woman he wanted!
BECAUSE men who knew too much about his rackets never lived to tell it
GAIL PATRICK · AKIM TAMIROFF · ANNA MAY WONG
LLOYD NOLAN · Roscoe Karns · Porter Hall · Anthony Quinn · Directed by Robert Florey · A Paramount Picture

HOW DID THE BRITISH CONQUER INDIA?
WHAT IS THE SHARE OF CAPT. MACKINTOSH?
How Capt. Mackintosh
manoeuvred to arrest UMAJI NAIK, who embraced the Gallows for the FREEDOM of Maharashtra?
See the 'ROYAL' Release in (MARATHI)

"UMAJI NAIK"
3rd WEEK
A MAMMOTH HISTORICAL JEWEL
Starring the STAR-ACTOR:— KESHAVRAO DATEY
DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW MATINEE: 2-30 P.M.
MAJESTIC
CINEMA: ..... :GIRGAON
TO-MORROW SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN "CITY LIGHTS."

HOW WOULD YOU VOTE FOR THESE TWO GIRLS — EACH CLAIMING THE SAME MAN AS HER OWN?
One succumbed to the
CALL OF THE FLESH
While— the other obeyed the
CALL OF THE SPIRIT
Whose was the Nobler Love?
To answer this question you must see
SAGAR'S
Sensational Social

We Three

Starring:—
★ MOTILAL
★ MAYA
★ ROSE
★ YAKUB
★
Direction:—
MEHBOOB
★
SUPREME RELEASE
COMING TO THE ROXY Next Saturday JUNE 25.

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BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

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Head Office.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange Shaikh Memon Street, (Bombay); Bandra (Near Bombay), Colaba (Cusrow Baug), Andheri (47, Ghodbunder Road) Malabar Hill 3/4, Hughes Road, Kalbadevi Road (Corner of Picket Road), Bombay; Ahmedabad, Ahmedabad (Station Branch); Calcutta, Calcutta (Bara Bazar); Poona, Poona City; Nagpur City; Rajkot; Surat.

LONDON AGENTS.
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 1,08,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at ½ per cent. per annum. Interests on balances in excess of 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in account for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.

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World Of Sport—Home And Abroad

Shock To Australian Over-Confidence In Nottingham Test

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

The first Test match between England and Australia at Nottingham belied all expectations and forecasts. In view of the great form shown by the Australian players in their previous engagements, a comfortable victory for the tourists was a foregone conclusion. The only element of surprise and uncertainty in this remained in the hands of Jupiter Pluvius. Should he pour down when the Australians were batting, a disaster might overtake them. But all calculations were thrown to the winds by the men on both sides and things happened to smash record after record established in their previous engagements. It was a titanic struggle for the Australians but they came out of the terrible ordeal unscathed and unsullied. England, on the other hand, rehabilitated their lost confidence and they would now be able to fight on level terms with their guests for the possession of the "Ashes".

ENGLAND'S INITIAL ADVANTAGE

It was exceedingly lucky for England that "Wally" Hammond won the toss and had the first lease of the perfect wicket at Trent Bridge. This gave them the opportunity of knocking up their highest total against the "Aussies". Up to this time their record stood at 636 registered at Sydney in the 1928-29 series. Now they eclipsed it by 22 runs with two wickets in hand. This however falls short of the Australian record who registered colossal figure of 729 at the expense of 6 wickets only at Lords' in 1930. England was able to achieve this grand feat chiefly due to the magnificent start given by L. Hutton and C. J. Barnett, who between them put up 219 runs for the first wicket. This also constitutes a record for the first wicket in Test between England and Australia in England. The highest so far was 135 put on by Jackson and Hayward at the Oval in 1899, though their record in Australia stands at 323 scored by Hobbs and Rhodes at Melbourne in 1911-12.

MORE LUCK

England was indeed lucky to have such a splendid start. Barnett who stayed on to compile 126 runs was dropped twice—one by Brown when he had scored only 3 and then by Bradman himself at 51. And Hutton, who earned the distinction of scoring a century in his first appearance in the Tests, had played on to his wicket at the very beginning of his career. Fortunately for him the bails were not dislodged. If these chances had gone in favour of the Australians the game might have told a different tale. It cannot however be denied that the opening pair gained a complete mastery over the tourists' bowling and did what they liked with it.

PAYNTER'S FEAT

The Australians seemed to have a change of luck at the fall of the first wicket. Hutton, Edrich and Hammond followed Barnett to the pavilion adding only 62 runs to the total. This seemed to change the complexion of the game a good deal. But Paynter and Compton rose to the occasion and the tide of fortune again in favour of England. In their fifth wicket partnership they produced the record figure of 206 runs, outstripping the previous record put up by Braund and Foster at Sydney in the 1903-04 series by 14 runs. Incidentally Compton shared the honours of Hutton in scoring a century (102) in his first Test appearance. And Paynter by carrying his bat for 216 became the highest scorer for England at home. R. E. Foster's 287 notched at Sydney in 1903-04 still holds the field in top-scoring. The Lancashire left-hander played a sterling game, though he too had a 'life' when 88, Barnett failing to stump him off McCabe.

MATTER OF GRATIFICATION

It will be seen that four individual hundreds, including a double century, were recorded in this match by English players, and two of them by mere colts,—a feat which has not been attained by any other country up to now. This must be extremely pleasing to England, especially because their batting strength has been considered rather poor during the last few years. Though the failure of Hammond as a batsman is somewhat disappointing, he may be depended upon to rise above the worries of his office as captain and to give a better account of himself in the future. However England may now enter her remaining battles with perfect confidence as far as their batting strength was concerned.

WORRIES OF BRADMAN

It is evident that the Australian bowling lacks the deadly sting of which it was noted. The failure of McCormick, their express bowler, must have been a great source of disappointment to Bradman. If he had given sufficient support to O'Reilly and Fleetwood-Smith, the latter might have caused greater worry to England's batsmen, despite the plum nature of the wicket, than was the case. There is no doubt that he will be replaced by Waite in the next Test at Lord's which begins on June 24. But the more disquieting feature of Australian play was their loose fielding—a thing almost unknown in their history. It may be due to over-confidence. In any case they will have to tighten it up considerably in order to lend adequate support to the bowlers.

McCABE'S HEROIC EFFORT

The score of 658 compiled by England was by no means beyond the reach of Bradman and company. But here again the unexpected happened. after scoring 110 for the loss of one wicket, they met with a terrible landslide—Brown, Bradman, Ward, Hassett and Badcock going down with the addition of barely 40 runs. Wright and Farnes were chiefly responsible for this damage. It appeared to be a hopeless plight for the tourists. A smashing defeat stared them in the face. At this critical juncture, McCabe rose to the occasion. He fought heroically and punished home bowling with a severity that will be long remembered for its mastery in aggression and courage. England's Captain was called upon to employ all his resources and the bowlers all their wiles to get rid of him. But he stood as a rock, when his colleagues were falling, to smother their attacks and collected the magnificent figure of 232 in 235 minutes. It was a feat unparalleled in the history of Test cricket. No doubt bigger figures have been compiled by others, but the circumstances and the manner in which the Australian Vice-Captain played his part is almost unique. By the way he proved that the home bowling was not as devastating as his companions made it appear.

BARRACKING UNJUSTIFIED

Thanks to McCabe's brilliant effort, the Australian score rose to 411 but being 247 runs behind the home total, the visitors had to follow-on. Would they be able to avert a crushing defeat was the question which agitated the Don. He advised his men to bat with their backs to the walls and he did it himself when his own turn came. There was no stonewalling in any sense. Only they were ultra-careful in picking their strokes. The fact that Fingleton scored 40, Brown 133 and Bradman 144 not out in the second venture clearly shows that they were out to score whenever they could with safety and at the same time play out the allotted time. They had no other alternative. Still they were subjected to a good deal of barracking from the spectators. The Australians naturally objected to this. They needed all the concentration they could muster to carry them to safety. I have not the least doubt England or any other country would have done the same thing if they were placed in similar circumstances. It is hoped that this will not be repeated in future.

CAPTAIN'S INNINGS

Great credit is due to Bradman and Brown for putting the match out of the fire. By the failures of Hassett and Badcock in both the innings and partially of McCabe in the second innings it was proved beyond a shadow of doubt that the Australian Captain's tactics were quite correct. Had he taken greater risks than he did he might have thrown away the match. He played a real Captain's innings and thus saved Australia from certain defeat. In addition he enhanced his glory by notching the thirteenth century of his career in Test cricket which overshadows Hobb's collection of a dozen. Now he stands foremost in this respect as in many others.

WHAT ABOUT THE FUTURE

It is indeed a problem to defeat Australia as long as Bradman and McCabe are there to defend her colours. England has lost a golden opportunity of gaining a splendid victory. It is very doubtful if she will be offered such a chance again. Efforts will now be made to strengthen her attack as their batting and fielding have risen beyond their expectations. Bradman has, however, a more difficult problem to solve. McCormick, Hassett and Badcock, of whom great things were expected, have failed to give a proper account of themselves. What would he do? The next Test will answer the question.

Harwood League Football

CALTEX WIN BY 2 GOALS

Bombay Gym.'s Unimpressive Display

The Caltex, in their second meeting, in the first division of the Harwood League Football Tournament, beat the Bombay Gymkhana by 2 goals to nil, at the Cooperage on Friday evening, their first match being a goalless draw earlier in the League.

The winners fully deserved their victory, their team work being a feature of the match.

Caltex broke through immediately after the start and Blake drew first blood for them netting from far out. Wilkins managed to get his hands to the ball but failed to prevent it from entering the net.

Gymkhana transferred play but their forwards, who seemed a disjointed force, could not get past their opponents' backs. A pretty movement, between Almeida and Robertson, Caltex's inside-left and centre-forward, respectively, saw the latter shooting above the cross-bar. Robertson followed suit soon after, when Vaz, the right winger, had made an opening for him.

MIDFIELD PLAY

A spell of midfield play followed. During this period neither attack-line seemed dangerous and the game developed into a tame affair with hardly anything interesting in it.

Stilliard's through pass to Caplen sent the Gymkhana outside-right away. The latter, after covering ground, passed on to Robertson, who failed to connect the ball, Ottmann making a long clearance.

The Oilmen were leading by 1 goal at half-time.

Play in the second half was no better and except for occasional 'tries' mostly by Caltex, there was practically nothing noteworthy.

Early in this half, Cowell who filled the centre-forward position for the Gymkhana, failed to do the needful off a well-timed pass by the right flankman. Robertson threw away another scoring opportunity, when instead of shooting into the goal, where he had only Ottman to beat, he rolled the ball to Marsden, the latter failing to reach it.

Wilkins saved from Gardner and the ball came to Karunaker, who after successfully getting past the Gymkhana back, scored the second goal, with a hard shot that gave no chance to the defending goal-keeper. This was 5 minutes before the end, which found the Caltex deserving winners by 2 goals.

THE RESULT

CALTEX 2 goals
BOMBAY GYMKHANA nil.

TEAMS

CALTEX:—Ottmann; Corton and Webb; Blake, Telang and Selkirk; Vaz, Gardner, Robertson, Almeida and Karunaker.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—Wilkins; Smith and Browne; Collins, Stilliard and Jameson; Caplen, Marsden, Cowell, Robertson and Love.

REFEREE: W. Bradley.

LINESMEN: L. Hibbert and Dagorne.

Saturday's Game

Bombay United v. R. A. Colaba at 5-50 p.m.

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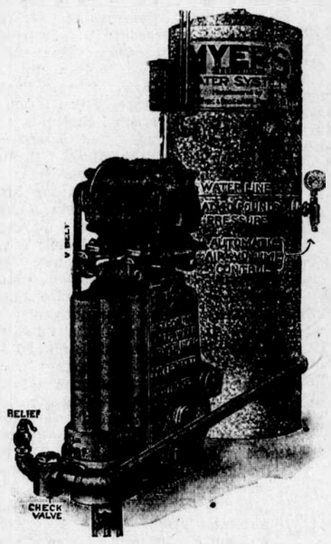

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a.m.
8-0 Indian Music. 11-30 Indian Music.
p.m.
12-55 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 European Music. 1-30 For Children. 5-30 Gangubai of Hubli. 6-0 Soz musical composition by Bombay Radio Orchestra. 6-10 Gulshan Sufi. 6-30 Garbas. 6-45 AIR String Quartet. 6-50 Gulshan Sufi. 7-0 To Bhumijan. 7-45 Commercial News. 8-0 Fortnight's Events in Marathi. 8-15 Gangubai of Hubli. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Garbas. 9-30 News. 9-45 Readings from own Poems. By H. Chattopadhyaya. 10-0 Evening Concert. 10-10 Elli Millet: Pianoforte Recital. 10-30 Reginald Foort: Organ. 10-35 Erwin Klein and Orchestra.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 340 metres, 886 kc/s
TRANSMISSION I

a.m.
7-0 Merry Melodies. 7-30 Zinda Hasan. 7-50 Ghazals We All Love. The First News. 8-40 In English. 8-50 In Hindustani.
TRANSMISSION II
noon
12-0 For Women Only.
p.m.
12-30 Compare and Contrast. 1-0 A Melody Mosaic.
TRANSMISSION III
p.m.
6-0 Light Music. 6-30 AIR Film Orchestra. 7-0 Classical Music. 7-30 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Your Choice. 8-15 In the World Beyond talk in Hindustani by S. Nizami. 8-45 Brass Band. News, Weather Report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 An Instrumental Interlude. 10-0 Lovers recitation of love poems. 10-15 Classical Concert. 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II
31.3 metres, 9,590 kc/s.
Programme as in Delhi I
TRANSMISSION III
60 metres, 4,995 kc/s.
p.m.
6-0 to 7-30 Programme as in Delhi I. 7-30 Cocktail Time. 8-0 to 8-30 Programme as in Delhi I. 8-30 At Black Dog. 9-0 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Popularities. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Popularities (Contd.) 10-55 News.

Delhi—III Programme

On Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays the programmes from Delhi II will be broadcast also on the following wavelengths:
Transmission I and II: 19.8m. 15,160 kc/s.
Transmission III: 31.3m. 9,590 kc/s.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370m. 810 kc/s.
(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time.)
TRANSMISSION I
p.m.
12-36 Orchestral Potpourri. Weather for Ocean. 1-36 Ladies' Hour. 1-51 'Bhagvad Gita'. 2-6 Gramophone Records. 5-6 Cameronians v. Mohan Bagan commentary. 6-6 Abbavati. 6-21 Kalinarayan Bhattacharya. 6-36 Sailendra Kumar Banerji. 6-56 Abhavati. 7-6 Bidai: Arati. 7-51 Magic and Religion talk in Bengali by M. L. Roy. 8-6 News, Weather (Bengali). 8-21 Mastan Ganta. 8-41 Ramkumari. 9-1 Commercial News, Weather. 9-6 News. 9-21 Comedians of To-day. 9-36 Francisco Casanovas.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s
p.m.
5-30 Announcements in Hindustani 5-40 Mumtaz Begam. 6-5 Kishan Lal. 6-25 Preet ki Reet. 6-35 Naz Begam. 7-0 Jaffar Khan. 7-5 Mumtaz Begam. 7-25 Krishan Lal. 7-45 Sir Syed Ahmed Khan. Talk in Hindustani by M. A. Q. Khan. 8-0 Hour with villagers. 9-0 Naz Begam. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Mumtaz Begam. 9-55 Naz Begam. 10-5 Indian music. 10-10 Nadamat.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres, 1,086 kc/s
p.m.
6-30 Jameela Ara of Gujarat. 6-55 Inayat Ali Khan of Jullundhur. 7-5 Religious music. 7-30 For Countryside. 8-0 Budh Singh Tan. 8-20 Inayat Ali Khan. 8-30 Classical music. 8-50 Inayat Ali Khan. 9-0 Budh Singh Tan. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Classical music. 10-0 Zindagi ka Sans 10-20 Budh Singh Tan. 10-55 Inayat Ali Khan. 10-45 Jameela Ara.

Lucknow Programme

VUW 293.5 metres, 1,022 kc/s
p.m.
6-30 Mohammad Husain. 7-0 Zohra Nazneen. 7-30 Lucknow Radio Artist. 7-45 Sarshar. Talk in Hindustani by A. N. Mulla. 8-0 Mohammad Husain 8-25 Zohra Nazneen. 8-50 Devotional music. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Master and Servant. Talk by R. R. Sreshta. 10-0 Mohammad Husain. 10-25 Lucknow Radio Artist. 10-35 Zohra Nazneen.

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Madras—I Programme

VUM 211 metres, 1,420 kc/s.
p.m.
5-30 Shrimati Lalithangi: Vocalist. 6-30 AIR Carnatic Orchestra. 6-40 Trichy Brothers: Vocalists. 7-25 Balahamsa on Flute. 7-30 Shrimati Lalithangi: Vocalist. 8-25 Talk in Telugu by Rao Sahib G. R. Pantulu. 8-30 Whose Fault? Play in Tamil. By S. Gopalan. 9-15 News, Weather. 9-30 Universities of India. Talk by Hon. V. S. S. Sastri. 9-45 Trichy Brothers: Vocalists.

Madras—II Programme

60.6 metres, 4950 kc/s.
p.m.
5-30 to 6-0 Programme as in Madras I. 6-0 For the Villager (Telugu). 6-30 For the Villager (Tamil). 7-30 to 9-0 Programme as in Madras I. 9-45 Radio Revue:1.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ (to 9.0 p.m.) 21.53 Mc/s (13.93 m.) GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.) GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m). GSG (to 8.30 p.m.) 17-79 Mc/s (16.86 m). GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m). GSD (from 9.15 p.m.) 11.75 Mc/s (25.53 m).
p. m.
7-30 Athletics. 8-10 Trout Fisherman at Work. 8-30 At Black Dog. 9-0 Fred Hartley and his Sextet. 9-30 News. 10-0 Dance Music.
10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme.

MADRAS SUPPORT FOR HINDUSTANI

"C. R." Optimistic About Complete Success

MADRAS, June 16.

Despite inclement weather 8,000 people attended a meeting at the Tilak Ghat this evening held under the auspices of several Congress organisations of the City and Suburbs in order to support the Government's policy regarding the introduction of Hindustani and to reiterate confidence in the Congress Ministry. Processions were taken out from several wards of the City, terminating at Tilak Ghat.

Elaborate police arrangements had been made, Mounted and Reserve Police have been called to meet any emergency.

Before the commencement of the meeting, there was a hostile demonstration for a few minutes by about 25 persons, who were holding black flags and shouting anti-Hindi slogans. But the police cleared the place of the demonstrators.

"C. R.'s" STAND.

Premier Rajagopalachariar addressing the gathering in Tamil said that the popularisation of Hindusthani had been the accepted policy of the Congress for the last twenty years. They would be failing in their duty if that policy was not brought to fruition. A study of Hindustani, he affirmed could not have any baneful effect on Tamil, but on the other hand it would enrich Tamil literature. A working knowledge of the language, most widely spoken in India, was necessary to complete a Liberal education. If however, after a time they found Hindi retarded the growth of Tamil, the Premier assured the Oppositionists, that they would be prepared to give up Hindi.

The speaker was hopeful that the experiment would be a complete success and that in the course of three years they would find vast improvement.—A. P.

BHATIA FRIENDS UNION

15th Dinner of the Club—Purohit's Restaurant at 8 P.M. (S.T) to-day. Mr. Manilal Balabhai Nanavati, M.A., LL.B., (U.S.A.) Deputy Governor—Reserve Bank of India, Bombay—Guest of Honour.

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Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 19, 1357
Parsi: Deh 16, 1307
Hightide: 2-41 15-15
Lowtide: 8-19 21-36
Sunrise: 6h 2m.
Sunset: 7h 28m

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

LEWIS—J. P. Lewis of Ballard Pier Hotel, expired suddenly yesterday. Funeral leaving residence to-day at 5 p.m. to Sewree.

IDEAL MUSIC, DADAR

A concert of classical light music by Master Manahar Barve, will take place at Brahman Sahayak Sangh Hall, Ganeshwadi, Dadar, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. sharp.

WORLI SOCIAL WELFARE SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the above Society, a congregation will be conducted by Mr. Y. V. Bhandarkar in Marathi, to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the ground floor of chawl No. 33, Worli.

RITUAL OF THE MYSTIC STAR

The Ritual of the Mystic Star, showing the unity of all religions, will be performed accompanied by music in the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

The Geetha discourses being conducted by Mahamahopadya Ananthakrishna Sastrigal, Professor of Calcutta University, in the Samaj Hall will be concluded to-day (Saturday) from 8-45 p.m. to 10 p.m.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly public concert of the school will take place to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum, when 'Kumar Gandharva' will sing.

ST. ANTHONY'S FEAST

The Marnenses Union will celebrate the Feast of their patron, St. Anthony of Padua with a solemn high mass, exposition and benediction of the Blessed Sacrament to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at the Chapel of Our Lady of Dolores, Sonapur, Marine Lines, Bombay.

YOGASANA DEMONSTRATION

Under the joint auspices of Asthika Samaj and Bombay Kannada Sangha, Mr. G. Mahadeva Bhatt of Mysore will give a Yogasana demonstration to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in the Asthika Samaj Hall, Matunga.

SUBURBAN DISTRICT C. S. P.

A general meeting of the members of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Socialist Party will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Mr. Nandrai Oza's residence (Com. Purshotamdas's Bungalow) Lajpatrai Road, West Vile Parle.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Australia per s.s. 'Moreton Bay,' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday the 22nd instant.

BASIC ENGLISH IN YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

A debate on "Is Examination a Real Test of Intelligence?" will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. in T. S. Youth Lodge, at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. Mr. M. Menon will propose and Mr. P. A. Matre will oppose. Mr. S. U. Shukla, Principal of Fellowship School, will preside. Mr. P. R. Rao will speak in Basic English.

SHRI BOMBAY PATIDAR SAMAJ

A meeting of the managing committee of Shri Bombay Patidar Samaj will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the residence of Mr. Shankarbhai J. Amin at Poonamchand Ghasiram Building opposite Tilak Statue, Chowpatty.

MATUNGA ARYA SAMAJ

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir, Pandit Ramchandraji will deliver a public lecture on "Means of Preaching" to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"Marie Walewska". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"Lady Tubes". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Dangerous to Know." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Over the Wall." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Nirmala". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Danger-Love at Work" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"State Express". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"The Hurricane". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"The Prisoner of Zenda". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Prithvi-Putra". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Jeevan Prabhat". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Umaji Naik". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kunku". Daily at usual time
BROADWAY—"The Charge of the Light Brigade". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Two Women." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day at 2-30 p.m.

GEETA CLASS

Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will conduct the weekly public class on 'Bhagwat Gita' at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall, at Khar, to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.).

TALK ON FEDERATION

Mr. S. Mohamud-uz-Zaffar, Editor "National Front" will give a talk on "How to fight Federation" to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at the office of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, Congress House, and the talk will be followed by discussion.

YOUNG MEN'S PARSEE ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Youths' Conference Committee elected by the annual general meeting of the Young Men's Parsee Association will be held under the chairmanship of Mr. K. D. Umrigar, to-day (Saturday) at 5-25 p.m. at the headquarters of the Association at Doslani Building, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay.

GRAND PHYSICAL CULTURE DEMONSTRATIONS AND THRILLING FEATS OF STRENGTH
AT JINNAH HALL
To-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.)
In Aid of B. K. T. S. Night School
Admission by Tickets.

DR. H. DE SA SILVER JUBILEE PRIZE

The Bombay Obstetric and Gynaecological Society has selected the following subject for the thesis for Dr. H. De Sa Silver Jubilee Prize for 1938-39:—"Measures for reducing infant mortality."

The prize is open to all registered practitioners of five years standing. The value of the prize is Rs. 125 in cash. The thesis must be submitted by 15th March 1939. For further particulars, communications be made to Hon. Secretary of the Society, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA TOZHILALI SEVA SANGHAM

In aid of the Free Night School conducted by the B. K. T. S. Sangham, Gamdevi, a Variety Exhibition of Physical Feats will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at People's Jinnah Hall, Congress House.

Famous All-India Weight-lifting Champions, M. Bharatan and P. Krishnan, will give an exhibition of their prowess, besides select performances by Prof. Sheshappa's Circus group. Thrilling feats of strength by Prof. Thrivedi is also be included in the programme.

Maharani Lakshmibai of Jhansi, whose 80th death anniversary is being celebrated all over Maharashtra and Central India to-day.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Ownerless dogs are on the increase throughout the Suburban area. Nearly every dustbin harbours these refugees, who look diseased and disconsolate amidst the garbage.

With the fast expansion of the Suburbs, some of these less desirable features are now creeping in, to the general detriment of health. It is, therefore, advisable the various Public Health Committees might make a study of these menaces to civic health more closely in order to avoid their flourishing in our suburban area.

In the Bandra Municipal area the two municipal dog-carts are now rendering very valuable service, daily catching no less than 10 to 15 such dogs, who are finally shot by Sgt. A. W. Hearn in the marshy stretch of land behind the Napadda village, opposite the Bandra Railway Station. Watching the shooting of these dogs yesterday, I must say Sgt. Hearn, has quite a rough time. Going to the place itself is quite sickening, with the dead animals lying about the whole surrounding, throwing a stench that never left my nostrils even when I reached home.

This way of destroying the dogs, I feel, makes the latter undergo untold suffering before they die, and I feel some other method must be thought of. In the other areas too the homeless dogs are on the increase and I understand nothing is being done regarding them.

PRIVATE TAXIS

In the Suburbs, especially in the Bandra area, a very strict check is observed by Sgt. Hearn over taxis. Every six months these taxis are examined and those not fit for public use or are a danger to public life are not permitted to ply for public use.

In the Bandra area, there are at present no less than 15 taxis that are not permitted for carrying passengers, but they yet ply saying they are for the drivers' private use. These taxis, I learn, have been warned several times by Sgt. Hearn, but lacking public co-operation he was unable to prosecute them. It so happens that these taxis bargain to carry passengers at a rate lower than the actual rates and thus deprive the passed taxis of their income.

Sgt. Hearn has so far succeeded in dealing with three such drivers who have been fined by the Magistrate and in order to put a stop to this evil it is to be hoped that the would-be customers of these private taxis would help the police when questioned and not take up the side of the drivers by saying that they are his friends.

If only public co-operation to the police, which the Suburbs so much lack, will be given, the Suburban Police will, I am sure, wipe away not only this, but many other evils that we are now in grip with.

PANDHARPUR FAIR

The Ashadhi Fair at Pandharpur, which is this year being held from July 4 to 13, draws crowds of Suburbanites, and I feel it my duty to warn them of the risks involved in the journey, as notified by the Director of Information, Bombay.

This fair is noted for its toll in cholera. There is every likelihood of the epidemic spreading down the Suburbs on the return of the pilgrim. It is, therefore, incumbent on every pilgrim intending to visit Pandharpur this year to inoculate himself against this disease.

Ten Special Scholarships

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes: —

Ten special scholarships of the value of Rs. 35 per mensem each or such other reduced value as may be determined by Government tenable for four years in the V. J. Technical Institute, Bombay; will shortly be granted by the Director of Industries. Five of these will be given for Intermediate Classes, two for Backward Classes and three for Muhammadans.

No candidate is eligible whose permanent home is not in one of the British districts of the Bombay Presidency.

Scholarships can only be granted to candidates who pass the Entrance Examination of the V. J. Technical Institute satisfactorily and obtain admission to the Institute. Applications in connection with the Entrance Examination must be made direct to the Principal, V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay.

Candidates, on securing admission to the V. J. Technical Institute, should send in their applications through the Principal of the Institute to the Director of Industries, Bombay, in the prescribed printed form, copies of which may be obtained from the Director of Industries or the Principal of the Institute. Applications must reach the Director of Industries before the 1st of July 1938.

Selection of candidates will be made by the Director of Industries, due regard being had to the age, character, ability, and physical fitness of each candidate and the circumstances of his parents or guardians.

Scholarships will ordinarily be tenable for the full period of the ordinary V. J. Technical Institute Course pursued by the scholar subject to regular attendance, good conduct and satisfactory progress on the part of the scholar.

Additional particulars can be had from the Director of Industries, Old Custom House, Bombay.

RONALD COLMAN IN DUAL ROLE

"The Prisoner Of Zenda"

"The Prisoner of Zenda", Anthony Hope's swashbuckling tale of love intrigue and adventure in the courts of Europe, with Ronald Colman, Madeleine Carroll and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., in the leading role is being screen this week at the Wellington (Dhobi Talao).

Colman is at his charming best in the difficult dual role of the adventurous Rudolf Rassendyll and as the roistering King Rudolf V, whom he resembled so closely.

When the agents of the King's brother, Black Michael (Raymond Massey), who is plotting to seize the throne, render the King incapable of attending his own Coronation by drugging his drinks, Colonel Zapt, (C. Aubrey Smith) and young Captain von Tarlenheim (David Niven) enlist Rassendyll to impersonate the King at the Coronation.

Clever Deception

Rassendyll does so well that he even deceives the lovely Princess Flavia (Madeleine Carroll), betrothed of the King, who proceeds to fall madly in love with him. Rassendyll loves her, too, and is about to reveal the deception when it is discovered that the King has been kidnapped by Black Michael and his henchman, the dashing Rupert of Hentzau (Douglas Fairbanks, Jr.) and imprisoned in Zenda Castle. It thus becomes necessary to keep the Rassendyll on the throne.

The beautiful Antoinette de Mauban, (Mary Astor) jealous sweetheart of Black Michael, goes to Rassendyll and offers to help him rescue the King. She lures Rupert to her room to get him out of the way. Black Michael discovers her in Rupert's arms and Rupert kills him.

Rassendyll invades the castle single-handed and opens the way for the attacking party. In one of the most thrilling duels Rupert is bested. The King is rescued and restored to the throne. And, as for the lovers, Flavia realizes her duty as a Princess and sends Rassendyll away.

ZENANA SHOWS OF "NIRMALA"

As "Nirmala", Bombay Talkies' popular picture is being withdrawn from the Roxy Talkies from Saturday next, the management of the Bombay Talkies and the Roxy Talkies, in response to a persistent demand from Bombay ladies have decided to give two Zenana shows exclusively for ladies during this tenth and final week, on Monday the 20th and Thursday the 23rd instant at 1-30 p.m. It is expected that ladies of all communities will not fail to avail of this excellent opportunity of seeing this beautiful picture which has a special appeal to ladies.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY

(ON FORCE FROM APRIL, 1938)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Fail (Nagpur	7 40	17 45
Calcutta Mail (Cheoki)	9 00	20 50
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr. H.M.
Frontier Mail (Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers	8 40

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY

Mails, Express and Passenger trains.

Arrivals at Bombay Central.

	H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35
Delhi Express	6 0
Gujarat Mail	6 45
Kathiawar Mail	7 25
Frontier Mail	8 15
The Flying Ranee (Mondays only) from Surat	*9 48
The Flying Ranee (Daily except Mondays) from Surat	10 58
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 0
Kathiawar Express	18 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesdays.

Departures from Bombay Central.

Kathiawar Express	8 45
Baroda Passenger	9 25
Ahmedabad Passenger	13 50
The Flying Ranee (Saturdays only) to Surat	15 10
The Flying Ranee (Daily except Saturdays) to Surat	18 5
Gujarat Mail	20 25
Frontier Mail	21 30
Kathiawar Mail	21 50
Delhi Express	22 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	22 25

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward passengers).	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON—BOMBAY (via Poona.)
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, at 7-24 p.m.
Delivery; Monday, Tuesday, Thursday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.
BOMBAY—LONDON (via Poona.)
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.:—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.
BOMBAY—COLOMBO (via Poona).
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.:—Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday at 7-15 a.m.
COLOMBO—BOMBAY (via Poona.)
Delivery: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday 6 p.m.

Wanted—Toys For Children

The Matron of the J. J. Hospital appeals to the public for gift of books and toys for children's section of the Hospital. All donations will be duly acknowledged by her.

CAPITOL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1938

EDUCATION IN VILLAGES

The Bombay Government have just published a new scheme of primary education for small villages. It is a very modest scheme, indeed, with only single teacher schools; and even these are not to be started and conducted by Government or Local Bodies, but will be aided by Government if they are started by the public in rural areas. The aid will be mainly in the shape of a capitation grant the scale of which has not yet been announced. As regard the nature of instruction in the school, Government's Resolution on the subject states that "the main object of these aided schools is to impart literacy" and that "a scheme of village libraries will be started by which it is hoped the literacy acquired will be satisfactorily maintained." It appears that the scheme is only for children of school going age and not for adults, though the libraries will be available for all.

Villages Without Schools

If the scheme is not very enthusing, it is obviously because the problem of education in very small villages is necessarily a very difficult one. Of the 21,668 towns and villages in the Bombay Province about 12,700 are without schools of any type. That is mainly due to the fact that a vast majority of the latter possess a population of only 500 and below. Government contend that the cost of opening and maintaining Local Board Schools of the normal type in such villages would be "prohibitive" and out of all proportion to the extremely meagre attendance that is probable in such areas. On the other hand, says the Resolution, "Government cannot afford to neglect these villages. If Government cannot give the benefit of a sound general education to these small villages all at once they can no longer deny them facilities for acquiring and maintaining literacy." Government propose to meet the difficulty by stimulating private enterprise, and that is the essence of the new scheme. Government admit that for various reasons private enterprise, individually initiated and local experiments in primary education have been retarded so that the fine tradition of voluntary schools each developing in its own way and forming an integral part of the village economy has not been developed as it should. But there has certainly been a change very recently. And the present Government claim to be "satisfied that throughout the Province people are eager to co-operate with and help the Government in expanding the provision for primary education. From all parts of the Province letters have been received offering suggestions and volunteering service. Individuals and associations have approached Government within the past few months with the proposals for the opening of voluntary schools."

Government's Own Responsibility

Relying on these offers of co-operation Government have proposed to launch "a long range scheme" for the establishment of "a substantial number" of single-teacher literacy schools every year. And they hope that many of the schools "are likely to do considerable educational work that goes beyond this" (literacy). They also hope that "most of the schools will develop in differing and individual ways of their own and that some at least will function as community centres serving the needs and realising the aspirations of the rural population." We are confident that some of the schools which will spring up will do the work indicated above and more of them will at least impart literacy to children. But the problem is largely financial and in a poor country like India, with the utmost enthusiasm for educational expansion, mere private enterprise can hardly solve the problem even of literacy, let alone normal primary education. We welcome the scheme, nevertheless, because something is better than nothing and because we are confident that, if adequate private enterprise is not forthcoming. Government will fully realise their own responsibility and start Government or Local Board schools. Every Congress Government is pledged to introduce, at no distant date, free and compulsory education, with or without the aid of private enterprise.

Cold-Blooded Cynicism

The question of bombing on the Frontier was again raised in the House of Commons the other day. And Mr. Neville Chamberlain made a statement which has nothing to yield in cold-blooded deliberateness to any apologia made by the Italians, the Japanese or the Spanish rebels. Mr. Neville Chamberlain has revealed himself like any avowed Fascist, a cool and callous cynic who has absolutely no respect for human lives and property if their destruction helps in the achievement of his own objects. One is amazed, for instance, at the profound solemnity with which the man defended this inhumanity on the grounds that the inhabitants encountered little difficulty in finding refuge because "he had read that there were numerous caves in the vicinity." Another instance worth noting was his insistence that in no circumstances was bombing resorted to without 24 hours' warning. He has probably never read that illiterate human beings like the Frontier tribesmen cannot read the warnings. But this is nothing. When he was informed of the assertion of no less reliable a man than Mr. C. F. Andrews that in most cases the only warning the victims received was the beginning of bombing Mr. Chamberlain seems to have suggested that the former's facts suddenly became fiction after he, Mr. Chamberlain, had made a statement to the contrary.

We do not need to consider here the ethics or the desirability of the bombing, because the subject has been discussed threadbare. And so far as India is concerned, there is no secret about Indian opinion which has unmistakably and invariably declared itself as heartily opposed to this detestable practice and has also proclaimed in clear terms that Indian feeling towards the tribesmen is one of friendliness rather than hostility. But Mr. Chamberlain said certain things which are significant in their international aspect. Mr. Chamberlain denied that bombing on the Frontier is in a different category to what is being done in China and Spain. This is only half correct as we had occasion to point out a few days ago. But he went further and declared that he considered the British practice to be "in the main human". That in addition to revealing the spiritual and moral make-up of Britain's Prime Minister, is a statement which we have no doubt will be greeted in Japan and "Nationalist" Spain with great pleasure. Worse still, Mr. Chamberlain refused to agree that if Britain set an example by abandoning the practice it would be a friendly gesture to the world. If this is not encouraging the inhumanity of bombing what is? In this background Mr. Chamberlain's offer looks more a hypocrisy than a sacrifice. But how one wishes it was made a few years ago when Sir John Simon broke up a Disarmament Conference on this very point.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent from World Press).

When the news of the Labour Party's 1931 defeat was coming in over the wireless, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald wept, states Lord Elton in his autobiographical book "Among Others." (Collins, 10s. 6d.)

Lord Elton, who was expelled from the Labour Party for supporting Mr. MacDonald at that time, tells how, "After grim and sleepless nights," he posted a letter to the Labour Premier saying he would follow him in the National Government campaign.

"It was characteristic of Mr. MacDonald," he writes, "that his answer, when it came, was almost regretful. He was still thinking of National Government as a temporary expedient of crisis. He had gone out of his way to advise the younger Labour Ministers not to follow him."

Describing the strain which Mr. MacDonald underwent during his Premiership, Lord Elton declares his hair whitened during a night when he heard of the crash of the airship R. 101 and the loss of his great friend Lord Thomson.

Wrote Her Name

A woman in a neat grey costume walked up to a House of Commons policeman and asked to see a certain Cabinet Minister.

The constable directed her to a desk, told her to fill in her name and business on a green card.

He could not guarantee that the Minister would see her, pointed out that he was a busy man.

The woman wrote her name. It was Mrs. Norman Ridgley, of Ye Old Plow Inn, Speen, Bucks, formerly Miss Ishbel MacDonald.

The Minister she wanted to see was her brother, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald.

She waited, unrecognised, for twenty minutes with other members of the public while her card was taken to the Colonial Secretary.

Wears Arab Clothes

An Englishman whose knowledge of Arabs inevitably subjects him to a comparison with Lawrence of Arabia has arrived in England. He is Mr. W. H. Ingrams, formerly political adviser at Aden, who was last year appointed Resident Adviser at Mukalla, in the Hadhramaut, Southern Arabia.

The recent change-over of the Aden administration from the India Office to the Colonial Office was the signal for the establishment of a more direct British control over the remoter sultanates of the Aden Protectorate.

Mr. Ingrams, at the age of 41, knows more about Southern Arabia than any other Englishman, and has visited parts of the country previously unknown to Europeans. He was chosen to administer the Hadhramant.

He has definite ideas about the best means of doing this. He deplores attempts at Europeanisation, wears Arab clothes, insists that all visiting Europeans shall do the same, prohibits, at the Residency, such European relaxations as lawn tennis, and preserves a strict adherence to Mohammedan customs of diet.

Mr. Ingrams is at present writing a book on the experiences of his career.

Three Cigarettes

An interesting test in which blood groups were used was reported several years ago in the Italian Archives of Criminology.

In a room where a man had been murdered three cigarette ends were found, two in the fireplace and one near a stove. The person who was suspected said he only smoked a pipe, and as the murdered man was known to be a non-smoker an examination of the cigarette ends was ordered.

It was found that the two stumps in the fireplace belonged to a man with a blood group B—the grouping of the suspected man, and the third stump to a person in the blood group A or AB.

The murdered man belonged to group O, and could not have smoked the cigarettes.

The blood groups were determined from the examination of the saliva on the end of the cigarette stumps.

And the murderer was convicted.

American Journalist In London

Mr. Arthur Sulzberger, principal proprietor and director of the "New York Times," is in London on a visit.

He succeeded to the control of the "New York Times" two years ago, at the age of 44, on the death of his father-in-law, Mr. Adolph Ochs.

When Mr. Ochs acquired the "New York Times" in 1896 it was financially derelict. He built it up into a commanding position, both on the business and the editorial side.

Mr. Sulzberger has been associated with the "New York Times" since the war. To-day he is regarded as one of the ablest executives in American journalism.

The "New York Times" has been

(Continued on page 9 Col 3)

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Great Britain And Turkey

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PRAGUE, June 10.

The economic negotiations recently conducted between Great Britain and Turkey, which have now resulted in the granting of a loan of sixteen million Pounds by London to Ankara, have been followed in the European press with close and considerable attention. London's move is viewed as being bound with a care to increase understanding with Ankara, in the light of Italy's advance as a Mediterranean power and Germany's extension of interest to increase hold in South-Easterly direction. The latter development at the moment would seem to have influenced London perhaps more to push up negotiations with Ankara.

Strategical Move

To an extent, gaining of a position against the Soviet Union would also appear to have entered as a factor of weight in Britain's calculations. London's attitude, no doubt, indicates a keener estimate held of German concentration on South-Easterly push. To the latter, the halt of some influential groups in Britain itself, partly reacting to Berlin's anti-Russian propaganda and partly under the influence of the desire to keep German pressure away from falling on important and direct British interests, has lent an encouragement. This halt, various sources incline to consider, has gone much to aid Germany in developing a move against Czechoslovakia, even as it has well contributed to the enablement of the German absorption or annexation of Austria. The interest for strengthening of understanding with Turkey manifests, if not an abandonment of such an halt, at any rate, advance to secure a position to safeguard against Germany's drive getting possibly to extend beyond a set or seen limit raising with it a danger to British interests in a region of great strategical importance. The British stand with its tendency of favour to Germany and care to raise a check on German course, indicates the sensing of pressure in various ways cast from different directions or fronts, that reveals as well in British foreign policy in the period keeping a zigzag course. The Turkish attitude in a readiness brought to improve understanding with Britain, has followed interest to turn to useful account, a good bargaining position. Ankara has not let a move be checked by mere sentiments or obsessions. London's advance to extend understanding with Turkey is seen by the German press with good deal of reserve.

Levelling Of Austria

The levelling process to get Austria to fit in with the German totalitarian state, that commenced immediately with the Nazi assumption of power in Austria, is being carried on vigorously. The various new laws or regulations introduced into Germany under the Nazi regime are being rapidly extended to Austria. The so-called "Laws for the protection of blood and race" or popularly referred to as the "Nuremberg Race Laws" have just been made applicable fully for the Austrian territory. The day of their formal initiation saw in Vienna alone twelve suicides. Arrests of Jews and representatives of various former political parties are going on steadily, with many being transported to concentration camps. Quite recently, sharper steps are stated as being adopted. Early last week some hundreds of pavement musicians and others of no settled profession were arrested and conveyed to Bremen. Round seven hundred have been conveyed to the Daccah concentration camp. Several of the arrested are shifted to do transport work, canal construction work and emergency labour of one kind or other. The number of Jews arrested in Vienna the last fourteen days is estimated at about four thousand. Suicides and "sudden deaths" of persons who have held formerly positions of importance appear fairly constantly.

Schuschnigg Mystery

Death from a concentration camp of Dr. Robert Hecht an influential adviser of Dollfuss and Schuschnigg is reported this week. Another well-known Austrian reported as having died newly from a concentration camp is, Willy Kurtz, who formerly was the head of the sport department of the Heimwehr. Mystery still shrouds the whereabouts of the old Austrian Chancellor Kurt von Schuschnigg. Some statements have that he has been taken to a concentration camp, while others say that he is under detention and strict Gestapo (Secret police) watch in private quarters. Little is heard or reported of Seyss Inquart and others associated with him in the central administration that followed the Schuschnigg regime. The leading figure in the Austrian administration now is Herr Bruckel the Nazi leader who has been specially despatched from Berlin to reorganize the "new province." The "cleansing" work is being carried out by the Gestapo under the direction of Himmler. Officially it is proposed to discontinue use of the term 'Austria" and employ in its place "Ostmark." There are suggestions of the "levelling" process implying a task demanding greater care than reckoned in many quarters. Field Marshal Goering has newly announced the need of Austrians giving up a much mentioned *bequemlichkeit* (a care free sort of disposition) that has lent Austria a charm and reputation and imbibing Prussian toughness. Goering stressed in connection Austrians having to work harder, much harder.

Czechoslovak Front

The situation bound with the German-Czechoslovak tension remains greatly unchanged. The German press is seen as continuing a vigorous campaign against Czechoslovakia. The press campaign of the totalitarian States is at once intense and concentrated. It marks a new development and represents a new weapon. Every item, even the most obscure or minor, found as useful to advance a purpose held, is taken, touched up artfully and repeated. Items inconvenient are studiously excluded or dismissed with the aid of select and popularised slogans. Great attention is kept by

(Continued on page 11 Col 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

IN MEMORIAM

The anniversary of the death of Rani Laxmibai of Jhansi will be observed throughout the country to-day. The story of her martyrdom is one of the most thrilling chapters in the history of the Indian mutiny of 1857, and rightly is the Maharani remembered as the Joan of Arc of India. In her, Indian womanhood verily reached its high-water mark and the qualities of patriotism, valour and self-sacrifice could never have been better exemplified than in the frail yet brave figure of the young Maharani. She has left a legacy, which will remain ever green and revered in the annals of Indian nationalism and modern Indian women cannot keep a nobler ideal before them, than that for which Rani Laxmibai sacrificed her life——our National Freedom.

STILL ALIVE

The Yellow River, "China's Sorrow" has for once been of some assistance, in spite of the havoc that it is working, to the country. It has become a source of great, almost insuperable, difficulty to the invader. It has compelled the Japanese to fight its floods and those of the Yangtse which together threaten to dislocate the Japanese campaign altogether. To exploit these floods further the Chinese are reported to be cutting the dykes along the network of rivers behind the Japanese lines in the neighbourhood of Nanking, Tientsin, Shansi and elsewhere. They may well succeed in marooning the Japanese army. In the meantime the Chinese have reassumed the offensive in the Nanking sector with some success. It is clear that in spite of the calculated frightfulness to which Japan has now resorted, the Chinese are alive——and kicking.

COSGRAVE TURNS REPUBLICAN.

The Eire election campaign has concluded with "something of the old time election fervour." But the most ironical incident was that in which Mr. Cosgrave, the leader of the Opposition, came out as an interesting victim of "time's revenge." This one time ally of Great Britain and his supporters have no good word to say about the Anglo-Eire Agreement. They are not interested in the economic settlement in favour of which they were once denouncing a hostile de Valera! But this is not all. They have gone more drastically "republican" than the Eire Premier. Now they are "fiercely attacking Mr. de Valera because he is again 'chaining Eire to Britain's war chariot'." Mr. de Valera will of course win a safe majority. But he should thank Mr. Cosgrave and his friends for their latest commitment of policy. In them he has now useful allies in helping Eire to dechain herself from Britain's chariot, war and peace.

INDIAN DEFENCE

Mr. Shrinivas Sastri sounded a timely note of warning regarding the defence of India, in the speech he delivered in the Gokhale Hall at Madras the other day. It is notorious that in spite of her huge annual contribution India is yet far from self-reliant regarding her defence. While the Indianisation of the army is proceeding at a pace which will shame even the proverbial snail, neither now nor in the proposed federal scheme is the control over the army expenditure, which represents more than half of the total central budget vouchsafed to the popular representatives. This is a position which renascent India cannot tolerate any longer, and it needs hardly be mentioned here that no scheme of federation will be acceptable to India, which excludes popular control over her army. "In keeping us where we are in matters of defence", pertinently observed Mr. Sastri, "Britain has not been fair to us and, perhaps, it would be found that she has not been even fair to herself, considering her own larger interests." Britain is very much mistaken, indeed, if she relies upon the experience of the Great War to adopt a complacent attitude regarding India's support in a national emergency.

A HAPPY SIGN

It was a high tribute, indeed, which Premier Rajgopalachari paid to the members of the Civil Service in a recent speech at Mangalore. Observing that the services are like the hands through which alone the Government brain can function, the Madras Premier testified to the loyal co-operation extended to the Congress Ministry by all sections of the services. It is very significant that the task of initiating the epoch-making prohibition experiment in Salem should have been entrusted by "C. R." to a British civilian, who has done his work, in the Premier's own words, better than the latter would have done it himself. This co-operation between Congressmen, who gloried not so long ago in being law-breakers, and the civilians who in their role of keepers of law and order had often to send the former to jails, is one of the happiest signs of the times. The anxiety and suspicion which existed in certain quarters regarding the relations of the Congress Cabinets and what was so long known as the steel frame of the British Empire has appreciably lessened during the last year of provincial autonomy and one can thus look with confidence to the future. The services, too, must have realised by now that their interests are quite safe in the hands of the new Governments. The mutual trust and co-operation between the brain and the limbs, to revert to the Madras Premier's analogy, is bound to contribute to the public good in a rich measure.

'Languages In Legislatures'

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Please refer to your editorial note headed "Languages in Legislatures", published in the "Bombay Chronicle", dated May 11, 1938.

As there appears to be some

(Continued on page 9 Col 2)

金玉良言

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Unhappily, the combatants in the Spanish conflict, and especially General Franco, are no impressed by international law

.....

Within twenty-four hours of the Prime Minister's speech, the British steamers 'Thurston' and 'Seafarer' were bombed during the Nationalist air raid on Valencia

.....

Exasperating as these attacks on ships are, Mr. Chamberlain is apparently determined not to allow a feeling of indignation to dissuade him from working for peace not only in Spain but in Europe."

—Anglo-India.

* * * * *

The action of Muslim League supporters in the Tipperah district in throwing brickbats at Mr. Subhas Bose's procession and injuring the President has been strongly condemned by him.

Now this is all wrong and quite unfair. What was done was done in "Self-defence."

Yes, Sir, "Self defence." Nothing more, nothing less. Just representative and authoritative "Self-defence."

* * *

In Cawnpore, says an Anglo-Indian report, has been held "the first district Muslim League Conference in a village in furtherance of the League's mass contact programme."

Congress should duly appreciate this compliment of double imitation.

* * *

Addressing Congress members of the Amraoti Local Board, Sjt. M. S. Aney said that the Congress had a supreme hold on the public mind.

A perpetual teaser for the public mind is: Has Congress a supreme hold on Sjt. Aney's mind too?

* * *

Mr. Fazlul Huq informs the Press that he has never written to Mr. Nausher Ali asking him to define his attitude to any opinion of the Ministry.

Mr. Nausher Ali must have invented the whole letter.

* * *

Mr. Chamberlain does not think it would be a friendly gesture to the world if Britain set up an example by giving up bombing on the North-West Frontier of India.

No. Of course, not. It will be regard as a distinctly unfriendly and unhelpful act by such good friends as Japan and "Nationalist" Spain now and by similar friends in the future too.

* * * * *

But if the practice was found to stand "in the way of a general agreement, Britain would be prepared to abandon it."

And since, it cannot be given up by Germany and Italy as a right and since Japan and "Nationalist" Spain cannot give it up in practice, well, what else can the poor well-meaning humanitarian British realist do but to go on bombing in reciprocity the people and property of the Frontier tribesmen?

* * * *

Grand preparations are being made in Paris for the forthcoming triumphal visit of the King and Queen of Great Britain.

We do hope Mr. Chamberlain has already sent his apologies and satisfactory explanations to Signor Mussolini and Herr Hitler.

* * *

"The British and American oil companies," says a Mexico message, "have taken the last possible step to save their expropriated properties by filing an appeal in the Supreme Court."

And since "it is thought likely that the appeal will meet with the same fate as the appeals in the lower court" we do expect the former at least to take a last impossible step too.

* * * *

Austrian loans have been formally repudiated by Herr Funk, German Minister of Economics, on the ground that they were "political debts" inconsistent with Nazi economics.

We personally welcome the repudiation for more reasons than one.

* * * *

Two friends met in the street. One of them had his arm broken in a motor accident and was carrying it in a sling.

"Say," asked the first, "it's too bad about arm! How long will you have to carry it in a sling?"

The injured man shrugged.

"There's a slight difference of opinion about that," he replied. "My doctor says two weeks—and my lawyer says twelve!"

Common Cause To Save Republic

Jawahar Gets First-hand Information About Spanish War In Talk With Minister

BARCELONA, June 16.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru questioned Senor Gonzalez Pena, Justice Minister, regarding the political situation between the different parties and organisations composing the Spanish Popular Front and the Government of the Republic.

Senor Pena gave details of the cordial relations existing between the political parties and the organisations which are collaborating in the common cause to win the war and save the Republic and Democracy.

Workers side with Govt.

Senor Pena said, "The Government was unconditionally assisted by the political forces and workers of the popular front in which everybody was represented and which expresses the aspirations of the Spaniards who fight for their independence. The unity of two great Trade Unions assured by the pact signed by them is a guarantee that all workers in loyal Spain are on Government's side."

Pandit Nehru was particularly interested in the influence of the Communist Party in the Republics politics. Senor Pena repeated that in the popular front which was composed of extreme right republicans and extreme left workers nobody predominates.—Reuter.

WOMEN IN AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS

LONDON, June 16.

The formation of women's air raid precautions organisation has been announced by Sir Samuel Hoare. It will be known as the women's voluntary services and the Chairman will be the Dowager Marchioness of Reading.

It is intended to establish centres in each county and borough with a population of over 50,000.

As a million air raid precaution volunteers were originally asked for, it is assumed that probably half a million of these will be women. Those enrolled will wear a badge but there will be no uniform militarisation of any sort. —Reuter.

Fighting Again On Cordoba Front

SALAMANCA, June 17.

FIGHTING HAS BROKEN OUT AGAIN ON THE CORDOBA FRONT WHICH HAS BEEN SOMNOLENT IN THE PAST MONTHS, THE REBELS CLAIMING SMALL ADVANCES.

In the course of air raids on Alicante and Valencia harbours it is officially claimed that two Republican warships were hit by bombs and one was sunk. Searchlights, war materials and factories were damaged.

A communique describes the retreat of "The Lost Division" to France as caused by the brilliant operations of the rebels on most difficult grounds and claims that the retreating republicans set fire to all villages in the Cinca Valley.

One thousand and fifty members of "The lost Division" left Perphignan, in Pyrenees, for Barcelona after being disarmed. They were offered the choice of returning either to Barcelona or Hendaye. Eighty selected Hendaye. —Reuter.

SPANISH REBEL OUTRAGES

Two French Boats Sunk, Ship On Fire

MADRID, June 15.

Two British steamers, "Thurston" and "Seafarer" were bombed in a rebel air-raid on Valencia this afternoon. The "Thurston" is still on fire, but there are no casualties aboard.

The French cargo steamer "Gaubois" sank in the harbour this afternoon after being bombed by rebel 'planes earlier.

Another French boat whose name is given as "Karbear" was also sunk in the afternoon when Valencia was raided for the third time to-day. A sailing boat was also set on fire.—Reuter.

BOMBING OF CIVILIANS

U. S. Move To Stop Scandal

WASHINGTON, June 17.

The Senate has adopted a resolution moved by Senator Pittman, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee expressing "unqualified condemnation of the inhuman bombings of civilian populations" and directing the Foreign Relations Committee to study the subject and recommend steps that the Congress might take to end the practice.—Reuter.

P. C. Cs. AND CONGRESS LEGISLATURES PARTY

Conference At Poona On Saturday Next

(From Our Own Correspondent)

POONA, June 17.

Efforts are afoot, I understand to create some connecting link between the Congress Legislative Party in the Provincial Legislatures of Bombay and the Congress Party in the province as a whole.

It has been thought necessary to ascertain the consensus of opinion of the Congress-minded public on the work of the Congress Ministry in the Province, especially with regard to the various legislative measures that the Congress Ministry propose place before the Legislature.

An informal conference of the office-bearers of the four Provincial Congress Committees within the Presidency has, therefore, been invited to meet at Poona on the 25th instant. The presidents, vice-presidents and secretaries of the four Committees, viz., Gujarat, Bombay, Maharashtra and Karnatak, are expected to attend the Conference.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Parliamentary Board, will be in Poona by that time and he will be guiding the discussions of the Conference. Some of the Congress Ministers are likely to attend the meeting, with a view to explain Government's position with regard to those measures.

It is not, however, known if this Conference will appoint a committee to advise the Congress Ministers in their legislative activities from the popular angle of vision in future.

The Congress Party members in Poona District Local Board will, it is learnt, meet in a convention in Poona on the 26th instant, when oath of allegience to Congress will be administered to them. Sardar Patel and some of the Ministers are expected to attend the convention.

Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe, the Finance Minister, held consultations with Messrs. Shankerrao Deo, Keshaorao Jedhe, Kakasaheb Gadgil and Achyut Patwardhan in the P. C. C. office yesterday regarding the economic policy of the Congress Ministry.

PEREMPTORY DISMISSAL

N. W. F. P. Govt. Order On Public Prosecutor

PESHAWAR, June 17.

Sheikh Mahomed Shafi, senior Public Prosecutor, was dismissed from his office to-day. The peremptory Government order announcing his dismissal and asking him to hand over the papers, etc., to his assistant forthwith, was placed in his hands while he was conducting a Sessions case.

The Public Prosecutor has handed over the charge.

The cause of his immediate dismissal is not known, but it may be mentioned that in a Crown case against Pahlwan Torab Ali, who was charged with the murder of three Sikhs, Sheikh Mahomed Shafi expressed the opinion that Premier's visit to the scene of occurrence was indiscret.+ United Press.

BR. DEFENCE PLANS

Diversion Of Shipping From East To West Coast

LONDON, June 17.

Diversion of shipping from the British east coast to the west coast and distribution of imports from the west coast was mentioned by Rt. Hon. E. L. Burgin, Minister of Transport, in Commons as one of the emergency plans under consideration of the special defence section to be put into operation, should they be needed. Mr. Burgin said all these things were being discussed with the organisations concerned. —Reuter.

CHAMBERLAIN GETS A PRESENT

Of Andrews Book On Frontier Bombing

LONDON, June 17.

Mr. Lansbury has supplied the Prime Minister with a copy of Mr. C. F. Andrews' "Challenge of North-West Frontier", which reports part of the debate on aerial bombing in the Legislative Assembly last year in connection with yesterday's debate on aerial bombing of civil population in the House of Commons.—Reuter.

CONVOY FOR EGYPT

Experiments On Mechnical Transport Vehicles

LONDON, June 17.

War office announces that experimental convoy to operate in Egypt this year will consist of various makes and types of mechanical transport vehicles, which will operate on the varied natures of terrain that such vehicles might have to traverse in war.

In order that the convoy shall work under the most difficult climatic conditions, it is proposed that the tour shall start towards the end of July. The majority of the vehicles to be used will be purchased in England and shipped to Egypt.—Reuter.

Over 1,000 Jews Arrested In Berlin

Arrests In Several Other Towns Also

BERLIN, June 17.

It is estimated that since the beginning of the week thousand to fifteen hundred Jews have been arrested in Berlin including men from every profession. Relatives are still unaware of the reason for the arrest. Arrests took place also in several other German towns including Magdeburg, Stettin and Breslau.

The report that German destroyers shelled Castellon is semi-officially denied.—Reuter.

LABOUR WINS BY-ELECTION

LONDON: June 17.

The Labour candidate Mr. Frank Collindridge won with a majority of 10,514 votes in the by-election in Barnsley due to the death of Mr. Potts, Labourite, which resulted as follows:—

Mr. FRANK COLLINDRIDGE (Labour)	23,566
Mr. SEYMOUR HOWARD (Liberal National)	13,052
Majority.	10,514

EX-JUDGE OF BURMA DEAD

LONDON, June 16.

The death has occurred of George Francis Stephen Chrisite, ex-Judge of Burma.—Reuter.

U. S. A. CONGRESS ADJOURNED.

WASHINGTON, June 17.

Congress adjourned following the passage of the 3753 million dollars 'Spending and Lending Bill."—Reuter.

No "Prima Facie" Case Against Capt. Scott

GIBRALTAR, June 17.

Justices have announced that no "prima facie" case has been established against Capt. Scott.—Reuter.

Fall In Earnings Of Railways Tells

Lesser Funds From Centre For Provinces

BUT CONGRESS MINISTRIES WON'T ALLOW NATION-BUILDING ACTIVITIES TO SUFFER

POONA, June 17.

The opinion is expressed in Bombay Ministerial circles that although on account of the fall in Railway earnings, Provincial Governments have reason to fear that they might not realise all, their financial expectations from the Government of India under the Niemeyer Award, the situation thus created would not be so abnormal as to require serious curtailment of expenditure on nation-building activities.

Nation-Building To Go On

IT IS STATED THAT IT IS MOST UNLIKELY THAT ANY CONGRESS MINISTRY WILL ON THE AFORESAID ACCOUNT CUT DOWN OR ABANDON NATION-BUILDING ACTIVITIES OR SLACKEN THEIR EFFORTS TO IMPLEMENT THE CONGRESS PLEDGE.

Need Of Retrenchment

It is obvious, however, that some retrenchment will have to be carried out.

The Government are stated to be prepared for this and will deal with the situation as it arises.—A.P.

BOMBAY GOVT. NOT MUCH PERTURBED

Too Early To Calculate Niemeyer Award Contribution

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 17.

The report appearing in today's "Times of India" saying that the Bombay Government will have to forego some of their nation-building schemes and review the rest as they are not likely to get from the Central Government the full quota of contribution under the Niemeyer settlement, this year is credited of being exaggerately alarming.

TOO EARLY

It is true that Railway earnings of India Government, upon which depend these Niemeyer contributions to Provinces have considerably gone down, but it is too premature to say that they will go either below par or will record such decrease as to wipe out the possibility of any contribution to Provinces. No guess of what this position will be is possible till about October, when the half yearly figures of Railway Earnings will be available.

QUESTION OF COLLEGES

Meanwhile it is also incorrect to say that the Bombay Government are dropping the idea of Secondary Teachers' Training College, because of this. The real fact is that the college could not be started as the University rule demanded nine months' previous application for recognition, which was out of question under the circumstances.

As regards the Deccan College I definitely understand that the proposed post-graduate courses will be started there by next month and all arrangements therefore are nearing completion.

NOT MUCH PERTURBED

Taking for granted, that Bombay will not get its full due under Niemeyer Award it is hardly likely to affect seriously any of the important nation-building schemes of Government as their avowed policy is to use words of Hon Mr A. B. Latthe to "hasten slowly" Government are already proceeding cautiously with their various schemes and are not much perturbed over this reported financial difficulty.

Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, has arrived here to-day and will stay here for the week-end. Mr G. V. Mavalankar, Speaker, Bombay Legislative Assembly, who is at Ahmedabad, will be arriving here in a week or two.

Conscription For Austria

Nazi Military Authorities Promulgate Decree

BERLIN, June 17.

A decree of the German Military authorities extends to Austria the system of two years of obligatory military service, existing in Germany.

The first conscription of Austrians is fixed for the period from August 16 to September 10.—Reuter.

OVER 2,000 MEN DOWN TOOLS

Madras United Spinning And Weaving Mills Lock-Out

MADRAS, June 17.

The workers of the Madras United Spinning and Weaving Mills, numbering 2,145, including 150 women, downed tools this morning, in accordance with a week's notice of strike sent to the authorities of the Mills by the Workers' Union on the 10th inst.

Consequent to this, the Mill authorities have declared the Mill closed and have put up the following notice:—

"As the workers have decided to go on strike and have not turned up to join duty, the working of the Mill is stopped until further orders."

It will be recalled in this connection that the Workers' Union, since it was disappointed with the outcome of the findings of the Board of Conciliation appointed by the Government of Madras in regard to the dispute between the labourers and the Management of the Mill, sent a week's notice of strike of all the workers of the Mill if they failed to redress the grievances of the labourers.

Following are some of the grievances enumerated by them:—

1. Contract system for bleaching work should be abolished;
2. Those workmen who had been reduced to the rank of temporary ones, should be reinstated in their permanent posts;
3. Rates of wages of piece-workers should be so fixed as to enable them to earn such wages as they were getting before the introduction of the 9-hours' work; and
4. A system of Provident Fund should be introduced for the workers of the Mill.

As the Management had not given the workers a favourable reply to the notice, they went on strike this morning.

The strikers are remaining in their homes, leaving the dispute to be settled by their leaders with the Minister for Labour and Industries (Mr. V. V. Giri), who is now out of Madras and the Management of the Mill.—United Press.

SHIA SURPRISE FOR MUSLIM LEAGUE

ALLAHABAD, June 17.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Saran District Shia Political Conference held under the presidentship of Maulvi Syed Abul Hasan, Pleader, passed a resolution declaring that the All-India Shia Political Conference is the only representative body of the entire Shia community of India and the Muslim League has no right or power to be representative of the Shias.—United Press

FR. SENATE PASSES WARTIME ORGANISATION BILL

PARIS, June 17.

The Senate unanimously adopted Wartime Organisation Bill, with a few changes, the most important of which is designed to allow the Naval Command to retain certain independence, regarding naval operations. The Bill was passed by the Chamber on March 24.—Reuter.

Scottish Women's Golf

NAIRN, June 17.

In Scottish Women's Golf Championship finals Jessie Anderson beat Mrs. Holmer, British Champion, 2|0.—Reuter.

Mrs. Sperling Beats Mrs. Wills Moody

LONDON, June 17.

At Queen's Club in the London Championships semi-final Mrs. Sperling beat Mrs. Wills Moody 8/6, 6/2.—Reuter.

"Sikar Day" To-morrow

Real Issues In Sikar-Jaipur Trouble

WARNING TO PUBLIC

Concentrate Attention On Attainment Of Responsible Govt. In State

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Balvantray Mehta, General Secretary of the All-India States' People's Conference, has issued the following statement regarding the Sikar situation:

The Sikar Public Committee have invited the States' people to celebrate the 19th of June as "Sikar Day." I might frankly confess that I am not much enamoured with the method of conducting the present agitation in Sikar.

LEST WE FORGET

Lest we forget the essentials for which we stand and are carried away by extraneous considerations, I should like to repeat the resolution on Sikar, passed by the Working Committee of the All-India States' People's Conference at Bombay in its last meeting on the 14th May, under the presidency of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

The resolution runs as follows

"This Committee invites the public to a proper study of the issues arising out of the Jaipur-Sikar trouble, involving as they do dissensions with which the people are really concerned and exhorts the people of Sikar to concentrate upon securing their fundamental rights and representative institutions."

THE REAL ISSUES

The resolution makes it clear that the people of the States stand for their freedom. They have to carry on agitation for the achievements of Responsible Government and for securing fundamental rights.

If the Sikar agitation has these as its objectives, it deserves all encouragement and support.

The resolution makes it clear that it is none of the business of the States' people to interest themselves with feudal or dynastic quarrels. It is best to leave the solution of such issues to the contestant parties themselves, so long as the representatives of the people have not been granted full responsibility for the Government of the State. It might be dangerous to involve the general public in issues with which they have little or no connection.

The people of the States have not to lose sight of the fact that their interests demand the curtailment of the arbitrary powers of their Rulers, and hence, they must always beware of being made instruments by designing persons of institutions for gaining their own selfish ends, irrespective of their bearing on the vital interests of the people of the States.

APPEAL TO SIKAR PUBLIC

I, therefore, appeal both to the organisers of the Sikar agitation and to the general public to concentrate their attention and resources on the acquisition of their rights of citizenship and on the attainment of full Responsible Government, rather than the solution of feudal dissensions.

I hope that all attempts to sidetrack the real issues by interested persons in the name of loyalty and other things will not be allowed any unnecessary importance by the workers in the cause of the States' people. —United Press.

PROGRAMME FOR "SIKAR DAY"

SIKAR, June 17.

The Courts and public offices continue to be closed. The general public of Sikar is making preparations for making "Sikar Day" which is being celebrated on June 19, a grand success.

The Public Committee of Sikar has announced the programme for the day and also has sent the following draft of the resolutions to be passed at meetings to be held in celebration of the "Sikar Day".—

RESOLUTIONS

"This meeting sympathises with the subjects of Sikar, suffering at the hands of the Jaipur Government's aggressive policy and condemns the lathi charge on Sikar's peaceful citizens on June 2nd last.

"This meeting further supports the demands of the Sikar subjects for the grant of Responsible Government under the aegis of the Rao Raja Bahadur of Sikar".

HARTAL ON SUNDAY

The Public Committee has declared hartal of only four hours from 4 to 8 p.m., in the evening of 19th in Sikar. The public enthusiasm are likely to observe hartal for the whole day. The Committee has left it to the decision and discretion of the local Committees to decide whether to observe hartal for only four hours in the evening or to have it for the full day.

The public of Sikar are celebrating to-day the birthday of the Rao Raja Bahadur with great eclat.

Begg Beats Moses

MELBOURNE, June 17.

In Empire Billiards Championship Begg 1422 beat Moses 1228.

At interval scores were 736 and 554 respectively. Breaks before interval Begg 48 and 47, Moses 53 and 52. After interval Begg 96, 80, 73, 60, 70, and 57. Moses 83, 73, 59, and 53.—Reuter.

'AUSSIES' BEAT GENTLEMEN

LONDON, June 17.

AT LORDS AUSTRALIANS DEFEATED GENTLEMEN OF ENGLAND BY 282 RUNS.

AUSTRALIANS 397 AND 335 (FOR FOUR DECLARED).

GENTLEMEN 301 AND 149.

AUSTRALIANS (2nd Innings)

Brown, c Valentine, b Hammond	30
Fingleton, c Stephenson, b Hammond	121
Badcock not out	112
Waite run out	32
McCabe, c Meyer, b Brown	5
Chipperfield not out	20
Extras	15
Total (for 4 wkts. declared)	335

GENTLEMEN (Second Innings)

Wilcox, b McCabe	1
Gibb, b Fleetwood-Smith	67
Wyatt, c Fingleton, b McCabe	2
Chalk, b Fleetwood-Smith	11
Hammond, c White, b Fleetwood-Smith	12
Yardley, l.b.w. b Ward	22
Valentine, b Fleetwood-Smith	10
Stephenson, c White, b Fleetwood-Smith	10
Brown, c Waite, b Fleetwood-Smith	4
Meyer not out	0
Macindoe, b Fleetwood-Smith	0
Extras	10
Total	149

Fleetwood-Smith took seven for 44.

PRUDENT LADIES

In England and France always keep handy a bottle of Dr. Patterson's Pills of British manufacture to END DELAY directly they get suspicious. These famous pills in France known as REGELATEUR POUR LE DAMES, succeed where quinine and ergot fail. Sold in three strengths in originally sealed bottles at Rs. 2-4, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 5 per bottle of 72. The last strength is for obstinate cases. BRIJMOHAN & CO., Sir P. Mehta, Rd., BOMBAY I. 'Phone: 30230. Literature Free.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 38 years).

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALES-MANAGEMENT, BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION

ASPIRING STUDENTS OF COMMERCE SHOULD therefore give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as SALESMANAGERSHIP (A.I.S.M.A.); BANK OFFICERS (C.A.I.B.) INSURANCE MANAGERS (A.C.I.I.); COMPANY SECRETARIES (F.C.C.S.); and GENERAL COMMERCE COURSE (L.C.C. and D.COM., I.M.C.) for which there is an unlimited FIELD and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (R.A., A.A.I.A.) may wherever desirable be tacked in as additional Course, as that Profession is overcrowded.

TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or Apply for Prospectus giving details, 80, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Fool-Proof Prohibition Plan For Ahmedabad

OBJECT LESSON FOR PROVINCES

Govt. Busy With Finishing Touches To Scheme

The revised Prohibition Scheme to be introduced in Ahmedabad and its surroundings is not yet ready and hence the first Industrial City in India which was to have been declared "dry" on the 20th of this month will remain "wet" for a month more, according to the latest information available.

The revised scheme will be published by the Government of Bombay in the form of a communique in the earlier part of next week and nearly a month after the publication is expected to be taken up for making the preliminary arrangements.

Government are anxious to see that the experiment in Ahmedabad should be such a success that it might be an object lesson to the rest of the country. Government wants to so prepare the scheme that no loophole may be left for illicit liquor traffic.

LOSS TO REVENUE

When the scheme comes into operation from the last week of July, it will mean a loss of 17 1|2 lakhs of rupees to the Provincial coffers. There are to-day in Ahmedabad 21 foreign liquor shops, including 6 clubs, 18 country liquor shops, 2 toddy shops, 12 opium shops and 10 hemp shops. Excepting the six clubs, where Europeans are members all the other shops will be closed down. The one month intervening between the publication of the new scheme and the actual introduction of the "qualified" Prohibition Scheme will be utilised in making all the necessary preparations like the issue of permits to addicts, etc.

FOR ADDICTS

It is gathered that Government propose to open two liquor and other drug shops to be entirely under the control of Government officials. These shops will be situated outside the "Dry" area and will supply a specified quantity of liquor or drugs to permit holders only. The permits will be issued by the Honorary Commissioner, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, to only those who have been recommended by the Prohibition Committee that will be set up. As regards the six clubs, it is gathered that liquor will be allowed to be supplied to members of the club only. Most of these are exclusive clubs.

CARRIER PERMITS

As regards the "dry" scheme which is already under operation in seven talukas of the Presidency, enquiries show that they have been working very successfully. In most of these talukas, it is the "drug" that has been playing more havoc than liquor. Several experiments have been tried and it appears that Government propose to introduce a fresh scheme in these talukas by which the scheme might be fool-proof. In certain cases of old men and women who are addicts of drink and drug, Government propose to issue carrier permits, by which certain relatives of these old addicts will be allowed to carry a certain amount of drugs or drinks from the adjoining area to the drug-addicts.

LOSS TO GOVERNMENT

The following are interesting facts. In Jambusar Taluka there were 5 country liquor shops, 1 toddy shop and 10 drug shops. Due to closing down these, Government will lose annually Rs. 49,090. In Varga Taluka there were 7 country liquor shops, 1 toddy shop and 10 drug shops. The loss to Government will be Rs. 44,000. In Nivasa Taluka, there were 1 country liquor shop and 19 drug shops. Loss to Government here is Rs. 33,000. Sheogaon had 2 country liquor shops, one toddy shop and 6 drug shops. Loss to Government is Rs. 17,000. In Pathardimahal there were 1 country liquor shop, 2 toddy shops and 8 drug shops. Loss is Rs. 22,000. In Ankola there were 9 liquor shops, 4 toddy shops, 22 tree booths and 4 drug stalls. Loss to Government is Rs. 17,000. In Kumta Taluka there were 10 liquor shops, 19 toddy shops, 10 tree-foot booths and 5 drug shops. Loss is Rs. 37,000.

BOARD COMMUNICATIONS

Mr. G. H. Cooke, of the Burmah Shell and Co., who is newly elected to the Bombay Legislative Assembly has been made a member of the Board of Communications, Bombay, in place of Mr. G. O. Pike, who resigned his membership of the Assembly sometime ago.

IRRIGATION PROBLEMS

Important Agenda Before Central Research Committee

SIMLA, June 17.

A variety of problems, ranging from water-logging to the control of floods, has been set down for discussion at the next annual meeting of the Research Committee of the Central Board of Irrigation, which takes place in Simla from the 5th to the 9th July, 1938.

Besides confirmation of the minutes of the last annual meeting held in June 1937 the agenda which is at present provisional, includes discussion of the research work done in the various institutions during the preceding year. Programmes of research work for the ensuing year will also be considered.

ON AGENDA

Among the subjects to be discussed will be: (1) Water-logging and land reclamation; (2) Meandering of rivers; (3) Design of drains in irrigated areas; (4) Canal losses and means of conserving irrigation water; (5) Design of canal falls; (6) Silt excluders and ejectors; (7) Collection of hydraulic data of torrents in boulder rivers and streams; (8) Preparation of a guide to the collection of canal statistics; and (9) "The role of reservoirs in River Flood Control" and "Floods and Deforestation". There will also be a general discussion on "The use of models for elucidating flow problems based on experience gained in carrying out the model experiments at the Hydro-Dynamic Research Station, Poona".

Mr. M. R. Richardson, Chief Engineer (Western Canals), United Provinces, who is the President of the Board, will preside at the meeting.—United Press.

CHARGES FRAMED AGAINST ACCUSED

Anti-Hindi Satyagraha Developments

MADRAS, June 17.

The police framed charges before the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day against Ponnuswami of Palladam, C. D. Nayagam and Swami Shanmuganand, the first under Section 7 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, and the latter two under Sections 109 and 117 of the Indian Penal Code.

Ponnuswami was charged for picketing in front of the Premier's residence as a protest against compulsory introduction of Hindi in schools. The other two were charged for abetting Ponnuswami to commit the crime, and also for enlisting volunteers between May 8 and June 1, 1938, to offer 'Satyagraha' in front of the Premier's house and do such other acts with intent to coerce the Premier to cancel the Government order introducing compulsory Hindi in schools in the Presidency.

The Magistrate adjourned the case till 24th June. A petition was filed on behalf of C. D. Nayagam and Swami Shanmuganand, pleading to modify the bail bond entered into by these two, which was rejected.

Charges were framed against ten others who picketed on various dates and who are now in police custody, and their cases were adjourned to various dates from June 27 to 30, till which time they will be in custody.—United Press.

THREE TO DIE HANG FOR MURDER

NEW DELHI, June 17.

One Mst. Bibbo, her husband Raghubir Singh, and a sweeper were sentenced to death by Sardar Sewasingh, Session Judge, in the case arising out of the murder of Nikoomal, a cloth merchant.

The prosecution alleged that Raghubir Singh, who is deeply involved in debt, induced his wife Bibbo to administer poison to her father, Nikoomal, who had no other issue. In this connection, the services of the sweeper were requisitioned, who secured arsenic, which Bibbo administered in the meals of her father. Nikoomal died shortly after in hospital.—United Press.

City Hotel Proprietor's *Death?*

Formal medical evidence was recorded on Friday night by the City Coroner, on the death of Alexander Peter Louis (56), Proprietor of Ballard Pier Hotel, who died suddenly the same evening.

It was disclosed in the course of evidence that Louis had been advised by his doctor to take particular care of himself and further not to exert himself lest he should be victim to "angina pectoris".

AUSTRALIANS IN ENGLAND

Batting And Bowling Averages

The following are the batting and bowling averages of the Australians' tour fixtures of the present series in England:—

BATTING

	Innings	Runs	Highest Score	Times Not out	Aver.
D. G. Bradman ..	9	1,056	278	2	150.65
A. L. Hasset ..	8	768	220*	1	109.71
C. L. Badcock ..	10	725	198	0	72.50
J. H. Fingleton ..	9	558	124	1	69.75
W. A. Brown ..	8	434	194*	1	62.00
B. A. Barnett ..	7	221	120*	3	55.25
M. G. Waite ..	9	269	54	2	38.42
A. G. Chipperfield ..	8	254	104*	1	36.28
S. J. McCabe ..	8	247	110	1	35.28
E. S. White ..	3	36	26	1	19.00
L. O'B. Fleetwood-Smith	4	22	10	2	11.00
W. J. O'Reilly ..	5	51	23	0	10.20
E. L. McCormick ..	4	26	12	1	8.66
F. Ward ..	3	8	7*	1	4.00

Also batted:—C. W. Walker, 31*, 29*, and 4*.
* Signifies not out.

BOWLING

	Overs	Maidens	Runs	Wickets	Aver.
L. O'B. Fleetwood-Smith	165.1	34	483	35	13.80
E. S. White ..	88	41	129	9	14.33
W. J. O'Reilly ..	245.3	69	670	46	14.56
F. Ward ..	192.1	54	539	29	18.58
E. L. McCormick ..	89	10	376	16	23.50
S. J. McCabe ..	66	23	145	6	24.16
M. G. Waite ..	158.3	48	325	13	25.00

Also bowled:—A. G. Chipperfield, 16.1—7—34—2.

Congress Govt.'s Bold Step In Madras

U. L. NARAYAN RAO WELCOMES ABOLITION OF MEDICAL SCHOOLS IN PROVINCE

VELLORE, June 18.

"It will be a bad day for this Province if we, the members of the medical profession, think in terms of medical licentiates and medical graduates. Our primary duty is to think in terms of service to the people of our Province. A large majority of them are without any kind of medical relief and before this stupendous work every other thing looks small and silly, personal and profitless," declared Dr. U. L. Narayan Rao, presiding over the 4th Madras Provincial Conference of the All-India Medical Licentiates' Association to-day.

TASK BEFORE MEDICOS

The President said: "Let us evolve a plan of medical relief which would save our people from premature death and avoidable suffering, let us ask the Government to take the initiative in this matter and let us help them in their undertaking. By all means work for the consolidation of the profession, which is only a means to an end. By all means fight for and acquire your rights and privileges, but this again is only a means to an end. And the ultimate end is efficient and satisfactory medical service to the people.

As the Hon'ble Premier of the Central Provinces Dr. N. B. Khare said while addressing the 4th Provincial Conference of the Licentiates of that Province 'these castes and compartments in the profession are a part of the imperialistic design which are bound to disappear when India attains her freedom to manage her own affairs.' Let us all, licentiates and graduates, band together and work in the cause of relief of human suffering."

Adverting to the new political dispensation the speaker said: "We are particularly fortunate in Madras that the Cabinet of Ministers is composed of persons noted for their ability, character and responsiveness to public opinion. So far as the Medical and Public Health policies are concerned they are entirely in the hands of the Public Health Minister and not in the hands of the department as before."

BOLD STEP

Proceeding he said: The first fruit of this political change has been the abolition of the medical schools in this Province. The honour and pride of having done it goes to a medical licentiate who now happens to the Public Health Minister—I mean the Hon. Dr. T. S. S. Rajan of this Province. It is an act of supreme statesmanship and none but Dr. Rajan, of all the Public Health Ministers in India, would have been so bold as to conceive and bolder enough to execute it immediately. I assure him on behalf of the licentiates of this Province that there is not one amongst them who has failed to appreciate this reform."

Referring to the public Health Bill proposed to be introduced in the Madras Legislature, he said: "We are thankful to the Government for taking up the responsibility of introducing the Bill themselves which shows the sincerity and the responsiveness of the Public Health Minister to public medical opinion in this matter and we do hope that he will have it piloted successfully in the next session of our legislature. With the passing of this Bill we will have, for the first time in our country a Provincial Medical Council really worth its name and worthy of our Province and made efficient and popular to discharge its duties and functions in the best interests of the profession."

I. M. S. CRITICISED

As regards the reorganisation of the Indian Medical Service the speaker protested against what he described as one-sided justice of the Government of India and questioned the necessity for continuing the Indian Medical Service at all, and if continued, the necessity of imposing this service on Civil Medical Administration. He said: "I consider that the time has now come for the medical department to be wholly Indian in composition. Indian in character and Indian in outlook. This should be our objective in future."

Mr. E. Vijayam Naidu, Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcoming the delegates and visitors to the Conference said: "Our Association was started specifically with a view to establish equality of status and fraternity among the members of the profession and it has been continuously working in this direction for the last 32 years."—A.P.

'VARSITY FOR RAJPUTANA

The Secretary, Rajputana and Central India State Peoples Conference, Bombay, writes:—

Mr. Kanahaiyalal Kalyantri—the President of Rajputana and Central India Peoples Conference and Mr. Madanlal Agarwala had an interview with the Maharaja of Dungarpur to discuss the question of establishing a University for Rajputana and also about introducing reforms in the State on the lines of the 12 demands as mentioned in the Memorandum of the Conference.

The interview lasted for nearly two hours. The Maharaja assured sympathetic consideration. He strongly supported the idea of establishing a University for Rajputana and Central India and promised to give both moral and material support.

LONG SESSION AHEAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 17.

I understand that sessions of the Bombay Legislature will begin by the middle of August. Besides the business that remained undisposed by Bombay session there will be two new important Bills for this session and they are the Tenancy Legislation and Trade Disputes Conciliation Bill.

In view of the heavy agenda it is feared the sessions will go near to the end of Government's Poona session.

POONA EXODUS ISSUE

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 17.

I understand that the question whether Government's annual Poona exodus should be discontinued or not will not be finally settled by Government on their own initiative. Government, I am told, will not decide this question either way before the Legislature is given an opportunity of expressing its opinion on it.

BANDRA MUNICIPAL MEETING

Whole-Time Medical Officer For Dispensary And Hospital

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Thursday.

Yesterday's meeting of the Bombay Municipality disposed of 24 items on the agenda of which those relating to the appointment of a whole-time officer for the C. J. R. Dispensary and Bhabha Hospital and to the census of children of school-going age evoked discussion.

Dr. Leander Rodrigues moved that Government be asked to have a whole-time Medical Officer without private practice, in lieu of which he should be granted an extra allowance of Rs. 50 p.m by way of compensation. After some discussion the figure of Rs. 50 was dropped and in its place the words "adequate compensation" was inserted.

Stricter supervision to be henceforth enforced on the matter of compulsory primary education is envisaged in the by-laws sent for adoption by the Director of Public Instruction. Armed with the by-laws the School Board will be empowered to compel every parent or guardian to give correct information regarding children of school-going age. In the event of incorrect information knowingly given, the parent or guardian can be brought to book in a court and is liable to be fined.

The Board accepted the suggestion of the Co-operative Societies in Bombay and the Suburbs.

KNOCKED DOWN BY LOCAL TRAIN

Death Of Victim On Way To Hospital

Kumar, stated to be a Madrasi Brahmin, was knocked down by a local train between Dockyard Road and Reay Road stations on Friday.

He died on the way to the hospital.

U. P. Assembly

LUCKNOW, June 16.

A ten-week session of the U. P. Legislative Assembly is likely to be held from 20th or 21st July, to consider the U. P. Tenancy Bill, Rural Indebtedness Bill and all other bills which had been returned by the U. P. Council in the last session.

It is understood that, in case the dispute in non-textile mills at Cawnpore are not settled amicably and the strike is called off Government will step in and evolve a formula which would be acceptable to the parties concerned.

The Labour Inquiry Committee's report it may be mentioned here, covers textile mills only and so Government's recent decision will not apply to non-textile mills.—United Press.

Co-operative Society to name the Central Road in the Chapel Road Scheme as "Rebello Road" to perpetuate the memory of the late Mr. F. A. C. Rebello, the father of Catholic Co-operative Societies in Bombay and the Suburbs.

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Madras Letter

Villages To Be Units Of Self-Government

Madras Government To Introduce Panchayat Bill

(From Our Own Correspondent)
MADRAS, (By Mail).

A Bill to make the villages complete units of self-government is to be introduced during the August session of the Madras Legislature. Finishing touches have been put to the draft of the new Panchayat Bill which is now being circulated to the departments concerned. After consideration by the Cabinet, the Hon. Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Minister for Local Administration, will introduce it in the Assembly. Before 1930, Panchayats were administered separately, and it was during the Hon. Dr. Subbaroyan's (now Education Minister) term as Chief Minister that Panchayat administration was incorporated in the Local Board Act. The new legislation makes the institution of Panchayats compulsory for all villages, which will in future be responsible for collection of its own land cess. It contemplates making villages self-contained centres of local responsibility, extending to courts, schools, forests, co-operative societies, roads and other sphere of activiay in their areas. The goal envisaged in the new Bill is to make villages or groups of villages complete units of self-government. Accordingly, this will result in divesting District Boards of much of their present control over such areas. While the implementing of the Wardha Scheme of education fully will tend to make villages economically self-sufficient, the new Bill will be the first stage towards making the same units politically more independent and self-contained.

CINCHONA INQUIRY

After the recent South Indian tour, Mr. A. Wilson, Special Officer for Cinchona Inquiry, accompanied by Dr. Mirchandani, Soil Chemist, at the special request of the Imperial Council of the Agricultural Research, visited the Andamans to investigate the possibilities of growing cinchona in the islands. He has now returned to Delhi and it is learnt that Mr. Wilson's report will be received by the Madras and other Governments concerned by about the middle of this month. On the lines suggested in the report, a way will be opened for the Bengal and Madras Governments to increase considerably the areas under cinchona, but it is felt that in the present nervous state of provincial finances, no far-reaching scheme of extension could be safely carried out by the provinces and even by private individuals unless some kind of assurance is given by the Central Government that if the need arises protection will be given to the industry. An authoritative Government spokesman states that the question of protective tariffs is looming larger and larger on the provincial horizons. As regards Nilgris alone, with adequate protection to such indigenous industries as potato and cincona cultivation, eucalyptus distilling and the proposed wattle cultivation on the present production could be multiplied, and the district will soon be a land flowing with milk and honey.

QUESTION OF LICENCE FOR TOBACCO

The question of the levy of a licence fee on the sale of tobacco is being revived by the Madras Government to augment the financial resources of the province. The proposal is now being examined by the Board of Revenue. It will be remembered that in 1935 Sir Charles Souter, then Revenue Member, introduced in the Madras Legislative Council a Bill to levy a licence fee on the sale of tobacco. There was opposition to the Bill both in the press and among the public and subsequently, Sir Charles Souter announced that the Government proposed to drop the Bill pending a comprehensive survey of the finances of the Government.

It is now being considered whether the licence fee system or the monopoly system or a combination of the two systems could be introduced with maximum advantage in Madras. Mr. F. W. Stewart, Member of the Board of Revenue, recently visited Cochin to study the working of the monopoly system there. The conditions in Cochin and Madras, it may be mentioned, differed as tobacco is not grown in the former place. At the time the Bill was introduced in 1935, it was estimated that the measure would yield about 5 lakhs of revenue

Mr. P. K. Wattal, Accountant-General, Madras, who had been deputed by the Government of India to hold an inquiry into the finances of Coorg, has, during his recent stay in Mercara (capital of Coorg) gone thoroughly into the administration of every department in Coorg with the exception of the Forest Department, with a view to effecting cuts in the administration. With regard to the Forest Department, it is learnt that the Chief Forest Officer has stressed that the chief source of revenue for Coorg in future lies in forests, and that cuts in that department would have prejudiced effects. Mr. Wattal has to make a cut of Rs. 3 lakhs in the administration of Coorg for the province to attain financial equilibrium. During his stay in Mercara, the Congress members of the Legislative Council, the non-Congress members, and Indian and European planters waited on deputation on him and suggested ways and means of effecting cuts in the administration.

CONTROL OF PORT SANITATION

It is understood that the Government of India have now decided not to proceed with their scheme for the sanitary administration and improvement of the ports in India, which they circulated to the various ports for their views. About two years ago, the Government of India proposed this scheme which envisaged the setting up of port sanitary authorities in all major ports with jurisdiction over the water areas and also over portions of the land within the port limits. According to the scheme a quarantine area was to be constituted round each major port and it was to be administered by a separate sanitary commissioner. None of the major ports in India whose opinions were sought by the Government of India on the scheme favoured it because there was a considerable amount of overlapping involved in it from the administrative point of view. As regards the Madras port, it has been maintaining a very efficient sanitary department. The various port authorities in India are stated to hold the view that they should control their own sanitary departments and not leave it to a Commissioner appointed by the Government of India.

The Madras Corporation Broadcasting (Transmission) Station will be closed down from 15th June, consequent on the opening of the All-India Radio Station at Madras the following day. The citizens of Madras, will, however, continue to have their usual programme (from 5-30 to 7-30 p. m). through the Corporation receiving sets, installed at the various parks and public resorts, broadcast from the All-India Radio Station. The programme will last for five hours from 5-30 to 10-30 p. m., daily as demand grows, it is hoped ultimately to have a programme in the morning and afternoon as well, providing listeners in the presidency with entertainments for about 10 hours or more daily.

Key To Successful Administration

Govt. Officers Instructed To Seek Co-operation Of Popular Leaders

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

Government have recently issued instructions to their officers impressing upon them the need of closer contact between themselves and the public. With this end in view the instructions lay down that Commissioners and Collectors shall, in all matters in which co-operation will be helpful, get into touch with the local leaders of the people.

Successful administration demands harmony and understanding between the general public and the servants of Government and it is hoped that the public on their side will contribute to this end in the fullest measure possible. Government have already directed that complaints against officers who neglect their duties or otherwise act improperly should be fully and carefully investigated and it is their intention to see that these instructions are complied with in every case.

ABUSE DOES NOT HELP

Speakers at public meetings sometimes indulge in general and abusive attacks on the public services. Abusive references to the services generally cannot help and Government trust that general attacks of this kind will be discontinued. Government would remind the public that public servants are engaged in carrying out the orders of Government, and that without the co-operation of the services progress is impossible. The services are in the main drawn from the public and the standard of service given cannot be substantially better than that set by those amongst whom their duties lie.

Government, therefore, appeal to the public to co-operate with the services in carrying on the administration efficiently, impartially and honestly.

A CHALLENGE TO JINNAH

Muslim League Flag Not Islamic Flag

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

Maulana A. K. Kamil writes the following in the "Hindusthan Standard," Calcutta:—

"This is not a new flag but a very old one and the prophet of Islam has given us himself" With these words Mr. Jinnah hoisted the Muslim League flag in Bombay the other day. He further stressed that it is the duty of every Muslim to rally round it.

He may be justified to order his co-religionists to rally round his flag but his characterisation of League flag to be an Islamic one and one which was given by the Holy Prophet himself cannot go unchallenged.

Mr. Jinnah's knowledge about Islam and Islamic history seems to be quite nil. The pages of islamic history deny to acknowledge the Muslim League flag with moon and star to be an Islamic flag. The Prophet of Islam never used such a flag. His descendents and followers and during the Caliphate of the Umayas, Abbasits and Fatmi never such flag was used in war or peace by the Muslims.

Moreover this sort of flag has never been hoisted throughout the whole length and breadth of the Islamic world. There are many Islamic countries even at present. But their flags are quite different ones. Persia has the symbol of a lion and sun on her flag.

In the circumstances it is obvious that Mr. Jinnah is either quite ignorant of Islamic history and Islam itself or he is knowingly misleading the Muslim masses by such false utterances. I strongly challenge Mr. Jinnah and his colleagues to prove historically that the flag of Muslim League is an Islamic flag and that it is one which has been given to us by the Prophet. I believe, and every scholar of Islamic history will agree with me, that Mr. Jinnah or his supporters cannot prove it.

I wait for the reply of the challenge and intend to throw more light over this subject in the near future.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from page 6)

a Democratic paper since the days of the Civil War, but its tendency has always been towards the right wing of the Democratic Party. To-day it takes an independent line and while in the main supporting Mr. Roosevelt is critical of many aspects of the New Deal.

Mr. Sulzberger is a handsome looking man with dark hair turning grey. He has just completed a tour of Central Europe and takes the view that the position is better than he had supposed while in America.

He does not believe that there will be a European war.

Tourists' Boom In Italy

In contrast to the shrinkage of Czechoslovakia's tourist trade Italy is enjoying a small boom.

Travel organisations report that as a result of the Anschluss, followed by the revival of the German visa, bookings to Germany and Austria have considerably slackened. Tourists generally and motorists in particular are now turning away from Germany and Austria to France, Switzerland, and Italy. Car space on cross-Channel boats is booked up on several days of the week for six weeks ahead, and many of the owners are bound for Italy, where motorists staying for more than ten days are offered petrol at 1s. 2d. a gallon instead of the normal price of 3s. Two special trains leaving at Whitsun for the "grand tour" of Rome, Naples, Florence, Venice, and Milan are almost fully booked.

Italy is also benefiting from the fact that Anglo-Hungarian excursion trains which used to return through Austria have begun to run through Trieste, where tourists stay for one night, and San Remo, where there is a three nights' break.

The Central Provinces Government has passed orders relinquishing the management of the Gangai estate in favour of Raja Dolan Sinha from the Court of Wards.

'Languages In Legislatures'

(Continued from Page 6.)

misunderstanding of the actual position as it exists in the Legislative Council in this province. I enclose for your information a copy of Rule 19 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the U. P. Legislative Council as framed by the House itself. In practice, what happens is that when a resolution or motion for adjournment is moved or question asked in Hindi or Urdu, the entire debate on the motion is carried on or the answer given in Hindi or Urdu. On such occasions, the Hon. the President requests even those Hon. Members, who usually speak in English to speak in Hindi or Urdu with a view to enabling the Hon. mover of such a motion or questioner to follow the entire debate on his motion or answer to his question, as the case may be.—Yours, etc.,

D. P. MUKERJI,
Public Information Dept.,
Civil Secretariat, U. P.
Lucknow.

Rule 19: The business of the Council shall be transacted in the English language, but any member who is not acquainted or sufficiently acquainted with the English language may use Hindi or Urdu:

Provided that the President may, at his discretion, permit or call upon any member to speak in Urdu, Hindi or English.

STRAY ASSAULTS FOLLOW BRAWL IN CINEMA

BANGALORE, June 17.

Following a brawl in a cinema at Chennapatna (about forty miles from Bangalore) last night it is reported there was a slight tension between Hindus and Muslims in the locality and this morning a few cases of stray assaults were reported resulting in slight injuries to half a dozen persons.

A contingent of reserve police has been despatched from Bangalore to watch the situation which is now reported to be quietening.—A.P.

MINIMUM WAGE FOR KHADI PRODUCERS

LAHORE, June 16.

According to the minimum wage scheme adumbrated by Mahatma Gandhi, the Punjab Branch of the All-India Spinners' Association has decided to give minimum daily wages to its spinners from July 1 next at the rate of three annas to four annas per day.—United Press.

TRANSFER OF PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS

Ratnagiri School Board's Action Under Inquiry

RATNAGIRI, June 17.

It is learnt that nearly 500 teachers of the primary schools in Ratnagiri District were transferred by the Ratnagiri District School Board during the months of April and May.

This action, it is understood, was taken by the School Board with a view to forestalling the powers vested in the newly created Administrative Officer under the Primary Education Amending Act recently passed by the Bombay Legislature during its budget session.

The Government of Bombay have received a number of complaints from the transferred teachers and the Government have instructed the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay, to inquire into the matter and submit a report to the Government so that necessary action may be taken. Accordingly, the Director of Public Instruction is now understood to be in correspondence with the District School Board in this connection.—A. P.

THERE'S DANGER EVERY DAY!

'B.O.' *(Body-Odour)* attacks those who are careless about perspiration

People with Body-Odour seldom have friends; and anyone may have 'B.O.' without realising it. That's why it's so important to make *certain* of personal freshness.

Of course you can't stop perspiring. And there's no reason why you should. Perspiration is necessary, healthy, and in itself inoffensive. But if left to clog the pores of the skin and grow stale it soon leads to Body-Odour, which is offensive to others—especially in crowded places. Yet there's such an easy way of making sure of personal freshness—cleanse yourself frequently with Lifebuoy Toilet Soap. Its rich, penetrating lather, with the special antiseptic health element, goes deep down into the pores and washes away every trace of stale perspiration. And it leaves your skin tingling and gloriously healthy and refreshed.

LIFEBUOY TOILET SOAP

Stops 'B.O.' (Body-Odour)

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I FOUND NEW HEALTH IN FIFTEEN DAYS
I WAS WEAK, TIRED, WORN OUT...
June 1st
My energy and vitality were fading; I felt tired, half sick most of the time. Everything was a tremendous effort, and I seemed to be getting steadily worse. Then a friend suggested Waterbury's Compound for just 15 days...
June 15th
What a change Waterbury's Compound has made! I can feel new life and energy surging through my veins. The many nourishing ingredients in this strengthening tonic have made a new man out of me. Try Waterbury's if you're run down!
(Signed Mr. J. R. M.)
WATERBURY'S COMPOUND
S-80
Sold in the Blue and Red Wrappers—the Red as a General and Bronchial Tonic

About Films And Film Stars

A tender scene from "The Prisoner of Zenda" which comes to the Wellington this week.

GARBO AS LOVER OF NAPOLEON

Glamorous Star Reappears In "Marie Walewska" At Metro

Greta Garbo comes to the Metro screen with Charleys Boyer, idol of the American and European stage and screen, as her eighteenth screen lover. "Marie Walewska" marks her eleventh year of uninterrupted stardom and looms as the greatest role of her career, even greater than "Camille."

The picture is the latest directorial achievement of Clarence Brown who was behind the cameras in the filming of such earlier Garbo successes as "Anna Karenina," Flesh and the Devil", "Romance" and "Anna Christi." Adrian designed a series of breath-taking costumes for the star and Herbert Stothart composed the lovely musical score which accompanies the picture. As is customary in all Garbo pictures, no effort was spared in assembling a supporting cast of distinction.

Heading the cast of thirty names are Reginald Owen as the wily Talleyrand, Alan Marshal as Captain D'Ornano, Henry Stephenson as Garbo's aged husband, Count Walewska, Leif Erickson as her brother, Paul, Dame May Whitty as Laetitia, Napoleon's mother and C. Henry Gordon as Prince Poniatowski.

"Marie Walewska" presents one of the outstanding romantic chapters in the life of Napoleon, the story of a patriotic Polish countess who forces her wiles upon the Emperor, causing him to fall in love with her to liberate Poland from the iron claw of Russia. It recreates for the screen many of the most colourful figures of the Imperial era, as well as presenting one of the most interesting phases of the Napoleonic regime.

(Continued from col. 5)

there remains only those of her two maiden aunts and her uncle Goliath a millionaire who lives in a cave. Off they go upstate after this trio, and Jack finds the dawn of romance when twilight accompanied by a terrible storm overtakes them near a convenient barn.

Greta Garbo and Charles Boyer in "Marie Walewska" at the Metro.

THRILLS OF "BORDERTOWN"

Paul Muni At The Palace

Paul Muni, one of the greatest actors of the screen, comes to the Palace this week in the Warner Bros. production, "Bordertown", which is said to be the most colorful and powerful drama in which he has yet appeared. The plot is crammed with thrilling action, intense dramatic situations, tremendous suspense and a most unusual triangular romance.

The picture suggested by Carroll Graham's novel, is a stark, realistic picturization of the colourful life in a town on the American border, with its night clubs and gambling resorts frequented by

(Continued in col. 3 and 4)

"OVER THE WALL"

Prison Romance At Regal

Dick Foran and June Travis, fast-rising young Warner Bros. stars appear at the Regal this week in "Over The Wall", a melodrama having to do with a man falsely thrown into prison and his sweetheart who believes in him and finally obtains his freedom. A thrilling story originally written by Warden Lewis E Lawes of Sing Sing prison, "Over The Wall" has an authentic ring that combines gripping drama with romance. Foran's singing voice, always so appealing in his Western pictures (which have now come to an end, the long series being completed), is heard to excellent effect in "Over The Wall". He becomes a member of the prison Choir, whose songs are broadcast weekly and thus he wins for himself a tremendous public and the attention of the governor, who persuaded to listen to some new evidence which clears him of the false accusations Miss Travis, is the faithful sweetheart who never doubted her boy friend's innocence, is the one who digs up this evidence after some pretty clever work and some pretty thrilling adventures with the crooks who framed Dick. The Warner Bros. Cosmopolitan picture was directed by Frank MacDonald from a screen play by Crane Wilbur and George Bricker. Others in the cast include John Litel and Veda Ann Brog.

"Over the Wall" by the author of "20,000 Years in Sing-Sing," starring Dick Foran, with a glorious tenor voice comes to the Regal this week.

"HURRICANE" AT THE PATHE

Spectacular Romance Stays For Second Week

Hollywood's well established axiom that the star makes the picture sometimes works in reverse.

Just often enough to be the exception that proves the rule it's the picture that makes the star.

These exceptions have been popping up ever since the infancy of the picture industry. A few have been fortunate accidents. Far more have been the happy result of shrewd showmanship.

"The Hurricane," Samuel Goldwyn's film version of the novel by Charles Nordhoff and James Norman Hall, authors of "Mutiny on the Bounty," which is in its second week's run at the Pathe Cinema, should make a star of John Hall.

Hall, a cinema unknown is being hailed as a "new Goldwyn discovery." In that category he joins an illustrious list of predecessors, who in their time were "new Goldwyn discoveries." As the native hero, "Terangi," he has drawn one of the prize acting assignments of the year, a role that has all the natural markings of a star creator.

Goldwyn who could have had most any big name player he desired for this part, deliberately chose an unknown. He did it for two reasons. First of all, he considered John Hall an ideal "Terangi." The boy has a magnificent physique, is handsome and tests proved that he can act. He was born in Tahiti, has lived there much of his life and is an expert swimmer, diver and surfboarder. He also knows the South Sea Island natives as one who has never lived among them never could.

The producer's second reason was the positive belief, born of his long and successful experience that in "The Hurricane" he has a star-building picture. The story published serially in a national magazine and in book form, has been read by millions. It possesses all the elements of romance, drama and glamorous background which spell popular appeal and, topping all these magnificent spectacle.

Goldwyn figured that by placing an established name player in the "Terangi" role, he would, of course, have a great picture. By giving that part to an unknown he would still have a great picture and a new star. Needless to say, Jon Hall is under long term contract to Goldwyn.

(Continued from col. 2)

American millionaires and bored society women seeking diversion.

It is in this atmosphere that Paul, Muni, in the role of a foreign youth, rises to riches and power as the proprietor of a fashionable night club and gambling house. Handsome, magnetic, he is loved by two women, one a fiery adventures played by Bette Davis who slays her husband to try to win him. The other woman in the triangular romance, is an American society woman, who plays flirtation with Muni, which the mad youth takes seriously, and which ends in tragedy.

EXTRA MORNING SHOW.

There will be extra morning show at the Palace on this Sunday, when "One Way Passage," a Warner Bros. hit starring Kay Francis and William Powell, will be exhibited.

"DANGER-LOVE AT WORK"

Crazy Comedy At Capitol

New ways of loving and newer way of laughing in the new kind of laugh-hit that is the funniest "Commotion-picture" of the year will bring a liberal education in hilarity to the screen of the Capitol Theatre when "Danger—Love At Work" opens today. Ann Sothern, Jack Haley, Mary Boland and Edward Everett Horton are starred in the daffest comedy ever produced by the Twentieth Century-Fox merrymakers. In or out of bedlam no one has ever seen the likes of the frantic romantics and haywire hilarity of this outstanding comedy. In a nutshell this new kind of rib-tickling tale is a simple story for Girl meets Boy; Boy meets Family; Boy loses Mind! The Girl is Ann Sothern, the daffiest debutante who ever came out of a trance! The Boy is Jack Haley, the most bewildered Romeo who ever faced a shotgun! The Family is altogether pixilated, with a cuckoo for their crest and a straitjacket their coat-of-arms!

Jack has met Ann on the train and when he arrives he is considered the latest in Ann's string of finances, despite all his protestations that he is a lawyer anxious to have them all sign a document. True, the hapless Jack was a marked man the moment Ann laid eyes on him, but how was he, poor fellow, to know this until too late? Besides, when it was too late, Jack himself was anxious to get Ann to the altar, if only to get away from her family Despairing at ever obtaining the signatures of these folks, and afraid of winning the girl of his dreams Jack departs for New York, only to find Ann hot on his heels and all her daffy relatives following behind. Ann, however, succeeds in getting the valued autographs for her Jack:

(Continued in col. 1)

Jon Hall is the native bridegroom whispering sweet nothings to his bride, Dorothy Lamour in this scene from Samuel Goldwyn's "The Hurricane" which will run for the second week at the Pathe.

Errol Flynn and Olivia de Havilland star in "The Charge of the Light Brigade" showing at the Broadway (Dadar) this week.

"THE CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE"

At The Broadway

Warner Bros.' "The Charge of The Light Brigade" suggested by the immortal poem of Alfred, Lord Tennyson, revived at the Broadway to-day, has an all-star cast headed by Errol Flynn and Olivia de Havilland with over fifteen thousand extras.

The absorbing story of which "The Charge of The Light Brigade" makes the sensational climax begins in India, where two brothers, both army officers, arrivals for the hand of a beautiful Scottish girl. The girl is bethrothed to the elder, but during his absence, fighting on the frontier, she falls in love with the younger.

She struggles against this love believing herself obligated to her fiancee, but when she finds that both of her lovers have been ordered to the front against the Russians in the Crimea, she confesses her love for his brother to her bethrothed, at the same time expressing her fear that the man she loves will be killed in battle.

The elder brother and superior officer promises he will keep the younger from danger, and carries out this pledge when he sends his brother back to headquarters with a note to the Commandant telling him that he has deliberately changed an order for retreat into an attack, he himself riding to his death on the battle field.

The setting in India is full of thrilling action, including a spectacular leopard hunt and scores of other breath-taking events. The picture is produced on a mammoth scale with colourful interior settings, including the magnificent palace of Surat Khan.

The finale, the magnificent "Charge" itself, is one of the most thrilling and spectacular sights ever on the screen, with hundreds of gallant soldiers riding into the "valley of death' fighting recklessly in front of the thundering cannons.

Besides Errol Flynn and Olivia de Havilland, the distinguished star cast of this stupendous production includes Patric Knowles, Henry Stephenson, Nigel Bruce, Donald Crisp, David Niven, C Henry Gordon, G. P. Huntley Jr., Robert Barrat, Spring Byington, E. E. Clive, J. Carrol Naish Lumsden Hare, Walter Holbrook, Princess Baigum, Charles Sedgwick, Scotty Beckett, George Regas, Colin Kenny, Gordon Hart and Helen Sanborn.

TAMIROFF MEETS FIRST ROMANCE IN RACKET FILM

For the first time in his long career of varied character parts, Akim Tamiroff will be seen as a man in love in the new Paramount drama, "Dangerous To Know", which opens to-day at the Excelsior Theatre.

The Russian actor, who is starred with Anna May Wong and

(Continued on page 15, col. 6)

Ann Sothern and Jack Haley in "Danger—Love at Work", a Twentieth Fox Picture to be screened from to-day at the Capitol.

Gail Patrick, Akim Tamiroff, and Anna May Wong in "Dangerous to Know," a Paramount Picture, showing this week at the Excelsior.

COCHIN STATE TAKES A STEP FORWARD

(Continued from page 20)

30.53 lakhs is made up of the following items:—

	Laks.
Civil List of the Maharaja and the Ruling Family	6.95
Subsidy to the British Government	2.08
Refunds relating to the duty on matches, customs and income-tax	2.28
Pensions	3.81
Interest and Sinking fund	5.55
Total	20.67

The total of these items come to Rs. 20.67 lakhs. The balance of 9.86 lakhs alone should be considered as effectively beyond the vote of the Legislature. The irresistible conclusion to be drawn from these figures is that the expenditure of the State is effectively under the control of the Legislature. The Council has the right of electing a Standing Finance Committee to scrutinise the Budget before it is submitted to the Council.

The rules of procedure are contained in the Legislative Council Rules and Standing Orders. These generally follow similar rules prevailing in British Indian Provinces.

HIGH COURT

The part relating to the judicature makes provision for the constitution of a High Court for the State. The present Chief Court is to be constituted as a High Court. It is to consist of three judges one of whom will be the Chief Justice. The qualification of Judges follow the law in British India with certain local variations. In accordance with the law prevailing in Cochin for a long time one of the Judges of the High Court must be a Christian. The Judges are appointed by His Highness and their salary also fixed by him. It is, however, provided that the salary may not be varied to their disadvantage during their tenure and that it should be the whole profit or advantage they derive from their office. The High Court will have all the jurisdiction now enjoyed by the Chief Court which it succeeds and it will be the highest court of appeal in the State It is provided that neither the High Court nor any court subordinate thereto may claim or exercise any jurisdiction or powers over the property or person of the Maharaja. Provision is, however, made for disposal of claims by or against the Maharaja. By rules promulgated the Maharaja will send to the courts for enquiry such claims. Thus the sovereignty and exemption from the jurisdiction of his own courts have been retained for the Maharaja while at the same time the subjects of His Highness having any claims against him will have the benefit of a judicially conducted enquiry by a court. The Chief Justice has full administrative control over the officers and staff of the High Court. The writs and processes of the courts will run in the name of His Highness.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

The concluding part of the Act contains certain miscellaneous provisions. The existing laws of Cochin are declared to continue in force unless altered by competent authority. The present Legislative Council and Chief Court Acts and the Panel of Chairmen Proclamation are repealed. The prerogative powers of His Highness to make and pass Acts, Proclamations and Orders are preserved intact. Every constitution provides for some ultimate authority in the State. The clause relating to the prerogative powers of the Maharaja provides for such ultimate authority. Though technically the Maharaja of Cochin will be free to pass any Act or promulgate any Proclamation, the past usage prevailing in the State leads one to the conclusions that this power will be exercised only in very exceptional cases. Normally the Government will be carried on in accordance with the Act. Occasion may nevertheless arise in emergencies or when the obligations of the Ruler with the Paramount Power so require it when the prerogative power of the Maharaja will have to be used. Viewed from this point, the prerogative powers of the Maharaja, far from being an obstruction or impediment to the rule of law, will be the real safety-valve of the Constitution. The small State of Cochin in the south-west corner of India will not only be the first Indian State to have a system of Responsible Government, but the first State where the rule of law is made absolute.

DUCHESS SETS NEW FASHION

With her ever-increasing reputation for wearing clothes in a way that is "just little different", the Duchess of Kent created an enviable sensation on her arrival at South Africa House where she was acting as hostess at reception afterwards followed by dress show. She was wearing wide-brimmed hat with white-spotted mesh veil and fox cape.

MAHARAJA'S PROCLAMATION

The following is the text of the announcement regarding constitutional reforms made at the public durbar on the fourth of January, 1938, on the occasion of the seventy-six birthday of His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin:—

On the occasion of the celebration of his sixtieth birthday my illustrious predecessor His Highness the late Maharaja made the announcement expressing his desire to associate his people with the administration of the State and in accordance with that announcement a Proclamation was issued constituting the Legislative Council. The Council consisted of 36 elected and 15 nominated members. The franchise was based upon property qualification and in addition to general constituencies certain special constituencies also were created to represent the interests of landholders, planters and industrialists. In inaugurating the first Legislative Council, in April, 1935, His Highness said that "The high standard of culture of my people and their traditional and deep sense of loyalty and devotion to their Ruler have actuated me in investing the Council from the very beginning with wide powers."

EXTENDED FRANCHISE

I have since the inception of the Council been watching with interest the work done by the representatives of my people. On the occasion of my installation on the Musnad in January, 1932, I announced by intention to extend the franchise for the Council by lowering the qualifications for the voters, to increase the privileges and responsibilities of the Council by conferring on it the right of electing its own Deputy President and to extend to all the members of the Council the right to put supplementary questions. My intention was implemented by promulgating the necessary amendments to the rules. The strength of the Council was increased to 36 elected members and 18 nominated members. Subsequently my Government extended the franchise very considerably by giving the right of vote to every one who paid any tax and to those who have passed the School Final Examination or had secured similar educational qualifications. The association of the representatives of the people with the administration of the State was also made more intimate by the constitution of a number of Advisory Committees to offer advice to the various departments of Government.

TRANSFERRED DEPT.

Having been impressed by the genuine interest evinced by the members of the Legislative Council I have decided that steps should now be taken to associate my people directly with the administration of my Government and make the Legislative Council responsible in a more effective manner for the administration of certain nation-building departments. This object can best be achieved by associating a non-official representative from the Legislative Council with my Diwan in the carrying on of the administration of certain departments. *I have therefore decided that the administration of the departments of Public Health, Panchayats, Co-operation, Agriculture, Ayurveda and Uplift of the Depressed Classes shall hereafter be conducted by my Diwan with the assistance of a Minister nominated by me from amongst the elected members of the Legislative Council. This Minister will be called, 'Ministers for Rural Development' and he will hold office during my pleasure.* Though the administration of these departments will normally be carried on in accordance with the advice of my Minister, it is necessary that my prerogative should be preserved unimpaired. My undoubted right and prerogative of ordering at any time that action should be taken otherwise than in accordance with the advice tendered by any of my advisers will be preserved in the administration of these and other departments of my Government. My Government will issue the necessary amendments to the Acts and Regulations to implement this, my desire.

MOMENTOUS STEP.

I hope that my people will realise the significance of the momentous step that has been taken. Though it has always been my desire and the desire of my Government to carry on the administration of my State in accordance with the wishes of my people, the announcement that I have made to-day will for the first time make the representatives of the people directly responsible for the administration of some of the great departments of the State. The administration of these departments, more than any other, vitally affects the everyday life of the rural population and the responsibility that devolves upon my Minister and the Legislative Council will therefore be very great indeed. The welfare of the vast masses of the rural population has been my constant care. On their contentment depends the prosperity and stability of the State, and in their happiness I seek my reward. It is my earnest desire that the representatives of my people in the Legislative Council will realise the magnitude of the responsibility that they are called upon to shoulder and I pray that they may be given the courage and wisdom to shoulder that responsibility in a worthy manner.

Maharaja Inaugurates New Constitution

ERNAKULAM, June 17.

Amidst impressive scenes the Maharaja of Cochin inaugurated this afternoon the new Constitution at a function at the Darbar Hall in the presence of a distinguished gathering including Mr. C. P. Skrine, Resident, Madras States, Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, ex-President of the Indian National Congress, Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Iyer, Advocate-General Madras, Sir A. P. Patro, Sir Vasudevaraja of Kollengode and Sir Arcot Ramaswamy Mudaliar.

Dewan Sir Shanmukhan Chetty read the Maharajah's announcement. Mr. N. D. Varadachari, who was associated with the preparation of the new Constitution Act was presented with a "Veerashringala" by the Maharajah.—A. P.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

(Continued from Page 6).

Berlin, despite and behind various polemics, to win Britain to a useful attitude, useful for the advancement of a German policy in regard to the Danubian region. As a circumstance of encouragement in association is looked upon the halt of some important and influential sources with rather pronounced pro-fascist orientation in London. Much prominence in connection is given to a recent article in a leading London conservative daily which surprisingly enough advocates the idea of a plebiscite for the parts greatly populated by the Sudeten Germans in Czechoslovakia, markedly lightly overlooking important geographical and historical considerations as well as the impress of an external factor on the German minority and exhibiting a tendency for abstract approach severely checked where direct British interests are involved. Commenting on this article of the London daily, the Berlin correspondent of the important moderate conservative Swiss daily, *Neue Zuricher Zeitung*, states, that the claim given a favour in it goes beyond what many German papers have attempted openly to put forward and it would be surprising if it is not taken up by Germany for propaganda purpose against Czechoslovakia. And as a matter of fact the article is made the basis of an offensive against Czechoslovakia by various German papers. In association with this offensive incidents, as the *Neue Zuricher Zeitung* writes, small and insignificant in themselves, especially considering a strained atmosphere sustained greatly by a German halt determined by the attention to the furtherance of an expansionist course, are given exaggerated prominence by the German press and brought under flaring headlines and used to beat up passions.

Inciting Slovaks

The German press is also active in lending much prominence to the claims of some other minority groups in Czechoslovakia and also in moving to play the Slovaks against the Czechs. Great attention, thus for instance, is given to a demonstration of the Slovak opposition party of Hlinka held this week at Bratislava, while a bigger demonstration of the Slovaks held in the same town shortly after at which the Czechoslovak Premier, Dr. Hodza, himself a Slovak, figured as the principal speaker, is dismissed with hardly any notice in the German Press Dr. Hodza at the latter demonstration vigorously defended the line pursued by his Government in relation to Slovakia, warned against wrong moves given calculated support from interested quarters outside, and asserted readiness and determination to defend the good name and unity of the Czechoslovak Republic. The Premier declared:—"Our nation is patient for long. But if it is once needed to show that it is bold and determined, then it will show it with clarity and thoroughness. Seldom has so much hatred been directed against a State as against ours, but seldom has also there been so clear proof of readiness and determination to retain what we hold." Germany's hope and interest for extension of dominance in South-Easterly direction, encouraged and influenced by various circumstances, and thereby bringing a wider political significance to the minority issue in Czechoslovakia, keeps the German-Czechoslovak tension as a hard and complicated issue. A settlement immediately linked with the halt of Berlin and Prague will however greatly depend upon the attitude of some of the major Powers and certain wider currents or developments as influencing the attitude of the latter. Meanwhile Czechoslovakia is both greatly alert and determined to safeguard her position. The well-known Czech writer on military matters, Yester—supposed to stand near to the Czechoslovak General Staff indicates in an article this week the possibility of initiation of three years military training in place of two as at present. The Czechoslovak Social Democratic Party celebrated this week in Prague its sixtieth anniversary. Close to a quarter million people marched past President Benes at the main thoroughfare of the city. Sokol units with arms also accompanied the procession. The demonstration carried posters bearing slogans "We are ready and will not fail" and "Long live Benes." The economic situation in Czechoslovakia remains satisfactory. Unemployment in May has sunk by another hundred thousand and the total of unemployed at less than three hundred thousand is the lowest since the last world depression started.

Soviet As Military Factor

The tension in Europe and the Far Eastern conflict brings a great interest to Soviet Union's position, especially as a military factor. It is viewed that Soviet Union in the matter has made great advance, though much uncertainty is caused by certain internal developments. The Brussels daily *Peuple* in the course of an article this week states that attention to the development of Soviet Union's military resources is seen with much annoyance by Berlin, as it tends, under conditions, to exercise a check on a line of foreign policy visualized by important Nazi leaders. This is stated as being behind Germany's keen interest for seeing the abrogation of Russia's agreement with France and now specially with Czechoslovakia. The article under reference mentions specially of the advance of the Russian air force. Japan's increasing commitments in the Far East meanwhile tends in ways to work in favour of Russia. According to one important Continental daily, exactly this circumstance and with its bound apprehension in certain centres in Europe might also give an urge to Tokio for a sharper course against Russia.

Two Br. Soldiers Stabbed

KARACHI, June 15.

Two British soldiers were stabbed by a Muslim Fakir, who ran amok in the heart of the City at the entrance of Regal Cinema. Both have been admitted into the British Military Hospital. One has been seriously injured and is unconscious.

The Fakir has been arrested.—A.P.

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Jail Reform In Bihar

Ban On Degrading Forms Of Labour: Cotton Growing In Hazaribagh

The following Press-Note has been issued by the Information Officer, Government of Bihar:—

The question of improving and reforming the administration of jails in the province has been before Government since acceptance of office by the present Ministry and the following measures have been taken by them in that connection:—

1. Hand-spinning industry on charkhas has been introduced in the Central Jails at Bhagalpur, Gaya and Hazaribagh and the District Jails at Dumka and Ranchi.

2. Spinning of tasar industry has been introduced in the Chaibasa Sub-Jail.

3. Temporary appointment of two instructresses has been sanctioned for the Bhagalpur and Gaya Central Jails to train the female prisoners of these jails in spinning.

LONG TERM PRISONERS

4. Instructions have been issued to jails to consider cases of release of long-term prisoners on the recommendation of the revising board as also the release of old, infirm and decrepit prisoners convicted of ordinary crime by liberal application of the rules of the Bihar and Orissa Jail Manual on the subject.

5. Instructions have been issued to jails for educating illiterate prisoners by the jail staff who may volunteer for the purpose or by the local residents or teachers who may be available for the purpose.

NO DEGRADING LABOUR

6. Degrading forms of labour such as mustard oil pressing industry in jails so long practised by prison labour have been abolished.

7. Instructions have been issued to all jails in connection with the distribution of labour to prisoners according to their physical fitness.

8. One acre of land of the Hazaribagh Central Jail has been allotted to the Agricultural Department for growing cotton as an experimental measure.

DIET ARRANGEMENTS

9. Supply of milk, ghee, etc., and fruits not available in the jail gardens is being made to all denominations of prisoners observing fast on any day or days of important festivals in exchange of the jail diet.

10. Instructions have been issued for proper supervision over the cooking arrangements in jails and for fair distribution of oil in 'dal' to all prisoners.

11. Instructions have been issued that in no circumstances should prisoners be fed in the open without a shelter roof during hot weather or when it rains.

WATER SUPPLY

12. Instructions have also been issued to jails to supply sufficient quantity of water to the prisoners for washing and bathing purposes and to allow them reasonably ample time for it.

13. Woollen gauntlets are now being issued, instead of 'chatti' (gunny cloth) for the protection of the skin of the prisoners employed on aloe pounding industry in the Hazaribagh Central Jail.

DARBHANGA DIST. CONGRESS

Rowdy Scenes Mar Meeting

PATNA, June 17.

The police had to intervene and guard the Darbhanga District Congress Committee Office as a result of scenes of disorder and rowdyism during a meeting yesterday to elect the office-bearers for the current year.

It is stated that members of the Kisan Sabha forced entry into the meeting hall and roughly handled the President of the Town Congress Committee and several volunteers.

Out of 361 members of the District Congress Committee, 210 met and elected Mr. Satyanarain Singh, M.L.A., (Central) as President and authorised him to nominate members to the Committee. —A. P.

U. P. Students' Conference

CAWNPORE, June 15.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the U. P. Students' Federation it was decided to hold the Provincial Students' Conference in the last week of October.

It was also decided to launch a vigorous campaign for the enrolment of 20,000 members during the current year.

The Committee requested the U. P. Government to release Ramesh Chandra Sinha and J. Bhattacharya and also to remove the ban on "all progressive literature for it does not allow the students a free scope for study so as to develop an unbiased and true perspective."—A.P.

VEHICLE OWNERS' DEMONSTRATION

Mile-Long Procession In Defiance Of Municipal Regulation

PATNA, June 17.

A two-mile long procession of over five hundred public vehicles excluding taxis and buses, flying the Tri-colour and Red Flags was taken out this morning as a protest against the new regulations and enhancement of licence fees on public vehicles imposed by the Patna Municipality.

Owners of public vehicles not having paid enhanced licence fees had been notified by the Municipality that they would be prosecuted if the fees were not paid by to-day.

A procession of carriages was taken out this morning violating this order.—A. P.

SUPERB MUSIC RELAYED FROM MADRAS

New Station Becomes The Favourite

"Madras Calling".

This was heard on the Radio on Thursday evening at 5-30. It was the inauguration of the Madras Broadcasting Station. There was very good reception of the Madras Station in Bombay. The speeches of the Hon. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar and Mr. A. C. Clow could be heard distinctly on 60.6 metres.

There is no gainsaying the fact that the music provided by the Madras Station on the opening day was excellent and one should not be surprised, if often enough in future the Bombay listeners tune upto Madras rather than hear the Bombay Station. A perusal of the "Indian Listener" shows that the authorities in charge of the Madras Station have succeeded in getting some of the leading lights of Karnatic music to agree to broadcast during the coming fortnight. Apart from the music fare, leaders of political thought, some of them of all India fame are to give talks from this Station.

One wishes in this and several other respects the Bombay Station will follow the Madras example and even at this late stage improve its programme. "Urbs Prima in Indis" should not be content with mediocrity.

Semmangudi Srinivasa Iyer, the vocalist was really superb. He is known to be one of the best exponents of Karnatic music and on Thursday night he did not fail his admirers. It was a pity that Balasaraswati, another great exponent of the art, could not broadcast because of her sudden illness. Srimati Viswesaramma substituted for her. Thiruvengadu Subramanya Pillai on the "Nadaswaram" was superb.

The message of Lord Erskine, relayed from Government House Ootacamund and the talk on "Radio in India" in chaste Telugu by Sir K. V. Reddi were heard very distinctly.

The announcers at the Madras Station seem to require some experience. One could make out that the announcer was a bit nervous. That was possibly because it was the first night. The authorities in Madras should also see to it that the announcer uses the local language instead of announcing only in English about songs that were either in Tamil or Telugu. It must, however, be recorded that news announcer from Madras compares well with those at some older stations like Delhi and Bombay. It has a technique of its own and possibly the Madras gentleman is well trained.

Hindi Prachar Sabha Activities

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, writes:—

The Free Hindi Classes at the following Centres have recommended their work after the Summer Vacation:—

GANDHI SEVA SENA, Adenwala Mansion, Chowpatty Seaface, on week-days (afternoon), and Sundays between 8-15 and 10-15 a. m.

BHAGINI SAMAJ, Sandhurst Road, Prarthana Samaj, on Tuesdays and Fridays between 1 and 2 p. m.

HIND MAHILA SAMAJ, New Bhatvadi, Girgaon, on Tuesdays and Fridays, between 3 and 4 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE CLASSES, at noon, on week-days at Parel, Damodar Hall, at Dadar and at Girgaon

KABIBAI HIGH SCHOOL, Boribunder, Holi Chakla, Saturdays (night) and on Sundays (morning).

KELE-VADI AUDYOGIC SCHOOL, Girgaon, on Wednesdays, Saturdays and Sundays.

NAPPOO HALL, Matunga, G. I. P., week-days, between 8-45 and 9-45 p. m.

TILAK MANDIR, Vile Parle, week-days, between 8-30 and 9-30 p. m.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY HIGH SCHOOL, near Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Kovid and Visharad Classes on Saturdays and Sundays between 4 and 6 p. m.

For particulars consult Hindi Prachar Sabha, Adenwala Mansion, Chowpatty Sea-face.

"I've never been chosen for the team before"

"HE'S MADE A GOOD RECOVERY, BUT IS STILL VERY WEAK.... GIVE HIM BRAND'S ESSENCE OF CHICKEN."
"I FEEL HEAPS BETTER, MUMMIE. IT MUST BE THIS LOVELY BRAND'S ESSENCE."
"WONDERFUL — HE LOOKS A DIFFERENT CHILD. I SHOULD SEND HIM BACK TO SCHOOL NEXT WEEK."
"MUMMIE, I'M IN THE TEAM AFTER ALL —AND I'M BEING MOVED UP NEXT TERM, TOO."

YOUR children's whole future depends on their health and vitality. Success at lessons and games, sound teeth, strong limbs—they are the result of wise care, especially during and after illness. Nothing is better than Brand's pure Essence of Chicken for restoring energy and maintaining strength. Light and delicious to take, it is equally good for adults and the aged.

GIVE BRAND'S ESSENCE OF CHICKEN for General weakness, After operations and serious illnesses, Ulcers and all gastric troubles, During Pregnancy, Childbirth and nursing, Growing children, etc., etc.

Brand's Essence of Chicken is best taken cold and should be kept previous to use in a cool place, if possible on ice.

BRAND'S

ESSENCE OF CHICKEN

Untouched by hand—contains no preservatives

Obtainable in bottles from your dealer

Agents for India: Grahams Trading Co. (India) Limited. Bombay P.O. Box 90. Calcutta P.O. Box 147. Karachi P.O. Box 30

DILATORY TACTICS OF EMPLOYERS

Cawnpore Congress Call To Govt.

CAWNPORE, June 17.

The City Congress Committee has adopted a resolution expressing satisfaction at the U .P. Government's resolution on the Enquiry Committee recommendations and regretting that the employers have not expressed their opinion and are using dilatory tactics.

The Committee requested the U. P. Government that if the employers persisted in continuing the deadlock the Government should issue such orders as not to allow employers to start the working unless an honourable settlement was arrived at.

The Committee apprehends trouble in Cawnpore if the labour dispute is not settled amicably.—A. P.

CHOLERA ON THE INCREASE

Weekly Health Report

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

Health conditions in the Bombay Province for the week ending 11th June:—

CHOLERA

The provincial cholera figures for the week were 52 attacks and 34 deaths against 16-4 in the previous week. Surat district had 19 cases and 12 deaths against 5-3, Thana 18-18 against nil; Ahmednagar 14-4 against 2-0; and Bombay 1-4 against nil. The infection has reappeared in Thana district after a lapse of two months. The District Local Board, Thana has appointed a special Medical officer on cholera duty. The infection in other districts is confined to small areas and the Dispensary Medical Officers are adopting preventive measures. The case in Bombay City was imported from the United Province.

PLAGUE

Five cases and two deaths from plague were reported during the week against 3-2 in the previous week. They were reported from Satara district the previous week's figures in that district being 2-1.

SMALLPOX

Smallpox figures by districts for the week are:—Ratnagiri 39-8; Satara 37-3; Nasik 13-1; Ahmednagar 9-1; Kolaba 7-1; East Khandesh 5-4; Sholapur 4-0; Ahmedabad 3-2; Kanara 2-2; Poona 2-2; Thana 2-0; Belgaum 1-0 and Bombay City 13-11. Total 137 attacks and 35 deaths against 272-55 in the previous week.

Menace To Fruit Industry

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 17.

I understand, two officers of the Agricultural Research Department, Dr. T. Ahmed and Mustafa, have left for Afghanistan on deputation in order to make investigations on fruit tree insect called 'sanjose'. This insect which is reported to be a serious menace to fruit industry in Afghanistan, appears to have spread to the Frontier districts and also part of the Punjab. For this reason the authorities of the Agricultural Research Council have decided on special investigations in Kabul.

TRAGIC AFTERMATH OF WEDDING FEAST

Food Poisoning Takes Toll Of Twenty Persons

LUCKNOW, June 17.

Tragedy overtook a marriage party in a village near Khurja according to an Aligarh message.

Fifty of the guests took suddenly ill on the morning after the marriage feast and twenty of them died. At first it was attributed to cholera but subsequent investigation showed that food poisoning was responsible for the mortality.—A.P.

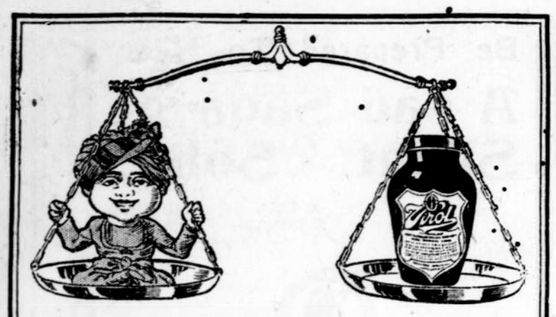
DISTRICT BOARDS AND HOLIDAYS

ALLAHABAD, June 17.

The U. P. Government have issued circulars to all Commissioners in connection with holidays observed by the District Boards stating that as the District Boards are self-governing bodies, they should have some latitude in the matter of holidays.

While the Boards generally have to observe holidays on the collectorate basis, they are besides allowed three days more in a year to use according to their discretion.—United Press.

A political conference will be held in Chail Tehsil near Allahabad on June 24 under the auspices of the Allahabad District Congress Committee. The Hon. Dr. K. N. Katju, Minister for Industries will preside.—



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Virol stands pre-eminent as the one great food that contains all the necessary elements in the correct proportion.

Everything your child needs for growth and health and resistance to infection is in Virol in the correct, balanced quantities. No more and no less of any ingredient is to be found in Virol, than the child's system can assimilate.

Give your child Virol and the opportunity to grow strong.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A

VIROL

CONSTITUTION

ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE

to copy the Tek toothbrush. But because Tek's short-headed design is *patented*, no other brush of quite the same excellence can be made. Beware, however, of the imitations put on the market by manufacturers who recognize that the short-headed toothbrush is superior in every way to the old-fashioned big-headed kind. Bear in mind that NO short head brush is genuine unless it bears the world famous image

Tek

A Guaranteed Product of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough

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You can use no better Soap than MYSORE SANDAL SOAP to safeguard your complexion. Its silky lather prevents skin blemishes and enlarged pores and enables you to have a matchless complexion always

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Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency (excluding Sind and Districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and North Kanara) and Rajputana.
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KAMGAR SANGH'S ULTIMATUM

Redress Workers' Grievances Before July 2; Elaborate Preparations For Strike

The General Secretary, Bombay Municipal Kamgar Union, has issued the following:—

It is a well-known fact that the condition of the workers belonging to the Bombay Municipal Corporation is far from satisfactory. Majority of the workers are kept on daily wages and are not given adequate wages and necessary facilities that are essential for the human being. The whole of the Municipal workers are being treated like chattel and are being harassed by the superiors in many ways.

Our Sangh is doing its utmost to represent the grievances of the workers. On February 4 last, I put forth certain grievances, of the Drainage Department to the Municipal authorities but there was no response from them. Then in the beginning of April 1938, there was a strike in the Drainage Department and on being approached by the authorities, I and my co-workers persuaded the workers to resume the work as the authorities assured us that they would consider the grievances of the workers favourably.

Accordingly, I met the Mechanical Engineer, who is in charge of the department on the 11th April and discussed matters with him in detail. Certain proposals of minor nature were formulated but the major grievances remained as they were. Even these minor details which were considered have not been given effect to till now.

On the 6th of this month, I addressed a letter to the Municipal Commissioner requesting him to let me know as to what was being done in the matter of redressing the grievances of the Drainage Workers. On the 10th instant, I received a letter from him which was far from satisfactory.

The matter was considered by the Managing Committee of my Sangh at their meeting held on the 15th instant and the Committee felt that now there was no other alternative than to declare strike in this department. Accordingly, they authorized me to give notice of strike as required under the Trade Dispute Act.

I have informed the Commissioner that if the grievances were not redressed by July 1, '38 the workers of the Drainage Department would go on strike.

In view of this, my Sangh is taking elaborate preparations for the strike, on or about 2nd of July 1938. I, therefore take this opportunity of appealing the Municipal Corporation to see that the grievances of the Drainage Workers are redressed forthwith.

TURKEY PREPARES FOR AIR RAIDS

ISTANBUL, (By Air Mail)

Large boards showing the name, address and telephone number of every institution of person likely to be needed in case of emergency are to be set up at the entrance of every important street in Istanbul.

Illuminated at night and illustrated by a map, each board will state the doctors, midwives, chemists, hospitals, first-aid clinics, fire and police stations to be found in the neighbourhood.

The intention of the municipality is to help not only those in charge of air raid precautions in the event of an attack but also any one who needs urgent assistance in times of peace.

HIS PREDICTIONS CAME TRUE

HANKOW: (By Mail).

A well-known fortune-teller published a book at the beginning of this year, in which he made the following three predictions:—

On March 12 Herr Hitler will make an announcement which will startle the world:

In April the Chinese will win an important victory.

In August the Japanese will be defeated by the Chinese, but civil war will break out in China.

Two of these predictions have come true. On March 12 Herr Hitler announced the Austro-German Anschluss. In April the Chinese won their victory at Taierchwang.

It remains to be seen whether the third prediction will come true or not.

International dressage tests held in Britain for the first time provide great demonstration of high school training and officers representing Great Britain, Germany, France, Holland, Denmark and Czechoslovakia will compete.

CARDINAL HINSLEY BLESSES CHILDREN.

Picturesquely cloaked, two thousand Children of Mary were blessed by Cardinal Hinsley, Archbishop of Westminster, after attending their seventh annual service at Westminster Cathedral. The Cardinal is seen in the balcony when the children are passing in procession below.

GREAT TRAFFIC CENSUS ON TRUNK ROADS: An army of officials, including a number of women, have begun a census of traffic on the trunk roads in Britain to collect data for future road development plans. A cyclist being marked here as he passes the two observers on the Bath Road, Middlesex.

Japanese Troops Composed Of Peasant Conscripts

SHANGHAI (By Mail).

A curious anomaly has arisen in Shanghai with regard to the percentage of Japanese subjects enrolled in the Shanghai Municipal Police Force (force of the International Settlement).

One of the main Japanese demands of the Shanghai Municipal Council has been that the Japanese be given greater representation in the Police force.

A check up on the present strength of the Police Force reveals, however, that to-day, while officials are still arguing the principle of increasing this representation, the Japanese contingent is as much as 40 men below even the normal pre-"Incident" figure of 300.

In an effort to increase the number of Japanese policemen the Shanghai Municipal Council recently went so far as to despatch a special recruiting mission to Japan. The mission has returned after a month in Japan, having secured promises of precisely 12 further recruits—but these have not turned up for duty yet.

It is understood that the chief reason for the present shortage of Japanese recruits is due to the fact that nearly all able-bodied Japanese subjects, suitable for the Shanghai Police Force, have been conscripted for work with the Japanese armies in China.

CONSCRIPT TROOPS.

Two-thirds of the Japanese troops fighting in China are conscripts, according to information collected by Reuter's correspondent during a tour behind the Japanese lines.

The majority of these conscripts are rough farm labourers, but there is a fair sprinkling of higher class men, and even of artists of various types.

One of this last class was found by Reuter's correspondent serving as an orderly at one of the headquarters in the field.

He was then plain Corporal Akira Suzuki.

Before being drafted for service in China, he was a 'cellist in a Japanese symphony orchestra conducted by Viscount Konoye, brother of the Japanese Prime Minister.

He had studied music in France and had travelled extensively in England, Central Europe and the Near East. He spoke both French and English fluently.

Hearing that Reuter's correspondent was an Englishman, he lost his military air for a moment, becoming apparently oblivious to the ceaseless roar of bombers and the thud of heavily artillery that pervaded the air all around, while he went into rhapsodies at the performances he had heard in England given by the B.B.C. Orchestra and the London Symphony Orchestra.

Brought finally back to earth by the explosion of a shell unpleasantly near, he proceeded to speak of his life since this undeclared war began.

'I started," he said, "as commander of a machinegun unit on the Shanghai front.

"Taken from the quiet beauty of my musical life, I found it terrible at first. It made me feel sick to kill men and see my comrades killed around me."

TINNEVELLY BAR ASSOCIATION AFFAIRS

When it was announced by the Government that in future the Bar Associations should submit names for the appointment of public Prosecutors, it was pointed out by some newspapers that this was as good as saying that Brahmins alone will be appointed as Public Prosecutors.

That criticism has been borne out by the decision of the Tinnevelly Bar Association made at its meeting held on 7th June. Consisting as the Bar does of an overwhelming majority of Brahmin lawyers, it was a foregone conclusion that the panel to be submitted to the Government will consist of the names of only Brahmin members. And that was what actually happened.

The Non-Brahmin lawyers have protested and refused to participate in the meeting. That made it all the easier for the Brahmins to have their own way. Communalism of the worst type was revealed in all its nakedness at the Bar Association meeting.

The Non-Brahmin members of the Tinnevelly Bar should be thankful to their Brahmin brethren for teaching them a lesson. For communalism is a game at which two communities can play. If Brahmins are communal, Non-Brahmins should be more communal. Intense and widespread propaganda should be carried all over the Tinnevelly District.—The "Sunday Observer" —Madras.

MACHINE FOR PRODUCING ARTIFICIAL RAIN

MOSCOW: (By Mail).

A machine for producing "artificial rain" has been devised to combat the drought danger in the Trans-Volga regions.

Water will be raised from the Volga by the powerful hydro-electric station now being built near Kuibyshev, and distributed by a machine consisting of a pump pipes and what is called "A long-range rain device."

A tractor is used to propel the pump and to pull the machine from one place to another.

Designed by the All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Hydro-technique and Reclamation, the machine can provide artificial rain throughout the summer for an area of some 225 acres.

Quick, Safe, HEALING for LEG SORES

—Zam-Buk Never Leaves Ugly Scars.

ABSCESSES, ulcers and leg sores may be caused by a simple knock or scratch, or by sheer weakness, varicose veins or excessive standing. But, in every case, the terrible throbbing pains and fiery irritation is agony to the sufferer. For the successful cure of ulceration be sure to apply regular dressings of Zam-Buk. This wonderful herbal ointment is instantly cooling and soothing. Furthermore, Zam-Buk penetrates to the root of the trouble, it destroys poison germs and subdues inflammation. Zam-Buk dries up bad matter, completely banishes itching and pain and heals without a scar. Use Zam-Buk also for eczema, itch, spots, pimples, rashes, sores, cuts, piles, etc.

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GUARANTEED FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT.
Price One Rupee or Rs. 2-4 at all medicine dealers.

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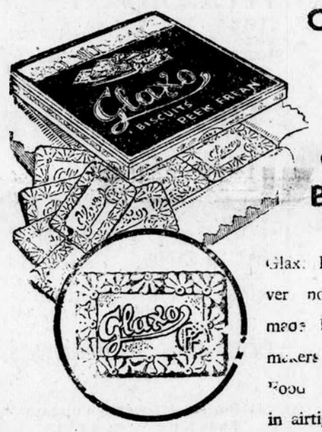

CHILDREN LOVE Glaxo BISCUITS

Glaxo Biscuits are delicious and ever nourishing, too. They are made by Peek Frean for the makers of the famous Glaxo Milk Food. These biscuits are packed in airtight tins to preserve their freshness in difficult climates.

PEEK FREAN

make also CHEESELETS · GOLDEN PUFF

ASSORTED CREAM · MILK (in airtight cartons)

Sole Agents:—Herbertsons, Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta.

For MALARIA, INFLUENZA and All Sorts of FEVERS

Batliwalla Ague Mixture

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Can be had from all Chemists.

Sole Selling Agents:— P. M. PATNI & Co.
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For LIVER & SPLEEN DISORDERS.

SOLD AT ALL CHEMISTS

AYURVEDASRAMAM, MADRAS.

A THREE-STAR SHOW

MADE BY THE PACE-MAKERS IN THE FILM FIELD!

'Gopal Krishna'

(HINDI)

The PRABHAT Touch to SHRI KRISHNA

Starring:—
★ SHANTA APTE
★ RAM MARATHEY
★ Master PARASHRAM

7th Week
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Hol.: Matinee at 2-30 p. m.

CENTRAL CINEMA: ..... :GIRGAUM

★ MUSIC ★ SONGS ★
★ COMEDY ★ SATIRE ★
★ DRAMA ★

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GOPICHAND

THE BIGGEST FILM MUSICAL OF THE YEAR,

with the Year's BIGGEST SONG-STAR SET:

★ LEELA
★ CHANDRAKANT
★ RATNAPRABHA
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★ LONDHE
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"GOPICHAND"

PLANNED TO PLEASE EVERY CLASS!

Scenario & Direction: BHAL G. PENDHARKAR

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OPERA HOUSE

Songs from "GOPICHAND" are recorded by H.M.V.

The BROADWAY
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DAILY THREE SHOWS: AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Thrilling Adventure..... An Exciting story with India and Crimea as its background..... Breathtaking spectacle..... Sweeping drama..... Glorious love.... Superlating cast in the most Magnificent film of all time:

"THE CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE"

A WARNER BROS.' PICTURE based on Tennyson's deathless Poem.——Co-starring:—

ERROL FLYNN
OLIVIA De HAVILLAND
with thousands in the cast

TO-MORROW MORNING SHOW: AT 10-30 A. M.
Get Ready for a Shower of Joy!
EDDIE CANTOR in "PALMY DAYS"

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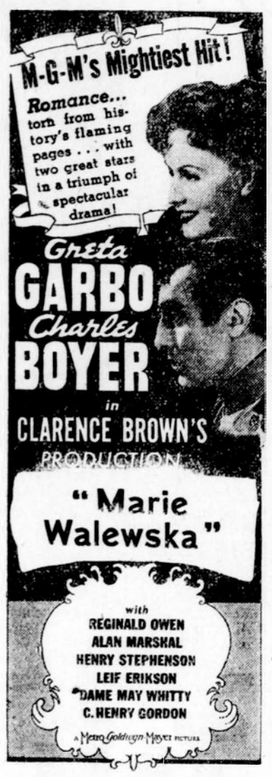
WHERE THE LION ROARS!
Telephone: 31045

DAILY AT 3-30; 6-30 & 10 P.M.



NOTE:—Unpaid reservations will be sold half an hour before each performance.

Box Offices Open: 9-30 a.m.

WELLINGTON
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

MOST ROMANTIC ADVENTURE STORY OF ALL TIMES!

"THE PRISONER OF ZENDA"

with
RONALD COLMAN
MADELEINE CARROLL
MARY ASTOR — C. AUBREY SMITH
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, Jr.

as the most Lovable Villain as RUPERT of HENTZAN

Plans Open. ..... 'Phone: 22666

SUNDAY MORNING SHOW: AT 10 A.M.

MARLENE DIETRICH
IN
"SHANGHAI EXPRESS"

IN THE TENTH AND LAST WEEK
DO NOT FAIL TO SEE

BOMBAY TALKIES' GLORIOUS SCREEN PLAY

Nirmala

Starring:
DEVIKA RANI
ASHOK KUMAR

Get from Your Dealer H.M.V. Records of "NIRMALA" SONGS.

Daily: 5-15; 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee To-day & To-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

2 ZENANA SHOWS This Week
MONDAY & THURSDAY
1-30

ROXY TALKIES

PRESIDENCY ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Classes Opened In City And Dadar

The first term of the Adult Education Classes for 1938-'39 conducted by the Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association will commence from 11th July 1938

The programme of work consists of Two-Year Courses, Language Courses, Terminal Courses and Special Courses. A nominal fee of Re. 1 is charged per term for each course. Professors of the local colleges conduct these classes at Bombay as well as at Dadar.

Of the Two-Year Courses, Ethics will be taken by Prof. Pandit Metaphysics by Prof. D'Andrade, English Literature by Miss Rustomji and Prof. Colaco, Economics and Political Theory by Prof. Wadia.

German and Italian will be taken by the Rev. Fr. J. Duhr, Spanish by the Rev. Fr. Llorens, Basic French by Mr. Parakh and Hindustani by Mr. Balkrishnarao.

Banking by Mr. Joshi, Psychology in every day life by Dr. Lalkaka, Child-Psychology by Dr. Rivale, the Hindu View of Social Organisation by Dr. Valvalkar and Geography by Prof. Trivedi.

Radio Communication with demonstrations by Mr. Marathe and a course on Photography.

At Dadar centre the following courses are provided:—Terminal Courses:—Modern English Literature by Prof. Daruvala, French by Prof Saldanha, Philosophy by Prof. Lavande and Economics by Prof. Venkataraman.

Marathi Literature by Prof. Phatak and Wireless by Prof. Patankar. The time of the lecture is 6-30 p.m. at Bombay, and 7 p.m at Dadar. Further information can be had from the Office of the Association, K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Building, next to St. Andrew's Church, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

TWO YOUTHS ON CYCLE TOUR

Programme For One Year To Study Geographical Conditions

Two young Matriculates Messrs. W. B. Donde and M. D. Patil aged 15 and 16 set out on an adventurous all-India journey on cycles from Bombay on Wednesday. They wish to study the geographical conditions of India in their tour which is scheduled for a year.

Straight away they will be proceeding to Northern India via Poona, Nasik (Maharashtra), C. P. and U. P. along the Poona-Agra Road to Peshawar. From there they will proceed along the Ganges Valley to Bengal and then to South-India, from thence home, all in one year.

They were given a hearty send off by their parents.

Happy Revival of the Popular Bombay Talkies' Hit

JEEVAN PRABHAT

Starring the Most Enchanting *S T A R*
DEVIKA RANI
Supported By:
RENUKADEVI, MAYADEVI, KISHOR SAHU, MUMTAZALI and Others.

DON'T MISS IT TO-NIGHT AT
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Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

GORILLA The Great
IN
PRAKASH PICTURE
'STATE EXPRESS'
VIJAY BHATT PRODUCTION

Most Thrilling Romance: Liked and Loved by All.
Now RUNNING In
FOURTH GLORIOUS WEEK
AT
The SUPER
TALKIES.
Sat., Sun. & Holiday: 2-30 p.m.
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

Deputation To Wait On Bhulabhai

Protection For Cine Industry To Be Demanded

A deputation of the Motion Picture Society of India is going to wait shortly on Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Legislative Assembly, in connection with the invasion of a foreign film purchasing concerned on Indian film esxhibition trade.

It is learnt that the deputation will ask the Congress Party leader to introduce a bill for introduction of quota system and for affording protection to India film purchasing and exhibition business.

MUSLIM DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE BILL

Tinnevelly Meeting's Support

To elicit opinion on the Muslim Dissolution of Marriage Bill introduced By Qazi Mahomed Ahmed Kazmi M. L.A., in the Central Legislative Assembly, a public meeting of the Muslims was held recently in the English Lecture Hall of Madura Dhiraviyam Thayumanavar Hindu College, Tinnevelly Mr. P. Rajagopalachariar, District Judge, presided.

The Bill is intended to consolidate the provisions of Muslim Law relating to suits by married Muslim women for dissolution of marriage and to remove doubts as to the effect of apostasy of a married Muslim woman on her marriage tie.

Mr. P. Rajagopalachariar explained to the audience the salient provisions of the Bill and said that they aimed at giving the right to a Muslim woman to dissolve her marriage through a court of law. After explaining the various sections of the Bill, he invited the opinion of the Muslims gathered there on these provisions.

Persistent Cruelty

Mr. K T. M. Ibrahim, Advocate, Madras, said the basic principles of the Bill should be accepted by Muslims of every sect. The author of the Bill belonged to the Punjab where conditions might be different from those of South India. Therefore, certain sections of the Bill which contained words, such as "persistent cruelty from husbands" would not find favour with Muslims in South India and would require to be selected.

Discussing a provision in the Bill that the suits for dissolution of marriage filed by Muslim women should be tried by a Muslim Judge, he said that this was impracticable. He added that suits for dissolution of marriage should be tried as other suits arising under the Civil Procedure Code, whoever might be the Judge.

He added that the provision, namely, "that the conversion of a married Muslim woman to a faith other than Islam, shall not by itself operate to dissolve a marriage"—was opposed to the basic principles of Islam and to the usual practice hitherto in vogue. He wanted that this section should be deleted.

Mr. A. K. Bijili Sahib, Advocate Tinnevelly, said that as in the case of suits for dissolution of marriages filed by members of other communities, the District Judge alone, whatever be his religion or caste, was competent to try suits for dissolution of marriage filed by Muslim women. He wanted that the Bill should be made self-contained, definite and unambiguous.

Discussing the case of Muslim women who embraced a faith other than Islam, Mr. Bijili stated that a provision should be made compelling such women to get a declaration through a proper court of law to the fact of their conversion to other faiths and to the dissolution of their marriage with their Muslim husbands.

Messrs. Sahul Hamid and Mahomed Yusuf Alim Sahib spoke.

The meeting was in favour of conceding the right to Muslim women to get dissolution of marriage through a proper court of law. Such suits should only be heard by a District Judge. The majority of the audience were in favour of making such litigation as cheap as possible.

75 P. C. MILK FAKING IN CITY

Is It Due To Heavy Downpour In Last Week?

The list of cases for adulteration of milk in which convictions were obtained during the week ended 11th June was as under:—

Names of persons convicted and fined by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, Esplanade Police Court:—

(1) Mr. Rampratap Dudhanath, owner of the milk shop at No. 10, Tullock Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 30 on 6-6-38 or in default to undergo fourteen days' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 14.1 per cent extraneous water.

(2) Mr. Gowrishankar Chunilal, owner of the Sweetmeat shop at Nos. 315-317, Girgaum Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 15 on 10-6-38, for selling milk containing 13.3 per cent extraneous water.

Names of persons convicted and fined by the Municipal Court of Hon. Presidency Magistrates, Mazagaon, Mazagaon Police Court:—

(3) Mr Kanta Raghunathsing, hawking milk at D'Lima Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 20 on 6-6-38 or in default to undergo three weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 12.2 per cent extraneous water.

(4) Mr. Jariharising Jorising, owner of the milk shop at No. 118, Kamathipura Centre Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 100 on 6-6-38 or in default to undergo two months' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 75.0 per cent extraneous water.

(5) Mr Bishwanath Umrao, hawking milk at Grant Road Railway Station, was convicted and fined Rs. 35 on 6-6-38 or in default to undergo four weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 28.8 per cent extraneous water.

(6) Mr. Govind Hanu Shetty, owner of the Eating House at No. 60, Kamathipura Bazar Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on 6-6-38 or in default to undergo six weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk deficient in fat to the extent of 21.6 per cent.

(7) Mr. Ramcharitar Gajraj, hawking milk at Grant Road Railway Station, was convicted and fined Rs. 25 on 8-6-38 or in default to undergo three weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 14.4 per cent extraneous water.

(8) Mr. A. R. Kamat, owner of the Eating House near Tram Depot, Foras Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on 8-6-38 or in default to undergo six weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 13.3 per cent extraneous water.

(9) Mr. Laxman Babaji, owner of the milk shop at No. 52, Falkland Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on 8-6-38 or in default to undergo six weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 11.1 per cent extraneous water.

(10) Mr. Jaikaransing Ramajayatsing, hawking milk at Bhandarkar Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 25 on 7-6-38 or in default to undergo three weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 12.2 per cent extraneous water.

(11) Mr. Suba Shetty, owner of the Eating House at No. 31, Timber Mansion, Bhau Daji Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 30 on 7-6-38 or in default to undergo four weeks' simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 14.4 per cent extraneous water.

(12) Mr. Muttaya Shetty, Manager of the Eating House at No. 31, Timber Mansion, Bhau Daji Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 5 on 7-6-38 or in default to undergo one week's simple imprisonment for selling milk containing 14.4 per cent extraneous water.

(13) Mr. Rajnarayan Shivbacha Owner of the milk shop at No. 365, Lady Jamshedji Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on 11-6-38 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment, for selling milk containing 15.5 per cent extraneous water. He was also ordered to pay Rs. 25 in charity.

MAYOR'S RUPEE FUND TO CLOSE ON JUNE 20

The Mayor's Rupee Fund in aid of the King-Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund definitely closes on Monday, June 20 and it will not be possible to subscribe after that date.

Prominent Bombay ladies are making a last minute drive for subscriptions, while a few unsold receipts can be obtained from the Mayor's Office, Corporation Hall.

On Wednesday or Thursday, when the accounts are adjusted, the committee will arrange for the opening of the envelopes containing the winning numbers in the presence of His Excellency the Governor, probably in the course of next week.

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A sad Saga of Silent Sobs!
A TALE OF A MUCH WRONGED WOMAN By the Society!

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'ABHAGIN'
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Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-30 p.m.
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So say the Journalists when they have seen this Great Hit from
Ranjit MOVIETONE
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The Story of a Man who tried to defy his own MAKER!
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Drawing CROWDED HOUSES At
2ND GLORIOUS WEEK THE WEST END
Time: 5-30, 8 & 10-30; Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Chivalry In Tram-cars

To the Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—I have a grievance against the system of reserved seats for ladies in tram-cars in Bombay. It is felt more acutely—these rainy days owing to overcrowding most of the time. The two reserved benches can, under no circumstances be occupied by men; whereas ladies can sit anywhere they choose. Very often I have found educated ladies occupying the general seats and men standing in the gangway in spite of the reserved benches being vacant. Ladies did not show any regard—counterpart of chivalry—to gentlemen, by occupying the seats which it was their privilege to occupy. When equality is being talked about with such a force now-a-days, the abolition of reservation of seats for the fair sex will not involve any danger, at least in a modern city like Bombay. At any rate, ladies do not lose anything by occupying the vacant reserved seats, on such occasions.—Yours etc.

AMDEKAR.

Jinnah And Hindustani

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It must have been a painful surprise for the lovers of Hindu-Moslem Unity to read in your valued columns the report of Mr. Jinnah's speech at Kesar Baug the other day. It has become a habit with him to exaggerate or invent undesirable matter whenever he attacks the Congress. But none expected him to talk in the way he did almost immediately after his hopeful talks with President Bose. I am not concerned with other points of his speech, because they are all old points and have been answered, time and again, by the Congress Leaders.

I shall only say a few words about his utterances against Hindi. These utterances show Mr. Jinnah in a very highly communal colour. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has given him a brief yet fitting reply; but I wish a detailed reply was given by one of the leaders.

In his speech Mr. Jinnah has confused the whole issue. The Congress, as everyone is aware, has made it amply clear that 'India's National Language is neither Hindi (as it is known by the orthodox Hindus) nor Urdu (as it is known by the orthodox Moslems), but 'Hindustani' which is a simple form of Hindi and Urdu and which is spoken and understood in most parts of the country.

Mr. Jinnah deliberately calls Hindustani a synonym of Hindi. He wants all the Moslem Children to learn only Urdu, as if they learn Hindi, they will learn Hindu Philosophy, Hindu Literature and would read of Hindu heroes.' He does not stop there. He does not wish the Moslems to learn even any of the Provincial languages, such as Gujarati, as according to him, 'the Moslems in Bombay learnt in Gujarati the Hindu Philosophy the Hindu literature and the 'Hindu ideals.'

This statement of Mr. Jinnah is so dangerous that I wonder why nationalist journals like the "Chronicle" did not make any comment on it.

Mr. Jinnah is under the impression that religion goes with the language. But it is not always the case. Christian Missionaries have successfully preached Christianity through Urdu and Hindi. In the villages of U. P. the Moslem peasants speak simple Hindustani. Their children read books written in Devnagari and yet they are as good Moslems as Mr. Jinnah. I can point out hundreds of books and articles in Hindi about Moslem heroes and Moslem ideals and I am certain their Hindu readers are none the worse after reading them.

It may also be noted that Mr. Jinnah does not object to the Moslems learning English and through it Christian literature, Christian philosophy and Christian ideals. He is opposed only to the provincial languages.

He has, though unconsciously, admitted that Urdu is the language of Moslems only and is, therefore not fit to become the national language of India.

In my opinion Hindu and Urdu may be left alone to take their own courses, like other provincial languages, and Hindus and Moslems should co-operate to make simple Hindustani rich with national (and not Hindu or Moslem) ideals, national literature and national philosophy in spite of Mr. Jinnah.—Yours, etc.,

D. R. PREM,
Ex-Editor, the Hindi "Chand".
Bombay, June 12.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Bombay-Uran Service

The Secretary of the Uran-Bombay Passengers' Relief Association protests against the stoppage of the above service by the Bombay Steam Navigation Co., from the 6th instant which is causing great inconvenience to the passengers. The correspondent questions why the service should be closed when it has been in operation for 20 years now and appeals to the Company to restart it.

Bulsar-Dharampur Road

S. K. PILLAI (Dharampur) draws the attention of the Minister for Public Works to the very deplorable condition of the Bulsar-Dharampur road, which is causing severe hardships to the public, particularly since the rain started. The bridge over the Valandi creek has not yet been reopened to the traffic. The correspondent appeals to the Minister to rectify matters immediately.

Bombay Trams

S. S. NANAVATY requests the B. E. S. T. Co. to scrap the old, single-deck, double tram-cars which are extremely antiquated and incomfortable and give severe shakings and jolts to the passengers. The correspondent observes that the proper authorities ought to compel the Company to discontinue the use of such cars.

Medical Practitioner's Act

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Now that this proposed Act is before the Assembly and the Select Committee, it is necessary that one should have a thorough explanation of the object and reasons for such an Act and also should explain to the public what are the fundamental factors which make the modern science.

The main idea of the Act is to stop quackery by getting under registration all the people who are practising in the name of scientific medicine and examine their credentials for doing so and to prevent in future, further more persons coming up to practise medical science without having training in the fundamental sciences and the scientific medicine. There is some confusion created by preparation of separate lists and it would have been much better if a licensing board had been created and empowered to grant licenses amongst practitioner of 10 years' standing to only those who are in some way qualified and have some knowledge of practise of medicine in a scientific way and who should be controlled by this Board in proper discipline.

Such sort of free registration to every person who was practising medicine for some time was given in England when the first Medical Registration Act of 1858 came into force. The Medical Act of (1858) England, s.40 prescribed a fine up to £20 for any person who wilfully and falsely used the title which implied that he was registered.

Vienna has just passed a new medical law. The section dealing with the penalties for unqualified practice imposes a fine not exceeding 2,000 shillings or imprisonment up to three months. This is a very important clause for it gives, for the first time in that country an opportunity to combat quackery. Hitherto this evil could never be eradicated, since the law required the proof of a regular, paid occupation, and the quacks were clever enough to slip through the wide meshes of such a net. Now they need not be summoned before a court, but can be sentenced by the local magistrates. The profession there has received this new regulation with uniform satisfaction.

The "Aerzte-ordnung," as the new law is termed, is divided into five parts. "The first part" defines for the first time in Austrian Legislation "The medical profession" and enumerates the conditions required for the right to practise. The definition says that practice of medicine comprises curative treatment of diseased persons, diagnosis and giving of expert opinions on diseased conditions, prophylaxis, prescription of remedies for prophylactic therapeutic and diagnostic purposes; and for removing the ailments of the human body. It thus does away with the difficulties of prescribing narcotic drugs. The diagnostic or therapeutic application of x-rays is expressly reserved for the medical man. Medical practice is reserved exclusively for qualified persons who must have the following: Austrian federal citizenship, a certificate of having passed the "Matura" examination before the year 1918 in one of the provinces of the former Austrian Empire or in the State. A "Matura" testimonial or a medical diploma of M.D. obtained either in the old Empire or in the State. A "Matura" testimonial or a medical diploma conferred abroad is valid only if it is equivalent to one obtained in Austria and afterwards recognised in this country or in the old Empire. Furthermore, inclusion in the medical register is absolutely essential.

The second part of the ordinance deals with the rights and duties of the "Arzt." (Doctor). This denomination is reserved strictly for those complying with the stated requirements. No other person may assume a similar title, such as a natur-arzt, magnet-arzt, homoeopathic arzt or publicly use titles obtained abroad unless permission is obtained. The designation "Fach-arzt" (specialist) will be conferred on those entitled to it by an ordinance.

It would be agreed by all that the present-day Medical Education is based on one uniform standard of scientific education in practically all the advanced countries of the world and also in those which are adopting modern methods such as Japan, Turkey, Persia, China, etc.

It will be admitted that the basic sciences of Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Physiology and Pharmacology (knowledge of drugs) are of one uniform kind all over the world. There are no separate systems in those sciences such as Indian, Japanese or Eastern Chemistry and Western Chemistry or Physics or any separate formulas for separate countries.

Chemical and pharmaceutical nature of the water we drink, the air we breathe and the food and drugs we take is the same all over the world whether it be West or East, and it seems strange that educated people including legislators, lawyers and even some scientists should talk about different systems of medical science (Ayurvedic, Homoeopathy, Unani, Osteopathy etc.) when there is only one scientific medicine which is based on the same scientific subjects all over the world and not on Ayurvedic chemistry or Unani physics or Homoeopathic biology etc.

Now, as for the cry for the various non-scientific organisations to have separate registration, one should understand in ordinary lay language how the other professions such as legal or motor repairing etc., are organised. Surely one cannot be a qualified and registered lawyer and allowed to practice before the courts simply on his knowledge of Hindu Law or Mohamedan Law or English Law. He must have fundamental training in legal principles of contract, Tort etc., and then he must study its various branches and pass a standard test; then he is labelled an advocate or barrister or Pleader. There cannot be an ayurvedic lawyer and Unani Barrister or some such absurd nomenclature. The same is the case with the medical profession. One cannot be fully labelled as a doctor of medicine and qualified as a practising doctor unless he has the basic knowledge of fundamental sciences of chemistry, physics, physiology and biology and also of medicine, surgery, midwifery etc.

A similar analogy of the mechanics of the body and its repairs (physiology, diagnosis and treatment) can be applied to the motor-car repairing. Altough there are hundreds of different types of cars, one must have a fundamental knowledge of mechanisms of internal combustion engines electricity etc., before one can qualify for the finding of motor car faults and its repairs. So a man cannot claim to repair the ills of our bodies without the knowledge of the basic sciences as stated before. So this cry about separate system such as Ayurvedic, Unani, Homoeopathy, Osteopathy etc., is all unscientific and does not meet with the fundamental necessity of scientific medical education which is one, all over the world and takes the best from all the various drugs and methods practised in different countries. Modern nations like Japan, Turkey, Persia and China, when reorganising their medical profession, did not adopt Japanese or Unani or Chinese medicines as separate systems, but they only followed the scientific medicine and have one scientific medical profession. Surely there are drugs and methods etc. peculiar to each country which may be incorporated if their proper scientific properties are recognised after proper investigations. Recognition can be given to the indigenous drugs and methods by compiling a list of these drugs and methods and by including their studies in the curicula of medical college.

In the Benares Hindu University, Pandit Malaviya, (than whom there is no more ardent advocate of Indian Medicine) in his zeal to further the Ayurvedic teaching, has established an Ayurvedic College, and there also, the following course of instruction is adopted:—Courses of instructions extend over six years comprising of intensive study of all the ancient Ayurvedic Shastras under eminent Scholars of Ayurvedic and supplemented by a study of modern scientific subjects Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Anatomy (including dissection of complete dead body) Physiology, Surgery, Midwifery and Gynaecology and Bacteriology and Pathology. Special stress is laid on treatment of tropical diseases by modern methods also wherever found necessary. A hospital comprising of one hundred beds is attached to the College where the students have to work in Medical, Surgical and Obstetric works during the last three years of their studies. Thus it shows that without the modern medical science, Ayurvedic or any other teaching cannot possibly be done. The same is the case with Ayurvedic and Unani Colleges at Delhi and other places.

I cannot do better than quote what Dr. Ghosh (of Dr. Ghosh's Materia Medica) says about the various separate claims for separate systems:—"Our next efforts will have to be directed to furnish reasonable answers to apprehend opposition from the vested interest of the practitioners of the old Indigenous Systems the Baidyas, Kavirajes and Hakims as also to the dogmatism of the public born of honest ignorance and honest faith in what they, through patronymic impressions of long duration backed by large newspaper advertisements of practitioners as well, perhaps think, an esoteric truth realised through an esoteric and immutable angle of vision.

To all of them, I would put the following by way of answer:—

One of the first compilers of Ayurveda, namely Charaka, said that you must not only understand the Vedas but all other things that are not against vedic spirit and that are settled by observations and experiment, and that by men of disciplined and honest spirit and are calculated to benefit humanity. It is thus clear that Maharshi Charaka, never contemplated a fixed finish for Ayurveda, but desired it to be corrected and enriched by progressive observation and experiment. According to this definition we are by no means Anayurvedists or Non-Ayurvedists but by spirit and work true Ayurvedists. I would even suggest that it would be worthwhile for all of us to assume this designation and give it to the rest of the world as the best name for our profession. It is a matter of regret that we see around us amongst the practitioners of old Ayurveda and amongst the many leading men a complete deviation from the aforesaid true spirit of Ayurveda, when they in a spirit of denunciation writing in books and periodicals, refer to an invidious differences and draw a line between it and its changed corpus—the modern medical system they forget the fact that a doctor doing so can be excused, for five if not less, in a 100 of them, do not know the definition of Ayurveda whilst every Ayurvedist particularly these learned men should always remember what it really means and should never think of thus disgracing the glory of the excellent comprehensiveness of Ayurveda or forget the fact that science, and for the matter of that, the science of medicine (and I should say Ayurveda as well) is a common heritage of humanity. The glory of ancient India lies in her being the parent of the medical science as we here assert in her still a large amount to teach. Did not Maharshi Charaka suggest that above all men of our profession should be Shista or men of disciplined and honest spirit. But only lately a man of the calibre of Mahatma Gandhi noticing the violation of the same spirit, impeached a number of practitioners of the Old Ayurved while presiding at a ceremony of an Ayurvedic Institution at Calcutta. I would take this opportunity to say that we should no less denounce and impeach in any attitude of jest or repugnance to Old Ayurvedists entertaining beliefs based on a different kind of conception of fundamental ideas and on a different kind of training and perhaps even fatal training, and that be the whatever colour of skin of those amongst us.

I should say, that it is even for the sake of our national welfare that we should do all to rectify this dangerously misleading spirit wherever found and discourage a spirit of communalism in Science where it is most culpable.

So let us have in India, one and only medical science which is adopted by the scientists all over the world and incorporate into it whatever is good anywhere in our own country or outside. This is the only way by which we can have an Indian United Medical Profession which should give its best and scientific medical relief to all rich and poor alike in the cities as well as in the villages. I am sure, the Ministers in charge of the Medical Education and Relief in various Provinces, who have the welfare of the country at heart, will keep the above ideas in mind in reorganising the medical relief and public health in their various Provinces.—Yours, etc.

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(19) RUN-DOWN CONDITION. (20) Low Vitality. (21) Shivering. (22) Morning Tiredness.
(23) "NERVES." (24) Lack of Confidence. (25) Irritability. (26) Over-Excitement.
(27) INFLUENZA. (28) Colds. (29) Chills. (30) Feverishness.
(31) ANÆMIA. (32) Dizziness. (33) Listlessness.
(34) LIVERISHNESS. (35) Biliousness. (36) Migraine (Sick Headache). (37) Muddy Complexion. (38) "Dirty" Tongue.
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(45) MAL-NUTRITION (46) Poorness of Blood. (47) Chronic Tiredness. (48) Debility.
(49) FEELING OF "AGE." (50) Weakness. (51) Lack of Enthusiasm. (52) Feeling of Collapse.
(53) SKIN ERUPTIONS (54) Pimples. (55) Boils. (56) Carbuncles. (57) Facial Blemishes.
(58) GENERAL BREAKDOWN. (59) Functional Irregularity. (60) Distaste for Food. (61) Body Pains.
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Tamiroff Meets First Romance In Racket Film

(Continued from page 10)

Gail Patrick in this story of a political ringmaster who loses his life when he loses his head over a lovely society belle, has appeared in roles as diverse as the general in "The General Died at Dawn" and Dominique You, the pirate lieutenant in "The Buccaneer" but this is his first try at being Romeo.

His love for two women at the same time proves Tamiroff's Waterloo in "Dangerous to Know." Although Miss Wong has been his lifelong friend and closest adviser the political boss pushes her ruthlessly aside in order to pursue a beautiful member of the country club set with whom he falls in love. The means taken by his cast-off friend to turn the tables on him and stop his career of plunder and murder form the climax of the story.

The picture, an adaptation of a famous play from the pen of Edgar Wallace, was directed by Robert Florey, the young Frenchman who brought Miss Wong's most recent drama, "Daughter of Shanghai," to the screen. In the supporting cast are Lloyd Nolan, Harvey Stephens, Anthony Quinn, Roscoe Karns and Porter Hall.

SUGAR MARKET STEADY & QUOTATIONS UNCHANGED

Sellers Ask Big Premiums On Forward

Bombay, June 15.

JAVA SUGAR.

Steadier conditions continued to prevail throughout the past week and prices showed an upward tendency with an alround advance of about 3 annas per cwt. This was mainly due to reported advance of 10 points in selling limit of the "Nivas" and steady improvement in London Terminal prices. Owing to advance in Java there were fair enquiries from out Ports as well as there was some speculative buying interest at higher limits and there was scarcity of sellers. Business was however restricted and resulted in sales of a few hundred tons mostly for September to December shipments on the basis of Rs. 5 to Rs. 5/2/3 for September and Rs. 5/1 to Rs. 5/3/3 for December shipment. Further business was however checked as buyers were not interested at any further advance and there were no sellers at lower rates owing to disparity with Java market. Locally there was fair turnover between dealers and outsiders and closing tone of the market was very steady.

INDIAN SUGAR

As regards Indian sugar, market for ready was steady with quotations unchanged. Arrivals continued to be heavy but holders were firm and were not prepared to sell at lower rates as Syndicate limits were higher and dealers anticipated further advance in Syndicate limits. Business in forward was very restricted as sellers were asking big premium over ready. Cawnpore market was reported very steady owing to better enquiry and in most cases Syndicate quotas being already sold. The sellers were reserved except for ready deliveries. Locally dealers were not prepared to enter into fresh commitments and preferred to sell their stocks at best market rates. Arrivals during the week were estimated at 2500 tons and stocks at 6200 tons as against 1600 and 13000 tons respectively at the same time last year. Tone of the market at the close was steady.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

On the New York Terminal market there was an alround advance of 4 points while on London Terminal market there was an advance of 1 1/2, 1 and 1 1/2d in August, December and March positions respectively, Java market was reported firm with an increase of 10 points in Nivas limit for all positions and tone was firm. It was reported that recent improvement in Java was due to statistical position of Sugar being sound.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

Both Calcutta and Karachi markets were reported unchanged as regards Java sugar. Indian sugar continued to remain quiet owing to poor offtake and prices were unchanged. Both dealers and speculators were not prepared to enter into fresh commitments and preferred to clear their holdings at best market rates. It is believed that until such time as an improvement in demand is noticeable no further business at Syndicate limits would be possible. Tendency was steady.

Imports in British India from foreign countries during January, April 38, 37 and 1936 were estimated as under:—

1938	.....	2,000T
1937	.....	5,000T
1936	.....	20,000T

Stocks of Sugar in M.B. Ports on about 2-6-38 were estimated at about 11259 tons as against 31590 tons at the same time last year.

Prices in the local market for Java sugar are likely to be maintained with a possibility of a further advance on the present level of prices in view of disparity with Java market which naturally lead to demand in Bombay from out Ports.

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VIVA LINE HAIR OIL restores grey hair to its natural lustrous colour from the roots permanently and gently like nature. VIVALINE HAIR OIL is the original product which works its way from the roots. Insist on buying VIVALINE. Avoid imitations. Rs. 3/- large bottle for advanced greyness. Re. 1/12/- small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post free. Bombay Agents:—MADHAV AGENCY, Girgaum, Bombay 4.

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RESTRICTED TURNOVER IN YARN MARKET

Dull And Featureless State

Bombay, June 15.

The yarn market has continued to remain dull and featureless during the week under review. As a result of several holidays intervening the bulk of business transacted was very much restricted. In case of Indian yarns the position is actually growing from bad to worse. Continued absence of satisfactory demand from almost all consuming centres during the last several weeks has seriously affected very unfavourably the future outlook and tendency especially in this class of yarns where prices have been steadily declining. Stocks in the local market as well as with the mills have been gradually on the increase. Dealers have been feeling rather nervous on account of absence of outlets for disposing of their increasing stocks. Export markets have been practically at a standstill at the moment. Asregards Hongkong and other Chinese markets political disturbances have been responsible for a complete absence demand from those important centres at present. In case of Egyptian, Persian Gulf and such other markets demand has considerably fallen off on account of the recent increases in Import duties. Cotton market has remained steady during the whole week with minor fluctuations but this has hardly inspired any confidence in the yarn market. On the whole the position does not seem to be healthy at present but if cotton prices continue to remain steady or shows some material improvement from now onwards a further decline in prices may be averted.

ENGLISH YARNS.

No business has been prossible in English yarns for deliveries on account of great disparity in prices. In fact these yarns are practically neglected in Indian markets at present.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

further sharp decline in prices of Shanghai yarns has taken place as a result of continued offerings from Shanghai markets in yarns from 40s upwards mostly due to heavy decline in Shanghai Exchange. Some further business has been possible during the week at tempting prices but the dealers are afraid of a still further decline in the next few days. As regards Japanese yarns no fresh forward business of importance has been possible due to very cheap prices of Shanghai qualities. As regards Mercerised yarn there has been a very limited speculative turnover during the week with minor fluctuations. In grey single and twofold Japanese yarns prices have declined further to the extent of half an anna per lb. on account of Shanghai competition. Sampin has fluctuated on a minor scale whereas Exchange has remained steady and unchanged.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

The important event during the week has been a further raising in prices to the extent of half an anna per lb in popular deniers such as 120 and 150 and quarter of an anna per lb in other deniers in all grades by the Italian Distributing Committee, The rise has been rather too sudden and unexpected and has not resulted in any increase in demand from consuming centres. Besides the recent heavy arrivals of some of the Italian yarns on the account of dealers have been placed on the market by some of the weakholders as a result of which prices have not shown any signs of immediate improvement although the undertone seems to be healthy. As regards Japanese yarns the recent arrivals by incoming steamers are very small and stocks are steadily declining. The Japanese Spinners have been quoting much higher prices and no fresh forward business of importance has therefore been possible. The Italian Distributing Committee has resumed sales of their consignment stocks with certain restrictions. The future tendency continues to remain hopeful.

LOCAL YARNS.

The turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has shown further improvement and good deal of business has been possible especially in 10 1/2s and 20 1/2s with a further decline in prices. The future tendency is not yet hopeful.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF IMPERIAL BANK

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 10th June 1938.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
Capital:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares		5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund		5,50,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		79,18,79,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		4,94,000
Sundries		1,14,68,000
	Rupees	91,50,89,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Investments:—		
Government Securities	39,69,04,000	
Other authorised Investments	99,68,000	40,68,72,000
Advances:—		
Loans	6,47,89,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	23,19,47,000	
Bills Discounted and purchased	4,81,15,000	34,48,51,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		4,94,000
Cash Stock		81,30,000
Sundries		81,30,000
Bullion		—
Cash:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	6,39,88,000	
Balances with other Banks	7,11,59,000	13,51,47,000
	Rupees	91,50,89,000

SINGAPORE TIN REVIEW

New Terms Of Buffer Pool

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Singapore, June 10.

It is now known that the Buffer Tin pool has been accepted by the colonial Office in Principle, and that the ITC committee has drafted the terms and conditions for the inauguration of the same as from July 1st. 1938, in conjunction with the 45 per cent quota effect meant for the third quarter of 1938. July-September. The acceptance in principle has had the effect in the market, and that was a Jump twice 90 shillings reaching at the time of writing this spot and forward touches around £170 a ton. The revival sponsored by the Buffer Poolites is some what laudable, in as much May last saw Tin at £158 a ton the lowest figure since 1923. At the present higher price attitude it is highly likely that the business will be restricted, to a minimum as buyers are unlikely to be fascinated by the present firmness ruling, over the market. As a result of firm and keen cautiousness with the prospective buyers buying interest is not particularly up, but noticeable that there were few sellers in the market.

UNHEALTHY PRICE

The commodity prices were rushed up at unhealthy prices (price speed) in the spring of 1937, but in 1938 Spring the reverse is the story of the rush. The United States Policy in face of these conditions took deflationary turn and President declared that he considered some class of goods being too highly rated. Hence Prices during the time of Spring saw many down path, too risky to stand. Copper, Zinc and Tin, fell and made a shock to the financial world, and structure, and wide spread anxiety had been caused. Apart from the U.S.A. anxiety the European tension has given rise to instant pressure to the financial structure of the world. The prospect of increased taxation, apart from the irritation, of the original National defence contribution. The war in China minimised many foreign interest and directly caused various classes of Export trade. There is hence little wonder that the hoped of Spring Revival never appeared on the horizon of the World Business and Industry.

SECURITY VALUES.

The decline in the security values during the last 12 months has been about as swift a decisive as in 1929-1930. This impression has had to be cleared as a necessary prelude to recovery. There was no unsane scramble for ordinary shares at any price, no vast expenditure on Capital equipment, and there was no volume of precarious flotations which must inexitably collapse when quarter trade conditions supervened. It is true there was a large but not an enormous speculative position and considerable over accumulation of trade stocks. In U.S.A. the position is less favourable. The uncertainty has continued under various important headings, and is still continuing. The result was a more violent recession than was expected or observed by an observer. The situation has deteriorated so far that it no longer admit of rectification, by modification of undestributed profits tax, and capital Gains tax, and the relaxations of over cautious restrictions. If President gives a two year breathing space from reforms there is some reason to hope for a recovery in the American Industrial sections before the Year is out.

BUFFER POOL

As from July 1st, the Buffer Pool will establish, and for the six months the pool will be receiving Contributions making at the end of Year The Pool stock at 15,000 tons. Hence the Pool will act as appalliative for the coming six months. And the miners will of course see the Buffer Pool can not be Buffer against the shock of World depression. In effect as the circumstances stand the 15,000 tons in the end of year, will add to the visible stocks of the World, which are already far too high. No doubt the pool stock will be held tightly, but consummers will know that it exists and will over shadow the market and will surely retard the recovery.

VISIBLE SUPPLY

The present visible stocks are not far short of 27,000 tons allowing for the carry over at Arnhem and Straits. At the existing rate of consumption the market is heavily overstocked. But on a rising market this figure is not at all alarming. But this is very depressing now. The average consumption estimated for this year is, 11,500 tons a month, as against an average of 16,500 tons last year. And the situation is something akin to this:—There are no signs of improvement until a drastic change in American economic policy is made and the confidence of business men restored. Indeed it looks as though we shall have to wait until the presidential election in the Autumn, before any important change for the better can take place.

Above mentioned are the circumstances under which the Tin Industry is being pulled in to the Folly of producing a very large quantity of tin which the world does not need and is not likely to need for some time to come. The market is overloaded and there are no signs of a break in the clouds of depression, Yet the Poolites (Tin Buffer Poolites) believe that in some mysterious incomprehensible form creation of a Pool of 15,000 tons, over and above the available supplies will ameliorate the situation. Therein lies the fact and atom of folly. The very existence of the pool will lead to a continued stream of unsettling rumour suspicion ill feeling in the tin market. With the pool attached to the I.T.C. Scheme the aim of I.T.C. will be weakening, and will lead to needless controversy in the market. And that tin will be actually worse than it need have been at the end of this year, as a result of the unwanted metal in the International Tin Pool. But a Change in American economic policy will take the other way, which will only show the path of prosperity in this section.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Broach J/A. 1938 op 144 3/4; highest 145; lowest 143 3/8; closing 143 1/2.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 163 1/8; highest 163 1/4; lowest 161 3/4; closing 161 7/8.

Oomra July op 130 5/8; highest 130 5/8; lowest 129 7/8; closing 129 7/8.

Oomra D/Jan. op 143; highest 143; lowest 142 1/2; closing 142 5/8.

Bengal July op 107; highest 107 1/4; lowest 106 7/8; closing 106 7/8.

Bengal D/Jan. op. 121 3/8; highest 121 3/8; lowest 120 3/4; closing 120 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach /Aug. 1938 (21-6-38) Rs. 2 1/2

T/Mandi for Broach /Aug. 1938 (24-6-38) Rs. 3 1/4

T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-7-38) Rs. 7 1/4

T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 23 1/2.

Cotton Straddle

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

July 95 Oct. 116 Dec. 119 Jan. 122 March 126 May 129 at Cross Rate 4.97 3/16.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A. 1938 145—Liverpool July 1938 4.46 Rs. 49 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1939 163/8—Liverpool May 1939 4.69 Rs. 40 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach J/A. 1938 145—New York July 8.23 Rs. 40 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.97 3/16.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/May 1939 163/8—New York May 8.41 Rs. 24 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.97 3/16.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, June 17.

June	208.50.
August	201.50.
September	202.50.
October	203.00.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, June 17.

August	51.50
September	51.70

Produce Receipts

Bombay, June 17

Wheat	4,917 cwts
Linseed	3,219 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	69 cwts.
Gingellysced	623 cwts.
Groundnuts	1,361 cwts.
Castorseed	226 cwts.
Rice	482 cwts.
Myrabollams	157 cwts.
Cottonseed	2,203 cwts.
Mowraseed	51 cwts.
Gram	330 cwts.
Joowar	212 cwts.
Barley	86 cwts.
Bajree	1,381 cwts.
Indian sugar	1,109 cwts.

Competitive Examination

A competitive examination for entry to (1) the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun. in the term beginning on the 27th January 1939; and (2) the Royal Indian Navy will be held in Delhi on Wednesday, the 19th October 1938, and subsequent days. The examination will be conducted by the Federal Public Service Commission. Examination will be a combined one for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Indian Military Academy, and the Royal Indian Navy.

GUN IN PARIS TO BE FIRED EVERY SUNDAY

PARIS (By Mail).

Paris once had—as Edinburgh still has—a gun fired every day to set its time. Now, after being silent for many years, the Paris gun is to be heard again—but only on Sundays.

It stood in the centre of the Palais-Royal, and in the days of the French Regency it was a favourite meeting-place for the "bucles."

At noon, by sun time, the gun was fired by concentration of the sun's rays on the charge of gunpowder. On days when there was no sun, the beaux would dispute over who should light the charge with his cigar.

For many years the gun has been kept in a glass case in the middle of one of the lawns. Recently M. Beoquert, a Paris municipal councillor with a love for tradition, had the gun repaired.

At his expense it will be fired every Sunday at noon. But he declares that unless he receives a State credit he cannot afford the 50 francs (about 5|6d.) a day for gunpowder to have the gun fired daily.

Congressmen's Wives Take Lessons In Public Speaking

WASHINGTON, (By Mail)

Many wives of Congressmen are taking secret lessons in public-speaking, it is learned here. They wish to be able to speak effectively if they are called upon to make speeches in their husbands' districts.

The classes are held each week at the congressional country club, a meeting-place of prominent people in Washington.

The wives have made every effort to keep their classes secret because they feel that if it becomes known that they are taking lessons in public-speaking, they will receive overwhelming numbers of requests from constituents who will naturally want to know how good they are.

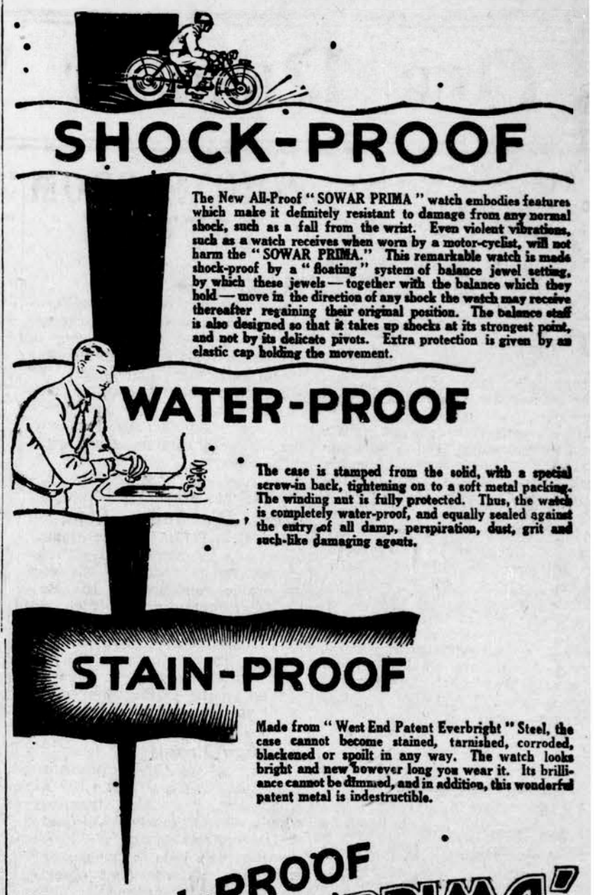
Primary Education Syllabus

INDORE, June 16.

The question of revising the Primary Education of the Indore State is being considered by the Director of School Education, Indore, who has issued a pamphlet entitled "Notes on the reorganisation of the Primary School curriculum" for circulation in the schools.

The revised syllabus includes practical and vocational training and has laid stress on rural uplift work. Some unnecessary items in the syllabus have been replaced by items of sanitation, rural water supply, hygiene, agriculture and nature study—United Press.

It is announced that air commodore Roderic Maxwell Hill has been appointed Director of Technical Development at the British Air Ministry with effect from August first.



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The New All-Proof "SOWAR PRIMA" watch embodies features which make it definitely resistant to damage from any normal shock, such as a fall from the wrist. Even violent vibrations, such as a watch receives when worn by a motor-cyclist, will not harm the "SOWAR PRIMA." This remarkable watch is made shock-proof by a "floating" system of balance jewel setting, by which these jewels — together with the balance which they hold — move in the direction of any shock the watch may receive thereafter regaining their original position. The balance staff is also designed so that it takes up shocks at its strongest point, and not by its delicate pivots. Extra protection is given by an elastic cap holding the movement.

WATER-PROOF

The case is stamped from the solid, with a special screw-in back, tightening on to a soft metal packing. The winding nut is fully protected. Thus, the watch is completely water-proof, and equally sealed against the entry of all damp, perspiration, dust, grit and such-like damaging agents.

STAIN-PROOF

Made from "West End Patent Everbright" Steel, the case cannot become stained, tarnished, corroded, blackened or spoilt in any way. The watch looks bright and new however long you wear it. Its brilliance cannot be dimmed, and in addition, this wonderful patent metal is indestructible.

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Prices include superior leather strap, box and key

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Send for fully descriptive FREE FOLDER.

New All-Proof "Sowar Prima" 10½"' Medium Size Keyless Lever Wrist Watch. "West End Patent Everbright" Steel—15 Jewels Rs. 36

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NONSENSE, YOU'RE THE BEST FILM MAN IN THE COUNTRY AND YOU KNOW IT! YOUR HEALTH'S CRACKING UP. YOU MUST SEE A DOCTOR.
YES, I SLEEP ALL RIGHT, DOCTOR.
ALL WRONG, I'D SAY. YOU ARE NOT REPLACING USED-UP ENERGY DURING SLEEP. NO WONDER YOU FEEL TIRED AND EXHAUSTED WHEN YOU WAKE. IT'S NIGHT STARVATION. I ADVISE HORLICKS—REGULARLY AT NIGHT YOU'LL SOON BE FULL OF VITALITY.
HORLICKS EVERY NIGHT SOON MADE HIM VITAL AGAIN
3 MONTHS LATER
WONDERFUL. I'VE BEEN WATCHING YOU. THIS FILM IS GOING TO BE A BOX OFFICE SUCCESS ALL RIGHT! HOW DID YOU DO IT?
WELL, I THINK I OUGHT TO THANK HORLICKS, SIR. IT'S GIVEN ME A NEW LEASE OF LIFE!
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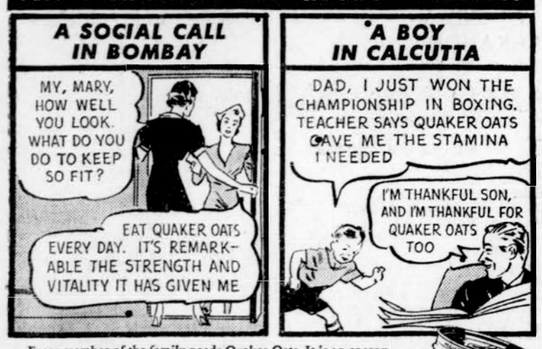
A SOCIAL CALL IN BOMBAY
MY, MARY, HOW WELL YOU LOOK. WHAT DO YOU DO TO KEEP SO FIT?
EAT QUAKER OATS EVERY DAY. IT'S REMARKABLE THE STRENGTH AND VITALITY IT HAS GIVEN ME
A BOY IN CALCUTTA
DAD, I JUST WON THE CHAMPIONSHIP IN BOXING. TEACHER SAYS QUAKER OATS GAVE ME THE STAMINA I NEEDED
I'M THANKFUL SON, AND I'M THANKFUL FOR QUAKER OATS TOO
QUAKER
QUICK COOKING
WHITE OATS

Every member of the family needs Quaker Oats. It is an energy food that builds health and strength. For growing children it adds inches to height and pounds to weight. For adults it supplies the vigor and vitality to carry you through the daily tasks without fatigue. Eat Quaker Oats daily—see how much better you will feel. Cooks in 2½ minutes.

QUAKER OATS

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Almost everyone suffers from Halitosis (bad breath) at some time or other, often unknown to him or her. It is a grievous social fault that people will not overlook. So, why risk unpopularity when it is so easy to remove all risk? Simply gargle twice a day with Listerine Antiseptic, full strength.

Listerine Antiseptic strikes at food fermentation, the cause of 90% of all bad breath, thus destroying objectionable mouth odors. It quickly places you on the safe side—the polite side. It has a pleasant taste and is absolutely safe to use.

Results considered, Listerine Antiseptic is the most economical antiseptic you can buy.

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- RUIN YOUR EYE-SIGHT
- INCREASE YOUR ELECTRICITY BILLS
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TRADE AND FINANCE

Seasonal Slackness In Demand For Funds

FEVERISH ACTIVITY IN GOLD

Speculative Shares Firm

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, June 17.

MONEY

The seasonal slackness in demand for funds continued during the period under report, call funds were available at 1/2 per cent. The statement of the Imperial Bank of India made up to June 10, 1938, shows a decrease of Rs 88.65 lacs under the item 'Advances', while 'Banks Deposits' with the Reserve Bank of India on the same day show an increase of Rs 83.20 lacs. Notes in circulation and those held in the Banking Department in India show an aggregate rise of Rs. 33.13 lacs largely against of rupee coins which have increased by Rs. 33.13 lacs to Rs. 60.47 crores. Government have borrowed from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 12 lacs under 'Ways and Means'. Tenders to Government for three months' Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2.29 crores, of which Rs. 1 crore were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 1-4 per cent. per annum compared with Rs. 1-6 per cent. last week. Maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore. Term money rates were easier, there being few borrowers under six months, which was quoted at 1-1/4 per cent.

GILT EDGED

The local gilt-edged market was devoid of interest, there being hardly any movements in quotations. The tendency, on the whole was a shade easier, particularly following reports of the issue of a new British Government loan, bearing 3 per cent. interest for maturity 1954/58 issued at 93 per cent. The terms offered for the new loan were considered attractive compared with the yield on some of the existing securities. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock receded from £92-3/4 to £92-1/2 at the close, while 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper locally also fell from Rs. 98-14 to Rs. 98-6. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan closed unchanged at Rs. 100-4, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds at Rs. 102-14 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 102-13. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan changed hands at Rs. 106-2, while business in 4 per cent. 1943 bonds was done at Rs. 108-6 and 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan at Rs. 113-4. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan were quoted a fraction lower at Rs. 119-10, 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan at Rs. 103-9 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax-free) loan at Rs. 117-11. 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan was marked at Rs. 106-14, 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 loan at Rs. 101-4 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan at Rs. 98-2.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange market was weak during the period under review, sellers of ready T.T. quoting 1s. 5-3/4d. with good buyers at 1s. 5-25/32d. It may be pointed out that the rate for B.C.T.T. was lowered to 1s. 5-23/32d. which is 3/64d. under the statutory rate of the Reserve Bank of India, i.e., 1s. 5-49/64d. Continued lack of merchandise export bills coupled with a sharp advance in the price of gold almost reaching import parity mid-week on heavy speculative purchases was responsible for the weak tone in the market. In addition, there was some speculative inquiry for sterling for forward delivery, which also tended to make for an easy market.

In the foreign exchange market in London, the dollar was weak in terms of sterling on rumours of a possible devaluation, heavy speculative selling against purchases of gold in the London market causing the sterling-dollar rate to advance from 495.06 cents to 497.71 cents at the close with intermittent fluctuations. The premium on three months' delivery also widened from 0.47 cents to 0.53 cents at the close. The sterling-franc rate fluctuated within a narrow range of frs. 178.41 and frs. 178.31, while the discount on three months' forward francs, after declining temporarily to frs. 1.250, widened towards the close to frs. 1.400. The guilder fluctuated between 8.96-3/8 and 8.95-3/4 for spot, while the premium on three months' forward guilders gradually rose from 1.68 cents to 2.00 cents at the finish. The belga moved between 29.27-1/8 and 29.20-1/2, while the Italian lira oscillated between 94.57 and 94.07. Among the Far Eastern Exchanges the Shanghai dollar weakened further from 9-3/4d. to 6-1d., the yen keeping unchanged around 1s. 2d.

GOLD

There was a feverish activity in the local gold market during the week following rumours of devaluation of the dollar and weakness in the rupee exchange. There was also good inquiry in London, where the premium on gold over the dollar arbitrage parity, which had hitherto kept between 1d. and 1-1/2d., increased sharply to 12-1/2d. Speculators in the local market bought considerable amounts of gold for forward delivery with the result that the price advanced gradually from Rs. 35-6 to Rs. 35-14-3, closing at Rs. 35-10-3. Some of the local banks sold freely with the result that, towards the close, prices tended to be a shade quieter and the bull operators were holding back. The turnover during the week is reported to be very large and the purchases were mainly for August settlement. In London, the quotation improved gradually from 140s. 7d. to 140s. 10d. at the close. Sovereigns were slightly steady in sympathy with gold, the quotation improving from Rs. 22-10-6 to Rs. 22-12-6 for spot and forward. There was very little doing in this section. Local stocks are estimated at about 3,00,000 tolas, while arrivals from upcountry have increased to about 30,000 tolas a day. The average offtake is some 1,500 a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 99,374 in gold bullion and coins, while last week's shipment to London per s.s. Chitral is valued at Rs. 13.49 lacs. The highest and lowest rates of the week are: Rs. 35-14-3 and Rs. 35-6 for spot, Rs. 35-14-6 and Rs. 35-6-3 for June settlement and Rs. 35-15 and Rs. 35-6-9 for July settlement.

SILVER

The rumours about the devaluation of the dollar had but temporary influence on the local silver market, which otherwise was dull with a downward tendency. The price for sopt, which had opened at Rs. 49-9-6, advanced mid-week to Rs. 49-15, but declined and closed at Rs. 49-7-6. The price of spot silver in London, after opening steady at 19d. declined to 18-3|4d. on Tuesday, but closed a shade steadier at 18-13|16d., while the two months' forward delivery moved between 18-11|16d. and 18-3|8d. Stocks in the local market are estimated at about 2,000 bars, while the offtake is better at 75 bars a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 13,200 in silver coins, while silver worth £35,000 has arrived yesterday from abroad. The highest and lowest rates of the week are: Rs. 49-15 and Rs. 49-4-6 for spot, Rs. 49-13-6 and Rs. 49-4-0 for June settlement and Rs. 49-11-6 and Rs. 49-2-0 for July settlement.

SHARES

This was a short-working week in the local stock market partly owing to the incidence of bank holidays and partly for the month-end settlement of accounts. On re-opening, the market presented a weak tone and prices declined sharply, particularly in the speculative counters.

Steels were the worst sufferers; Tata ordys. declined from Rs. 217-8 to Rs. 205-8 and Defds. from Rs. 925 to Rs. 847-8, closing a shade better at Rs. 204 and Rs. 855 respectively. The cotton mill section also declined sympathetically; Bombay Dyeings shed over 30 points from Rs. 795 to Rs. 765, Centuries from Rs. 240 to Rs. 229-6 and Central Indias from Rs. 218-12 to Rs. 210-10. Colaba Lands dropped to 128-2 and Gokaks to Rs. 136-14. Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 248-12 and New Greats at Rs. 178-12. General lack of confidence and discouraging advices from other markets were responsible for the present state of the market. Among Hydro-electrics, Andhra Valleys declined gradually to Rs. 1420, and Tata Powers to Rs. 1345, while Bombay Trams were fairly steady around Rs. 123-7 and Tata Hydros around Rs. 154-11. Bank and Railways shares were practically unchanged; Bank of Indias closing a fraction lower at Rs. 142 and Central Banks at Rs. 30-10. Imperial Bank Fully Paids moved between Rs. 1567-8 and Rs. 1546-4 and Partly paids between Rs. 388-12 and Rs. 386-4, while Reserve Banks showed little or no change around Rs. 115-8. Ahmed. Prantij Rlys. closed unchanged at Rs. 955, while Tapti Valleys were quoted a trifle lower at Rs. 726-4. In the miscellaneous section, Associated Cements fell sharply from Rs. 116 to Rs. 109 on reports of price reduction, but recovered slightly at the close to Rs. 111; Belapurs also weakened to Rs. 141-4 and Bombay Burmas to Rs. 446-4. Scindia Steams closed lower at Rs. 16-12 and New Indias at Rs. 38-8.

CALCUTTA

Jute shares in the Calcutta stock market ruled slightly steady during the week, with a moderate turnover.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 17.

GOVT. SECURITIES	
3 1/2 per cent Paper	98/8
4 per cent 1960-70	113/2
5 per cent 1945-55	117/8
BANKS	
Baroda	116/4
Bank of Hindusthan	35/4
Central	30/10
Imperial Bank F.P.	1552/8
Imperial Bank P.P.	387/8
India Bank	142/4
Indian Overseas Bank	47/12
Reserve Bank	115/8
Union Bank	5/10
TEXTILES.	
Ambica	250
Arun	420
Arvind	1170
Asok	375
B. Dyeing	782/8
Buckingham and Carnatics	192
Calico	
Century	232/8
Central India	211/4
Ahmedabad New Textile	530
Colaba	126/4
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	355
Elgin	212
Gokak	135
Indore	55
Jubilee	200
Kohinoor	250
Laxmi Cotton	460
Mysore	90
Marsden	100
Morarji	1100
New Great	180
Raipur	695
Rajnagar	317/8
Simplex	72/8
Swadeshi	176/4
Sajjan	97/8
Vishnu	1170
Madhusudan	200
Khatau	100
Hukumchand	190
Bhandari	90
HYDRO ELECTRIC	
Andhra Valley Ord.	1420
Tata Hydro Ord.	154/6
Tata Power Ord.	1350
ELECTRIC	
Ahmedabad Electrics	141/4
Bombay Suburban	135
Bombay Tram.	123/2
Surat	168/12
Ajmer	12/14
MISCELLANEOUS	
Alcock Ashdown	255
Associated Cements	111
Belapur	141/4
Bombay Burma New	157/8
Bombay Burma Old	452/8
Bombay Steam	213/12
Bombay Telephone	89/8
Burma Corporation	5/2
Br. B. Petrol	2/10
Dalmia Cement	9
Bharatkhand	2700
Indian Bleaching	123/12
Industrial Investment Tr.	40
Indian Radio Ord.	382/8
Indian Radio Defd.	500
Indian Copper	1/14
Indian Iron	20/8
Mysore Sugar	22
Port Canning	665
Premier Construction	59/8
Scindia Steam	16/12
Shivrajpur	31/8
Tata Oil	25
Tata Steel Ordy.	212
Tata Steel Defd.	895
JUTES.	
Birla Jute	12/10
Howrah	36/8
Hukumchand	5/14
Kamarhatty	353
Kankanarrah	279
Lawrence	304
Relance	49

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 16.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amr. Water Works Com.	9
Amr. Power and Light Com.	5
Amr. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	27
Electric Bond Common	7
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	44
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	24
Columbia Gas and Elec.	6
American Tel and Tel.	129 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	430
Western Union Telg.	20 3/4
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	23
New York Central Rly.	11
National Dairy	14
Amr. Tobacco B.	70
United States Steel	42 1/2
Bethelehem Steel	44 3/4
Republic Steel	12 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	24
Int. Nickel of Canada	43
General Motors	29 1/2
Packard Motors	3 1/4
General Electric	34
Boeing Airplane	24
Curtis Wright	5
American Radiator	11
Union Carbide	65 1/4
Consolidated Oil	8 1/4
Socony Oil	13
Chase Bank	27 3/4
National City Bank	22 3/4
Texas Corp.	33

Turnover 340,000 shares; Brokers loans down dol 192 millions. Devaluation talk seems premature but is a factor in offsetting current poor trade news. Federal spending plus seasonal factors should produce fair business revival in Autumn Securities appear to be in strong hands and bears are handicapped by short selling restrictions Bad second quarter earnings reports may prove temporarily disturbing but we believe purchases on weak spots during summer should prove profitable.

WEEK'S BEAUTY HINT

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LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FOUR POINTS UP

Indications Of Unsettled Weather Conditions

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES ACTIVE

BOMBAY, June 17

NEW YORK COTTON
Improved general buying and covering owing to indications of unsettled weather conditions influenced greater activity in the New York cotton.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
The Stock Exchange was generally quiet but undertone remained cheerful. Giltedged securities were rather firmer. Home Industrials were steady. Tin was firm on speculative buying in anticipation of International Committee meeting.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT
Liverpool wheat displayed some activity on scattered support. The sentiment further improved on reports of rains in South-west.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1938.

New York, June 17

Previous closing	8.29
To-day's opening	8.39
Difference	+10
To-day's closing	8.33
Difference	+04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 17

Previous closing	4.44
To-day's opening	4.49
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	4.50
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 146
April May 1939	Rs. 165

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, June 17

New York cotton was decidedly more active to-day following improved general buying and covering influenced by indications of unsettled weather conditions.

Trading in July commenced at 8.39 i.e. ten points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and Trade and Foreign buying influenced by higher outside cables but thereafter the demand slowed down with the rate easing to 8.37 with tone very steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 17

The following were the opening ranges:—
July (8.20/8.20) 8.39/8.39
October (8.24/8.24) 8.41/8.40
December (8.28/8.27) 8.46/8.45

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 17

American July (4.40) 4.50
American October (4.52) 4.62
Egyptian July (6.21) 6.33
Egyptian November (6.36) 6.49

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, June 17

In the local market, Broach July/August opened at Rs. 145-8. The price improved to Rs. 146-10, but subsequently fell to Rs. 145-12. However, it closed higher at Rs. 146-6.

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

Bombay, June 17

TEA
Indian Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Indian Pekoe higher (1-8) 1-8
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4

JUTE
First marks C.I.F. Continent New Crop June July (£16 3/8 paid and buyers) £16 7/16 paid and sellers
Dunlop June (£19) £19
Lightning June (£18) £18

RUBBER
Spot (5 15/16 buyers) 5 15/16 buyers
Forward October December (6 1/16 paid and sellers) 6 1/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED
Castorseed Bombay June July (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta June (£12 1/4 sellers) £12 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata June (£11 3/8 sellers) £11 5/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£10 1/4 sellers) £10 3/16 sellers

METALS
Tin (£173 3/4 buyers £174 sellers. Very steady) £178 1/2 buyers £178 3/4 sellers. Firm.
Lead (£13 7/16 buyers £13 1/2 sellers. Very steady) £13 7/16 buyers £13 1/2 sellers. Very steady
Electrolytic Copper (£38 1/4 to £39) £38 1/4 to £39 1/4
Iron (112) 112

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, June 17

[illegible] wheat market closed to-day

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, June 17

Previous closing	4.97 3/16
To-day's opening	4.97 1/4
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.97

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, June 17

Previous closing	4.97.12
To-day's opening	4.97.12
To-day's closing	4.96.93

FRANC RATE
London, June 17

Previous closing	178.38
To-day's opening	179.40
To-day's closing	178.35

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 17

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.97.12 and then improved to 4.97.31 on scattered buying, movements thereafter being slow.

Franc opened at 178.40 and then appreciated to 178.38 on some buying.

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-5 25/32) 1-5 25/32
Paris on Bombay (13.214) 13.202
New York on Bombay (36.83) 36.80
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 1/4) 0.91 1/4
London on Milan (94.45) 94.47
London on Shanghai (0-8 9/16 nominal) 0-8 1/2 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION
Influx (nil) £485
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-0-10) £7-0-10 1/2
Silver (18 13/16d.) 18 3/4d

DISCOUNTS
3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent
4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, June 17

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night "No special feature. Small business. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER
London, June 17

Spot	(18 13/16d.)	18 3/4d.
Forward	(18 7/16d.)	18 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD
London, June 17
Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-10) £7-0-10 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, June 17

SILVER

Silver ready	49	7	0
Silver Ashad	49	6	0
Silver Shravan	49	5	0

GOLD

Gold ready	35	10	0
Gold Ashad	35	11	0
Gold Shravan	35	12	0
Sovereign	22	13	0

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 17

Liverpool wheat opened steady with July 77 and October 70 1/2. The market was moderately active on scattered support with lower cables from overseas checking activity, subsequently, the sentiment improved on reports of rains in South-west.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, June 17

Wheat September	4	3	3
Wheat January	4	6	6
Linseed September	7	2	3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 17

U S Steel Common New Stock (dol 41 7/8) dol 42 3/4
General Motors (dol 29) dol 29 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 23 3/4) dol 24 3/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) un-

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 17

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 98-8 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, June 17

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £92 1/2

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday June 8	£92 3/4
Thursday June 9	£92 3/4
Friday June 10	£92 3/4
Monday June 13	£92 3/4
Tuesday June 14	£92 1/2
Wednesday June 15	£92 1/2
Thursday June 16	£92 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 17
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£100 1/4) £100 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£32 1/2) £92 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£115 3/4) £115 3/4
4 per cent Indian 1949-69 (£107 5/8) £107 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110) £110
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£104 3/4) £104 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 3/8) £74 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/2) £102 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 5/8) £104 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£113 1/8) £113 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 7/8) £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 1/2) £111 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 17

London Stock Exchange was fairly active but business was restricted.

Giltedged securities were quietly steady. Three and half per cent quoted at £92 1/2 i.e. unchanged from previous closing.

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (11-0) 11-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 54-0) 54-0
Hydro Electric (dol 3 5/8) dol 3 5/8
Elec Music Industry (10-1 1/2) 10-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson (28-3) 27-9
Imperial Chemical (29-9) 29-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (61-6) 61-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£28) £28
Dunlop Rpbber (26-9) 27-0
Unilever Ordinary (37-3) 37-3
Ford Muotors (16-9) 17-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£45 1/2) £45
British American Tobacco Ordinary (97-6) 97-6
Carreas A (£6 7/8) £6 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (131-3) 131-3
P and O S N Company Deferred (20-9) 20-9
Distillers (95-0) 96-6
Bredfords Dyer (3-3) 3-3
British Celanese (2-7 1/2) 2-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-9) 36-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (33-9) 34-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-0) 4-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-6) 20-6
Inter Nickels (dol 43) dol 43
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (31-3) 31-3
Tata Steel Debenture (£104) £104

TEA SHARES
Assam Company (16-3) 16-6
Donaro Tea (36-6) 36-6
Empire of India (27-6) 27-6

JUTE SHARES
Barnagore (£7 3/4) £7 3/4

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-0) 24-0
Gule Kelampong (18-9) 18-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-3) 24-3

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (38-9) 38-9
Burma Corporation (8-0) 7-10 1/2
Rio Tintos (£13 1/2) £13 7/8
East Rand Proprietors (61-10 1/2) 61-10 1/2
Rand Mines (£9) £9

MINE SHARES
Crown Mines (£16 1/2) £16 3/8
Associated Leaseholds (76-3) 78-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (88-9) 88-9
Sub Nigel (£11 1/4) £11 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (30-0) 29-3
Union Corporation (£3 7/8) £8 3/4

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (23-9) 23-9
Anglo Iranian (84-4 1/2) 84-4 1/2
Burma Oil (115) 115-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-10 1/2) 4-9
Shell Transport (83-9) 83-9
Royal Dutch (£36) £36

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£46 1/8) £46 1/8
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£15 3/4) £15 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4
Southern Def (£16 7/8) £16 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£73 1/2)

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Industrials Encounter Support: Speculative Buying In Tin

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, June 17.

On the Stock Exchange giltedged securities were comparatively active. New Defence Loan further hardened to 11/16 premium, while the better class of industrials also encountered support. Coppers and Diamonds were firmer, the latter on Continental support otherwise interest was small, but the sentiment was cheerful.

Among commodities, tin was firm on speculative buying in anticipation of Monday's meeting of the International Committee.

Wolfram was strong on general speculative consumer deamnd. Sellers were very reserved.

Wall Street opened firm.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 17.

Quiet conditions again ruled in Jutes to-day, in the speculative counter Howrah after opening steady receded slightly as the day progressed. Business in other stocks was confined to limited scale. Coals also continued an easier market. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous, Indian Iron and Steel experienced further drop to-day. Other speculative issues, in sympathy, displayed easier movement, closing however was shade steadier. Again Government Securities ruled quiet but steady.

Following closing quotations:—

Government Securities three per cent. Loan 1951/54 102/11 small lot; three and half per cent. Government Paper 98/9; four per cent. Loan (1960/70) 113/6; five per cent. Loan (1945/55) 117/12; five and half per cent. Loan (1938/40) 101/1.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1.550 do conty. 388; Reserve 114.

Cottons: Mohini 10/9.

Coals: Bengal 301 small lot; Bhalgora 3/4; Deoli 6; Dhemomain 10/6; Equitable 33/6; Hurriladih 12/8; Ct. Jainty Central 1/12; Nazira Talcher Ft. Gloster 337 small lot; Gourepore Jutes: Barnagore 102; Budge Budge 210; ex div. small lot; Cheviot 123; Ft. Glocester 337 small lot; Gourepore 427/8; Howrah 36/6; India 210 small lot; National 17/8; ex div. small lot; Orient 123; Standard 206/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 5/3; Consolidated Tin 3/14; Indian Copper 1/15; Rhodesia Copper 1/8; Tavoy Tin 1/4; Dalmia Cement ord. 9/3; defd. 3/3; Bengal Telephone pref. 14/6; Burn and Co., ord. 190; Hukumchand Steel defd. 1/6; Indian Galvanizing 14/4; Indian Iron 20/14; Marshalls 1/4; Steel Corporation ord. 4/11; Steel Corporation pref. 75; Delhi Flour 11/4 Ct. B. I. Corporation ord. 2/8; Indian Rubber 21/12; Rohtas Industries pref. 124; Moola Oil As. 15; India Paper Pulp 98; Orient Paper 4/15; Humayun Property ord. 6; Humayun Property defd. 1/4; Kluang Rubber 1/2; Bengal Timber pref. 151; small lot; India General Navigation ord. 88; Sugars Murrebrewery 9/12; Samastipore 3/10.

Teas: East India 7; Moheema 6/8.

Debenture five-quarter per cent. (1938/50); Rohtas Industries 100/4.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, June 17.

To-day's closing quotations: Sind cotton July 13/9/3; Jan. 15/-/7; Punjab July 11/13/9; Jan. 13/2/3; Desi American July 17/1/6; Jan. 18/1/6.

Tone: Strong. Wheat July 2/9/0; Sept. 21/15/3.

Tone Steady. Gram July 21/5; Sept. 21/15/3.

Tone Steady. Gram July 21/5; Sept. 21/9/3; Toria July 33/5; Sept. 34/5; Cottonseed July 15/1; Sept. 15/9; Jan. 16/2.

BANGALORE HANDICAP POLO

Five Teams Enter Tournament

BANGALORE, June 17.

Five teams have entered for the Bangalore Handicap Polo Tournament, namely the Mysore Lancers, Kolanka, Golconda "A" and "B" and the Madras Sappers and Miners.

In the opening match played this evening on the Palace Ground, the Madras Sappers and Miners, who received one and half goals beat Golconda "B" by six goals to two.

The game was throughout monopolised by the Sappers and Miners, for whom Capt. R. W. W. How and Major Parker played an outstanding game. In contrast the lack of understanding among the Golconda players made them look tyros.

For the Sappers and Miners Lt. Godwin, Major Parker and Capt. How scored two goals each, while for Golconda the Yuvaraj of Baroda scored once and Basiruddin scored the other goal.

Teams:—

SAPPERS AND MINERS: Capt. How, Major Parker, Lt. Godwin and Lt. Col. Anderson.

GOLCONDA "B" Mahomed Ali Beg, Yuvaraj of Baroda, Yusuf Ali Beg and Bashiruddin.—A.P.

All India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, June 17.

The following maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall for the past 24 hours were recorded at 8 hours this morning:—

	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Since June 1.	Departure from normal.
Agra	105	84	T	0.5	0
Amraoti	92	75	T	4.8	+1.6
Akola	93	75	—	7.4	+4.8
Ahmedabad	96	79	—	6.0	+4.4
Ajmer	95	80	—	3.4	+2.6
Ahmednagar	83	69	—	3.0	−0.4
Ambala	104	84	—	3.3	+2.5
Allahabad	98	82	—	3.6	+2.6
Benares	96	82	—	5.1	+4.4
Bareilly	101	82	—	5.5	+3.5
BOMBAY	87	79	0.1	21.7	+13.5
Bangalore	84	68	—	0.8	−1.3
Bhopal	90	74	—	9.5	—
Baroda	93	78	—	7.3	—
Belgaum	77	67	0.7	4.4	−0.1
Bahawalpur	108	86	—	0	−0.3
Bijapur	92	72	—	4.4	+1.8
Bellary	93	79	0.1	6.0	+4.4
Bhavnagar	99	78	—	5.3	+3.3
Chittagong	85	75	0.1	18.8	+8.4
Calcutta	93	78	0.4	3.4	−1.9
Cuttack	93	75	—	5.4	+1.0
Cawnpore	101	82	—	7.5	+6.4
Calicut	86	74	2.4	28.0	+7.0
Colombo	87	81	—	0.8	−5.1
Cheerapunji	—	—	—	—	—
Cocanada	90	75	0.4	4.7	+2.5
Cochin	85	79	0.1	19.8	+2.7
Dehra Dun	95	72	—	5.9	+3.7
Delhi	105	87	—	0.5	−0.3
Dehra I. Khan	107	79	—	1.4	+1.1
Darjeeling	66	57	2.9	15.5	+5.7
Desa	96	79	—	2.4	+1.9
Dalhousie	—	—	—	5.2	+3.2
Fort Sandeman	—	—	—	—	—
Gorakhpur	94	80	—	8.3	+5.8
Hyderabad (Dn.)	88	75	—	3.2	+0.5
Hyderabad (Sind)	101	84	—	1.5	+1.4
Indore	88	74	—	11.7	+8.9
Jhansi	98	81	—	6.2	+5.2
Jubbulpore	88	77	—	6.7	+4.8
Jacobabad	112	86	—	0	−0.1
Jaipur	99	80	—	3.4	+2.6
Karwar	84	75	1.1	22.9	−0.1
Karachi	91	84	—	0.1	−0.1
Kodaikanal	65	54	T	2.2	−0.3
Khandwa	91	76	—	7.5	+5.2
Lucknow	98	81	—	5.8	+4.5
Ludhiana	105	85	—	1.0	+0.5
Lahore	106	84	—	1.2	+0.9
Lyallpur	104	87	—	4.0	+3.7
Multan	106	86	—	0.1	−0.2
Mysore	83	68	0.1	0.6	−1.4
Madras	100	75	0.3	1.1	−0.1
Maymyo	78	68	0.1	5.8	−0.1
Marmagoa	84	75	0.5	16.2	—
Malegaon	90	74	T	3.4	+0.6
Mussoorie	72	62	—	6.9	+4.3
Mahableshwar	66	62	1.3	39.6	+21.8
Murree	78	64	—	11.3	+9.7
Mount Abu	78	66	—	2.5	+1.6
Masulipatam	92	79	—	5.7	+3.1
Mandalay	91	78	—	3.9	−0.7
Mangalore	85	75	0.8	24.5	+1.2
Meerut	—	—	—	2.5	+1.7
Mercara	69	64	2.9	19.9	+5.7
Nagpur	90	75	T	6.8	+2.6
Ootacamund	—	—	—	—	—
Patna	92	82	0.3	5.8	+3.0
Peshawar	105	80	—	0.3	0
Poona	82	73	—	2.5	−0.2
Pachmarhi	79	68	—	7.5	+4.7
Port Blair	82	74	3.4	14.7	+3.0
Quetta	75	69	—	0	—
Ranchi	89	74	—	4.9	+0.3
Rawalpindi	101	78	—	9.0	+8.2
Rangoon	83	73	2.6	9.4	−0.3
Ratnagiri	85	75	1.1	23.7	+6.4
Rajkot	96	76	—	7.7	+6.3
Sialkot	103	83	—	2.9	+2.5
Srinagar	86	58	—	1.6	+1.0
Sholapur	92	74	—	3.3	+0.2
Shillong	76	65	0.2	12.0	+1.9
Simla	75	62	—	1.8	−0.4
Surat	88	77	0.7	12.9	+11.6
Salem	96	77	0.1	1.2	−0.8
Trichinopoly	98	81	—	1.5	+0.7
Trivandrum	85	75	0.1	4.4	−4.3
Vizagapatam	94	81	—	7.5	+4.9

GENERAL RAINFALL

POONA, June 17.

Conditions are unsettled in north Bay of Bengal. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Konkan and Malabar; Local in Bengal, Bihar, East Central India, East Central Province, Bombay Deccan, and north Hyderabad. A few falls occurred in Gujarat, Madras Deccan, North Madras Coast, and southeast Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Port Blair, Darjeeling, Khandala and Mercara three inches; Calicut two, Jalpaiguri, Purnea, Cherrapunji and Mahableshwar one and half; Bogra, Ratnagiri and Karwar one, Raipur Chanda, Belgaum, Mangalore three-quarters.

FORECAST: (Until evening of 18th). Monsoon will be strong in and around Deltaic Bengal, fairly active along and near west coast. Rainfall will be local in the rest of north-west India and North Madras coast and occur at a few stations in South-east Madras, Deccan, Central parts of the country. Scattered thundershowers are likely in the extreme north.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m of 17-6-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours: —.066 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.8 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.9 degrees 0.6 below normal
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 76.7 degrees 0.8 above normal
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 84 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 152 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 30 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy—10) 6
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.11 inches
Total rainfall during the month 21.75 inches
Total rainfall during the year 23.04 inches.
Weather remarks: Rain

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 17-6-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.86 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.65 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Turner Morrison s.s. Ranee of 3,143 reg. tons Capt. W. J. Williams arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin and Cochin with general cargo.

Anchor Line s.s. Circassia of 6,580 reg. tons Capt. W. Gemmell arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Portsaid, Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

N. Y. K. s.s. Tokiwa Maru of 4,281 reg. tons Capt. Y. Matsuoka sailed for Karachi via Cutch, Kundla with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

L. Edward's s.s. Formosa of 3,338 reg. tons Capt. J. Hedding sailed for Colombo, Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following Vessels booked for Loading on 17-6-38:—

S.S. Ampleforth (R. B.) for Portsaid (for orders.)

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, June 17.

2 City of Venice 5492 Karachi 22-6 K Nixon
3 Circassia 6597 Karachi 24-6 Anchor Line
4 Goldenfels 4845 Karachi 18-6 L Edwards
6 Braunfels 4852 Karachi 18-6 L Edwards.
J Enl. British Chemist 4129 Abadan 17-6 Anglo I. Oil
7 Mattawin 4220 Port Said for orders 18-6 L Dreyfus
9 Formosa 3338 Colombo 17-6 L Edwards
10 Queda 4760 N F N F M M
12 Durenda 4450 Karachi 18-6 M M
14 Caithness 3026 Liverpool 22-6 Graham.
15 Sutherland 2953 Port Said (for orders) N F, L Dreyfus
16 Tosari 4158 Busra 21-6 Volkart Bros.
17 Tairea 3750 Durban 20-7 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Golconda 3203 Rangoon 18-6 M M
4 Bandra 1893 N F N F M M
7 Ranee 3143 Okha 19-6 T Morrison.

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Ward 3835 Colombo 18-6 L Edwards.
G Haideri 912 Karachi 19-6 S Hassum
K Rizwani 3306 N F N F T Morrison
M Varela 1926 N F N F M M
Q Saint Anthony 169 N F, N F, Indian Co-operative N Trading.
N O Jalavijaya 2297 Okha 18-6 Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON
Rawalpindi 7-7-38 P and O S N
Bangalore 18-6-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 14-7-38 P and O
Ranpura 23-6-38 P and O
Strathmore 30-6-38 P and O
FROM LIVERPOOL
Cilicia 22-7-38 Anchor Line
Clan Matheson 23-6-38 J Finlay
City of Agra 27-6-38 Killick Nixon
FROM HAMBURG
Enggano 30-6-38 L Edwards
Kybfels 2-7-38 L Edwards
FROM GOTHENBURG
Rinda 29-6-38 L Edwards
FROM HULL
City of Leicester 20-6-38 J Finlay
FROM NEW YORK
City of Bath 24-6-38 F F Campbell
Pres Polk 28-6-38 F F Campbell
FROM TRIESTE
Conte Verde 28-6-38 L Triestino
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Yeifuku Maru 10-7-38 O S Kaisha
Mirzapore 28-6-38 P and O
Victoria 29-6-38 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 30-6-38 N Y Kaisha
Carthage 25-6-38 P and O S N
China Maru 15-7-38 N Kaisha
Himalaya Maru 23-6-38 O S Kaisha
FROM JEDDAH
Ala 22-6-38 T Morrison
FROM BASRA
Varsova 25-6-38 M M
Vasna 18-6-38 M M
Barala 23-6-38 M M
FROM SYDNEY
Cathay 18-6-38 P and O S N
Comorin 2-7-38 P and O S N
FROM DURBAN
Takliwa 9-7-38 M M
Talamba 9-7-38 M M
Kenya 23-7-38 M M
FROM CALCUTTA
Gazana 20-6-38 M M
Chyebassa 26-6-38 M M
FROM RANGOON
Gambhira 22-6-38 M M
Jalakrishna 18-6-38 Scindia S N
Jalajyoti 22-6-38 Scindia S N
FROM KARACHI
Goldenfels 23-6-38 L Edward
Sturmfels 24-6-38 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON
Cathay 18-6-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 9-7-38 P and O S N
Carthage 25-6-38 P and O S N
Comorin 2-7-38 P and O S N
Maloja 16-7-38 P and O S N
FOR LIVERPOOL
City of Venice 6-7-38 K Nixon
Circassia 1-7-38 Anchor Line
Caithness 22-6-38 Grahams Trading
FOR HAMBURG
Goldenfels 29-6-38 L Edwards
Sturmfels 29-6-38 L Edwards
FOR NEW YORK
Pres. Polk 30-6-38 F F Campbell
City of Bath 26-6-38 F F Campbell
FOR TRIESTE
Conte Verde 26-7-38 L Triestino
FOR GENOA
Victoria 29-6-38 L Triestino
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Bangalore 21-6-38 P and O S N
Conte Verde 28-6-38 L Triestino
Himalaya Maru 10-7-38 O S Kaisha
Ranpura 23-6-38 P and O S N
Alipore 18-6-38 P and O S N
Tokiwa Maru 1-7-38 N Y Kaisha
Rawalpindi 7-7-38 P and O S N
London Maru 26-6-38 O S Kaisha
FOR SYDNEY
Mooltan 14-7-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 30-6-38 P and O S N
FOR BASRA
Varsova 30-6-38 M M
Barala 29-6-38 M M
Bankura 22-6-38 M M
Varela 23-6-38 M M
Tosari 21-6-38 Volkart Bros.
FOR JEDDAH
Alavi 25-6-38 T Morrison
FOR MAURITIUS
Akbar 28-6-38 T Morrison
FOR DURBAN
Karanja 6-7-38 M M
Takliwa 22-6-38 M M
FOR RANGOON
Goalconda 17-6-38 M M
FOR KARACHI
Goldenfels 18-6-38 L Edwards
Durenda 18-6-38 M M
Braeenfels 17-6-38 L Edwards
Tokiwa Maru 18-6-38 N Y Kaisha
City of Venice 22-6-38 K Nixon

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES
S S Clan Graham 15-6-38
S S City of Venice 15-6-38
S S Tosari 16-6-38
S S Formosa 16-6-38
S S Haideri 16-6-38
S S Bhadravati 16-6-38

EXPORTS

S S Goldenfels for Hamburg: 39 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 54 bags roots S M Rajgor; 800 pkts myrabollams H Bhagwandas; 47 bales ltn waste clean N D Kaikini.

For Antwerp: 58 bags gum M J Mowla; 330 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Famagusta: 10 bales grey ctn shirting R Shantilal; 9 bales ctn grey yarn P K Ashar; 14 bales ctn grey shirting G N Musry.

For Alexandretta: 35 bales ct grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak; 40 bales ctn grey yarn A H Diab.

For Tripoli: 20 bales ctn grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak.

S S Cathay for London: 76 bales lamb skins with fur Grindlay; 31 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley; 10 cases bristles R Aminoff; 50 cases ctn grey yarn A H Diab.

S S Caithness for Manchester: 1232 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas; 15 bs ctn waste M Chandulal.

S S Circassia for Liverpool: 16 bales wool Bombay Shipping Agency; 780 bgs gr nut in shell M Bhuta; 50 drums castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill and Mfg; 760 bags gr nut in shells V Khimji; 1000 pkts myrabollams K Tricamji; 680 bags linseed oil cake P M Kataria; 1380 bags gr nut oil cake P M Kataria.

For Manchester: 75 drums castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill; 52 drums castor oil A Hargovindas.

For Glasgow: 25 drums castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mill; 52 drums castor oil A Hargovindas; 500 bags massoor M Bhuta; 140 bags rapeseeds M Bhuta; 25 drums castor oil Swastik Oil Mills; 52 drums gr nut oil Swastik Oil Mills; 11 cases brassware American Express; 4000 pkts myrabollams K Tricamji.

S S City of Venice for Liverpool: 13 bundles ox hides picking boards J Liladhar; 693 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand.

For Dunkirk: 330 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Mattawin for Port Said for orders: 2360 bags linseed L Dreyfus.

S S Bangalore for Shanghai: 98 bales cotton raw Gill and Co; 110 cases skinned milk powder Nestle and Anglo-Swsss Cond Milk Export Co.

For Yokkaichi: 300 bales raw cotton N Nagsee.

IMPORTS

S S Howra Agents M Mackenzie from Bassein: 363000 bags rice.

From Colombo: 46 D/Johns chloroform; 233 tubes liquid chlorine.

From Rangoon: 3040 bags rice.

From Tuticorin: 61 bales cotton; 74 bags cardamoms; 100 bags maize starch.

From Cochin: 91 bundles coir yarn; 487 bundles cottonwood board; 212 bdls c w battens; 200 bags rubber; 55 cases cocoanut oil; 300 tins g m oil;

S S Durenda Agents M Mackenzie from Middlesbrough: 30 bags slag wool; 40 drums chemicals; 70 nong stl plates; 93 nong joists; 118 nong angles; 53 nong troughs; 16097 bags chemical manure.

From Hamburg: 37 cases elect machy.

From Antwerp: 549 bundles hoops; 50 bags maize starch; 182 ise m s sheets; 629 bundles m s circles.

From Alexandria: 751 bales cotton.

From Port Sudan: 2735 bales cotton.

From Aden: 48 bundles baitram leaves.

From London: 642 drums lubg oil; 150 bales paper; 55 lse tyre outer covers; 86 cases wines; 97 pieces joint boxes; 1018 drums cement; 462 cases medicines; 42 bundles sausages in tins; 75 cases bottled lager; 269 cases biscuits; 91 cases jams and jelly; 1805 lse tyres; 763 bales old newspaper; 100 kegs borax; 300 ctn lager in cans; 86 cases tubes; 59 cases cigarettes; 46 cases gripewater; 62 cases whisky; 34 cases malt; 56 cases ink in bottles; 220 coils old baling wire; 70 lse motor car parts; 4029 sack Portland cement; 100 cases wincarnes; 130 pkgs auto parts; 131 cases choc and confy; 592 cases glucose; 72 bags bleaching earth powder; 50 rolls floor covering; 120 casks whiting; 56 cases fruit syrup; 276 cases boot polish; 526 bundles tubes canvas protected ends.

Bombay Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market

GOVERNMENT RECOVERY PLAN RECEIVES ATTENTION

Some Realising At Advance

Bombay, June 17.

On Thursday Bombay buying of late months was a favourable influence on inflationary rumours are subsiding somewhat and more interest is being shown in probable effects of the Government recovery plan.

The market opened steady but eased on lower Liverpool cables, moderate liquidation and foreign selling but contracts were generally scarce. Prices rallied on trade buying of near month and Wall Street and Eastern buying. There were further rain in Texas but weather was generally favourable July liquidation is still in progress but was well taken. Finally prices declined partially on realising.

At the opening July was quoted 3 points down at 8.20 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on there was active buying and prices advanced to 8.34 which was the highest level but realising resulted in a partial loss and the market closed at a net rise of 7 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 6 points at 8.39c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly steady and closed at a rise of 6 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 8.48c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with July 4.41. There was Bombay straddle reversing and scattered liquidation. The market lacked incentive. Later on there was local support on steadiness New York, American straddle buying and trade calling. The market closed at a rise of one point to unchanged. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 4.59d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was scattered buying in this section which resulted in a rise of 2 to 3 points in Giza futures while Uppers futures closed 1 to 4 points up.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria market was in a reactionary mood after the recent upturn and Sakels futures closed 12 to 6 points down while Ashmouni contracts were 1 to 3 points down.

AMERICANS STEADY.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

"In spite of the supply position the American market has shown itself to be susceptible to reports of unfavourable weather and possible weevil damage, and has continued to advance for another week. Still more probable reason, however, is that the market is technically in a much stronger position than it was before the recent decline, and that there is now a distinct shortage of sellers at current prices.

In our last week's report we mentioned that a new Bill was being introduced which might change the loan plans for next season. We now understand however, that this bill is only intended to give the U. S. A. Government power to introduce a loan after August 1st in the event of there being no Mandatory loan by that time. In other words if the price of cotton on August 1st is above 8.32 cents and the August estimate of the crop is under 13 million bales then no loan would be made, but if at a later date in the season the Government should consider it advisable to make a loan they would be at liberty to do so without taking into consideration the conditions mentioned above.

INDIAN OUTLOOK.

So far as the American market is concerned prices look like remaining steady as they are buoyed up by artificial means but the out-look in India at the moment is not so promising. Exports from September 1st to the end of May from all the ports of India are 18-3/4 lakhs behind those for the corresponding period last year. Against this can be offset a crop smaller than last year by possibly 8 lakhs, and an estimated increase in the consumption of Indian cotton by Indian Mills by 4 lakhs for the full season. Unless therefore the more attractive parity of Indian cotton brings about a better export demand from now till the end of the year it looks as if an exceptionally large amount of cotton will be carried over to next season.

In the Bombay market July/August Broach has fluctuated between 142-1/4 and 146-1/2 with the A/May contract at a premium varying from 16-3/4 to 19.

Many different views are being expressed regarding the narrowing or widening of the difference between J/August and A/May contracts. The present difference is a very wide one and if compared with Liverpool it is found to be Rs. 7 per candy wider than the equivalent difference there.

We therefore find it difficult to believe that merchants, who are carrying stocks of tenderable cotton, will sacrifice them by tendering against the J/August Contract when they can carry them hedged with A/May at such an attractive premium.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern:—Generally fair, Slightly warmer.

Central:—Partly cloudy.

Western:—Partly cloudy. East Texas partly cloudy to cloudy, probably thunder showers.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. July Highest (1-49 p.m.)	8.34+11
N. Y. July Lowest (10 a.m.)	8.20—03
Liverpool July Highest	4.44
Liverpool July Lowest	4.40—04

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Trade, Foreign and Wall Street buying met profit-taking and liquidation.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Believe devaluation eventually inevitable on tripartite basis view this and any fresh interest shown by trade along with the slight short interest existant here also large quantities untenderable cotton American and otherwise hedged here expect prices to advance near future recommend purchases on any moderate reaction.

New York:—

Cotton firmness July inflationary implications and expectations constructive developments connection Government recovery plan influenced scattered buying which encountered limited supply contracts attracted some realizing.

Wheat Cables:—

Chicago:—Think advance has gone far enough rather recommend selling scale up.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

(1) "Good demand for July. Forecast of more rain in west of Mississippi. Feeling in favour of cotton increasing."

(2) "Purely cotton and trade factors unimproved. However adjournment Congress, Persistent strength gold abroad associated with possible monetary manipulation and Government spending causing better feeling. Favour buying declines only."

(3) "Market thin. Weather bad."

Messrs. Anandilal Poddar and Co., have received the following cable:—

Memphis:—Drought completely broken. Unfavourable. Boll weevil activity increasing entire belt. More rains expected. Sentiment slightly bullish.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, June 16.

July	8.29+06
October	8.31+05
December	8.35+06
January	8.36+07
March	8.38+05
May	8.41+06
Middling spot	8.39+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, June 16.

July	8.43+06
October	8.45+08
December	8.47+07
Middling spot	8.48+06

11 a.m. Ranges

July	8.24/8.24
October	8.25/8.25
December	8.29/8.29
Noon Call.	
July	8.25
October	8.27
December	8.31

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, June 16.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	1,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	5,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, June 16.

June	4.43
July	4.44
August	4.47
September	4.52+01
October	4.56+01
November	4.58+01
December	4.59
January	4.61+01
February	4.62+01
March	4.64+01
April	4.65+01
May	4.67+01
June	4.68+01
Middling Spot	4.59—02
10-12 a.m. quotations	
May	4.42
October	4.53

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, June 16.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.97.12
Paris	178.38
Berlin	12.30 1/4
Madrid	90/00
Montreal	5.02 9/16
Amsterdam	8.96
Brussels	29.20 1/2
Milan	94.45
Berne	21.64 3/4

LINSEED OIL
London, June 16.

Linseed oil London per cwt. naked July sellers	22/3
Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Sept/Dec. sellers	22/3

LONDON RUBBER
London, June 16.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers	5 15/16

LONDON SEEDS
London, June 16.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. Ton June sellers	£11/7/6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton June sellers	£12/5/0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton June sellers	£12/12/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull cont. c.i.f. ton June/July sellers	£11/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton June/July sellers	£11/5/0

LONDON PRODUCE
London, June 16.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels	Unquoted
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels June sellers	33/6
Wheat South Australian parcels June sellers	32/0

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, June 16.

Fair Rio coffee No.7 quality	6 1/8

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 17.

Following a further rise of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened steady to-day at Rs. 144/12 for Broach J/A. delivery and under improved buying prices advanced to Rs. 145/8 on scattered buying. New Broach A/M. opened at Rs. 163/8 and advanced to Rs. 164/4. The tone of the market was steady and there is less inclination to sell short.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 5 points and later on was quoted 8 points up. In the local market there was increased buying and Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 146. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A 1938	Rs. 145 8 0
Broach A/M 1939	164 6 0
Oomra July	132 14 0
Oomra D/J	145 12 0
Bengal July	109 10 0
Bengal D/J	123 2 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, June 17

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P		114	111	108	105
Punjab		114	111	108	105
Rajputana		114	111	108	105
Oomra No. 3	137	134	131	128	
C P No. 1	150	147	144	141	
C P No. 2	142	139	135	133	
Broach No. 2		148	146	144	142
Punjab Ame		169	166	163	160
Surat		199	196	193	190
Rajpipla		191	188	185	182
Navsari		205	202	199	196

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, June 17

Bengal Superfine	111/13
Bengal Fine	108/09
Bengal F G	106/07
C P J	141/46
C P 2	136/37
Arvi	137/38
Amraoti	129/33
Ellichpur	135/36
Berar	129/33
Khandesh	116/21
Jalna Sailu	121/26
Burwah Sanavad	133/36
Khandwa	134/36
Harda Khirkiya	135/36
Mathia	111/16
Malkapur	126/29
Broach	145/46
Punjab 4 F	161/69
Punjab 289 F	190/200
Sindh N T	175/80
Kampala	255/57
Jinja	243/45
Navsari	200/02

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, June 17

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		53,682	205,534
Central India	171	43,976	332,201
Barsi and Nagar	95	149,007	173,572
Hyderabad Gaorani		40,144	101,194
Berar	138	322,524	576,055
Central Provinces		78,736	113,803
Total Oomras	405	688,069	1,502,359
Dholera		122,228	144,880
N W Provinces		2,866	9,596
Rajputana		15,933	92,718
Sind-Punjab	4	514,988	332,246
Broach		260,946	339,094
Coompta and Dharwar	507	49,536	62,172
Westerns Northerns	77	21,827	36,976
Cocoanada		23	153
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		3,476	15,305
American		177,711	13,732
Egyptian, African and Sudan	1,235	446,771	363,829
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,171	36
Total	2,228	2,305,545	2,913,206

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 9th June

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	6,315	263,590	430,491
Japan and China		583,465	1,313,585
Coast Ports		53,580	30,681
Up-country by Rail		307,499	229,845
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		21,171	46,366
Total	6,315	1,229,805	2,043,968

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 16-6-38	7719000	6754000
Receipts yesterday 16-6-38	1000	1000
Exports to date 16-6-38	5637000	5495000
Stock at Ports 10-6-38	2584000	1282000
Stock at Interior Towns 10-6-38	2134000	1028000
Stock at Liverpool 10-6-38	1169000	909000
Visible Supply 10-6-38	6165000	3707000
Quantity in sight 10-6-38	13278000	12795000
Quantity out of sight 10-6-38	9994000	12340000

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, June 16.

GIZA—	
Spot	6.71—4.
July	6.26+1.
October	6.42+3.
November	6.42+3.
January 1939	6.48+2.
March	6.55+2.
May	6.61+2
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.58—2.
July	5.48+4.
October	5.49+1.
November	5.55+2.
January 1939	5.60+2.
March	5.65+2.
May	5.69+2.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, June 16.

SAKEL—	
July	11.77—12.
November	12.44— 6.
ASHMOUNI—	
June	9.27— 3.
August	9.43— 1
GIZA—	
July	11.44— 7.
November	11.85—10.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 17.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced one penny to £7-0-10. London Paris exchange rate was 3 points down at 178.38. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.97 3/16. London silver prices declined 1/16d. to 18 13/16d. There was some small selling on cash. Small demand for forward and the market was quietly steady. New York silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Montreal silver futures closed 5 to 20 points down. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 8 1/2. The local market was quiet but steady with a restricted turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

Ready	35	9	3
Jeth	—		
Ashad	35	10	3
Ashad Teji-mandi	0	6	0
Shrawan	35	11	3
Shrawan Teji-mandi	0	10	0

SILVER

Ready	49	8	0
Jeth	49	7	0
Ashad	49	5	0
Ashad Teji-mandi	0	13	0
Shrawan	49	4	0
Shrawan Teji-mandi	1	4	0

LONDON SILVER
London, June 16.

Spot	18 13/16
Forward	18 7/16

LONDON GOLD
London, June 16.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£7/0/10

Montreal Silver

Montreal, June 16.

June	42.81—05
July	43.30—05
September	43.15—20

LONDON METALS

London, June 16.

Copper	£34 0 0
Spelter	£12 12 6
Lead	£13 8 9
Tin	£175 2 6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, June 17

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£33-17-6
Standard copper 3 months	£34-2-6
Electrolytic copper	£39-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 35-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 40-8-0

Tone: Irregular.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, June 17

Heavy rains in Western Belt. Light to moderate rainfall in Central and Eastern Belt. Forecast: More rain expected.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, June 16.

July	£10 3 9
August	£10 5 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, June 17

Groundnuts Aug—			
Opening	30	2	0
Highest	30	11	6
Lowest	29	14	6
Closing	30	3	6
Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	29	14	0
Highest	30	7	6
Lowest	29	12	0
Closing	30	1	0
Cottonseeds Sept—			
Opening	19	2	0
Highest	19	9	6
Lowest	19	0	0
Closing	19	4	9

Note:—There was active buying in groundnuts by professionals.

London Groundnuts And Cakes

London, June 17

Groundnuts Aug	£10 6 3
Groundnuts Sept	£10 7 6
Groundnuts Cakes June to Sept sellers	£6 7 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, June 16

July	78 1/2d.
October	71 1/2d.
December	70 5/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, June 16

July	dol 0.79 3/8
September	dol 0.80 3/8
December	dol 0.81 5/8

New York Sugar

New York, June 16

September	1.82
March	1.89
May	1.92

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, June 17

Ready Javas	Rs. 15 4 0
Shipment July Sept	5 1 6
Shipment Oct Dec	5 2 6
Kesar	12 11 0
Saraya	12 7 0
Java Spot	F 5.35

LONDON SUGAR

London, June 16.

August	5s 2d.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 15th June	1,528
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	2,303,317
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,906,333
Decrease	603,016

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, June 17.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	100/3
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	102/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/13
3 per cent (1963-65)	98/2
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	98/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/2
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/7
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	113/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119/13
4½ per cent 1958 Bonds	97/0
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	103/9
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	107
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	101/3

TAX FREES.

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	117/12
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	112/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	101/2

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1974 B P T	110/8
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	109/8
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	118
6 per cent 1954 M Deb	131/0
6 per cent 1956 K P T	131/0

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 98/8 and in the absence of any important business prices were stationary.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, June 17.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 23/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 3/4
June-Sept. (23/32 Oct/Dec.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 25/32
Bank's buying D D 1/5 27/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 29/32
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 273 3/4
Bank's buying T T 270 5/8
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,308
Bank's buying T T 1,338
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 79 1/8
Bank's buying T T 78 1/8
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 65 7/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 65 3/4
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 54
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 1/2
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 89 1/2
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.97.18 16th instant.
Japan/London 152 1/64 17th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/2 15/16 17th instant.
Shanghai/London 0/8 1/. 17th instant.
Java/London 8.95 17th instant.
London/Paris 178.38 16th instant.
London/Belgium 29.20 1/2 16th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.64 3/4 16th instant.
London/Berlin 12.30 1/4 16th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 16th instant.
London/New York 4.97.12 16th instant
London/Amsterdam 8.96 16th instant.
London/Italy 94.45 16th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Uncertain.
Gold £7-0-9 15th instant.
Gold £7-0-10 16th instant.
Silver London Ready 18 7/8 15th instant.
Silver London Ready 18 13/16 16th instant.
Silver London Forward 18 3/8 15th instant.
Silver London Forward 18 7/16 16th instant.
Silver New York Ready 43 15th instant.
Silver New York Ready 43 16th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 5/8 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 5/8 per cent 16th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 16th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, June 16.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	92 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 3/4
5 per cent 1942/47	110
3 per cent 1949/52	100 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	101 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loans	113 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary	31/3

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, June 16.

	This week. £
Total Bullion	327,300,000
Public Deposits	11,600,000
(A) Other Deposits	152,300,000
Government Securities	114,400,000
(B) Other Securities	25,800,000
Notes and Coin	41,500,000
Notes in Circulation	485,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	25.34 p.c.
(A) Other deposits include Bankers	109,100,000
(B) Other securities include discount and advances	5,700,000
Total Deposits	163,900,000
Total Securities	140,200,000

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, June 16.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£78 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£92 1/2
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 3/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£101 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£113 1/4
Victory Bonds	£111 3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£11 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£87
National Bank of India	£38
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 5/8

Pay In—July 11 Pay Out—July 13

Active Speculative Buying In Tata Steel Shares

COTTON MILL ISSUES SYMPATHETICALLY STEADY

Closing Tone Impressive But Operators Hesitant

BOMBAY: June 17.

The local Share Bazar, which was open for one hour, was full of Bullish enthusiasm on reported buying by an outsider new Bull Operator. Some prominent Marwari Brokers were freely bidding up Tata Steel Dfd. shares only, while other Sections were steady in sympathy with a moderate enquiry.

The closing tone was impressive, but Operators are still hesitant and it is feared any further rise will induce long liquidation. As compared with recent dull and demoralised state, there was enthusiasm and nervous Bulls were regaining confidence. However in view of uncertain international industrial situation, it will be advisable to await further developments.

The Wall-Street Market yesterday maintained steadiness though the turnover was very small. U. S. Steel shares improved Dol. 5/8 and Anaconda Coppers closed Dol. 1/2 up. Fears of devaluation of Dollar are disappearing, but the return of the U. S. A. Ambassador from London to America is reviving talk of the possibility of Dollar-Sterling realignment.

The new American recovery plan is watched by Professional Operators and earnings of the second quarter in U. S. A. are again disappointing. At present contracts are passing into strong hands on hopes of improvement after Summer months and shorts will find themselves caught. All these problems are at work in America and much depends upon eventual developments.

The local Market has been steadily declining for the past eight months and present prices are attractive, but neither Bulls nor investors show any signs of increasing their purchases. Thus the market remains uncertain and any undue attempt to push up prices will be encountered by Professional Bears.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY June 17.

100	Ahm. Advance (Rs. 7)	342 8
250	BOM DYEING (Rs. 25 y)	775 0
10	CENTURY (Rs. 8 y)	233 12
100	CENTRAL INDIA (Rs. 4 1)	212 8
100	COLABA (Rs. 4 y)	127 8
100	Coorla (Rs. 5 y)	92 8
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn (Rs. 10 y)	310 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Df. (nil)	0-4-6
10	Finlay (Rs. 5 y)	122 8
100	Gokak (Rs. 3 y)	136 4
1,000	Hindustan	1,620 0
100	Indore (nil)	56 4
100	Khatau (Rs. 3 y)	100 0
100	KOHINOOR (Rs. 8 plus 4 b)	252 8
250	Laxmi (Rs. 12-8 y)	471 4
250	Madras United	35 0
1,000	Morarji (Rs. 40 y)	1,100 0
250	Model	39 0
50	MYSORE (Rs 2)	120 0
200	NEW GREAT (nil)	181 4
100	Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	42 8
100	PHOENIX (Rs. 10 y)	230 0
25	Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	58 8
1,000	Sholapur (Rs. 30 y)	1,910 0
50	SIMPLEX (Rs. 2 y)	73 0
100	SWADESHI (Rs. 6 y)	181 4
100	Swan (Rs. 4 y)	102 8
500	Vishnu (Rs. 50 y)	1,172 8
1,000	Western (Rs. 40 y)	800 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	116 0
25-50	Central (Rs. 12)	30 10
500	Imperial (Rs. 30)	1553 12
125-500	Im. Contry. (Rs. 7-8)	387 8
51-100	India (Rs. 2-8)	142 8
100	Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-8)	115 8
5	Union (As. 4)	5-10-0

CEMENTS.

100	ASSOCIATED (Rs. 7-8)	111 4

INSURANCE.

100-500	Empire (Rs. 14)	690 0
15-100	Jupiter (As. 12)	14 0
20	Mercantile	55 0
15-70	New India (Rs. 14)	38 8
200	Oriental	4165 0
10-50	Vulcan (As. 8)	7 6

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahm. Old (Rs. 6-8)	141 4
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 40 plus 39)	1420 0
10	Ajmer (As 8)	13 0
50	BOM TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	123 2
100	B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6-8)	136 4
10	Broach (As. 5)	10 6
100	Karachi (4)	215 10
100	Poona (4)	196 4
100	Surat (Rs. 3)	168 4
100	TATA HYDRO (Rs. 318 plus 3)	155 0
1,000	TATA POWER (Rs. 37 plus 29)	1351 4

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	955 0
100	C. Province	101 8
100	Dh Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	96 8
100	Mandra Bhon	99 0
100	Pachora Jamner	96 4
100	Sara Siratgunj	100 12
500	Tapti Valley	728 12

MINING

9	Burma Corp. (As. 11)	5 2
2sh.	Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	1 15
10	Indian Iron and Steel (Rs. 1-8)	20 8
10	SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	32 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFD (Rs. 39-3-8)	890 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 10)	210 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	257 8
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	142 8
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	855 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM (Rs. 2)	215 0
125	B. BURMA (Rs. 20)	455 0
50	D Conty (Rs. 8)	153 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	2-11-0
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE (Rs. 2-8)	89 12
100	I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	123 12
50	I. Invest Trust	39 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, June 17.

Bomba Dyeing (770) 770 777 776 775
Centur (231/4) 230 233
Centra India (212/8) 210 208 213 212 213 212
Kohinoor (248/12) 247 252 250 252
New Great (178/12) 180 181
Simplex (72/8) 72 73
Swadeshi (175) 172 178 181
Associated (111) 111 110/8 111/8 112 111/4
Andhra (1420) 1420
Tata Hydro (154/11) 153 155
Tata Power (1351/4) 1342 1359 1345 1350 1351
Tram Ord. (123/7) 123/2
T. Steel Dfy (855) 835 845 855 867 875 870 880 890 885 890
T. Steel Ord. (204) 202 204 206 208 211 210 210/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (171/8) 171/8
Bellapur (141/4) 141 140 142/8
B. Steam (213/12) 215
B. Burma (446/4) 447 450 455 456 456

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, June 17

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. June 105 August 104 October 103
Yarn No. 10 1/2s. June 114 August 113 October 113
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. June 154 August 152 October 152

COMMERCIAL ASTROLOGY

"BEATING ANY FORWARD MARKET" is no longer the dream of a TRADER, J. Shah of Universal Cotton Forecast has made that dream come true. To-day Mr. Shah is looked upon as the leading COMMERCIAL ASTROLOGER. His reports on any Forward Market has received flattering comments from all sides.

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Your correspondence is invited. Remit and address.

UNIVERSAL COTTON FORECAST.
354, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.
Telephone, 25377.
Telegrams "Kaumudi."

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDER: PHEROZESHAH MEHTA

BOMBAY'S LEADING HIGH CLASS HINDUS LODGING & BOARDING HOUSE
JOSHI HINDU LODGE
ZAVERI BAZAAR,
Opp. Mulji Jetha Market
Bombay 2.
Tel No. 27396.
Telegram: Joshi Lodge.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1938

COCHIN STATE TAKES A STEP FORWARD

REFORMS ACT MAKES RULE OF LAW ABSOLUTE

DIARCHY IN ADMINISTRATION: SINGLE-CHAMBER LEGISLATURE: VOTE FOR ALL WHO PAY ANY TAX OR HOLD MATRIC CERTIFICATE

RULER'S PROCLAMATION

The following is a summary of the provisions of the New Constitution for the Cochin State comprised in the Government of Cochin Act:—

The State of Cochin ruled over by His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin has been under a constitutional form of Government for a long time. Though the Government of the State has not been in the legal sense responsible to the people, the Maharaja has never acted except on the advice of his Minister called the Diwan whom he appoints. In the matter of the appointment of the Diwan the advice of the Paramount Power is generally taken. For the last 12 years the State has had a Legislative Council which at present consists of 36 elected members and 18 nominated members. Of the nominated members 14 are officials and the rest non-officials nominated to represent special, communal or other interests. The Diwan is the ex-Officio President of the Council. The Legislative Council has the power to make laws for the State. The members have the right of asking questions on matters relating to general administration and may make also recommendations in the form of resolutions. The annual budget is submitted to the vote of the Legislative Council. A few items like the civil list of the Ruling Family, political expenditure and expenditure connected with the management of temples etc., are removed from the purview of the Council. The power of certification, in case the Legislative Council refuses to vote a particular grant, has been exercised only on very few occasions. The amount of the civil list of the Maharaja and the Ruling Family has been definitely prescribed and the amount so prescribed is never exceeded. There is also an independent well-organised judiciary with a Chief Court at the top. The Chief Court is the final authority and there is no appeal to His Highness the Maharaja except in cases of clemency.

MAHARAJA'S ANNOUNCEMENT

The Legislative Council has repeatedly passed resolutions requesting His Highness that some form of Responsible Government should be introduced in the State. In response to this request an Announcement was made by His Highness on the occasion of the Public Durbar on his 76th Birthday on the 4th of January 1938. In this Announcement the Maharaja declared that he has decided to associate his people more directly with the administration of the Government and that a Minister chosen from amongst the elected members of the Legislative Council will be entrusted with the administration of certain nation-building departments. In explaining this Announcement at the State Banquet which followed the same night the Diwan mentioned that though the Minister will hold office during His Highness pleasure, he would really hold this office only so long as he commanded the confidence of the Legislative Council.

EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY

The executive authority of the State is declared to be exercisable by His Highness through the Diwan or the Minister as the case may. His Highness will not exercise any authority directly except through one of his accredited advisers. This has been the immemorable practice of the State and has been recognised as a constitutional limitation of the theoretical autocracy of the Ruler. The Diwan is the Chief constitutional adviser of His Highness and is responsible to him for the exercise of the executive and other functions imposed upon him by the Act or otherwise.

NEW INNOVATION

The Minister is being introduced into the constitutional system for the first time. Cochin will be the first Indian State to have a popular Minister administering certain important departments. Following the well recognised constitutional precedents the Minister will be appointed by His Highness and will hold office during His Highness' pleasure. It has however been declared by the Diwan already on behalf of His Highness that it is the Maharaja's intention to establish a convention by which the Minister will hold office only so long as he commands the confidence of the Legislative Council. The responsibility of the Minister to the Legislature is, therefore, unqualified. The salary of the Minister will be fixed by an Act of the Legislature. Until such an Act is passed His Highness has fixed a salary of Rs. 850 per month. (The Chief Judge of the State is paid Rs. 1,000 and the Puisne Judges Rs. 800 per month).

TRANSFERRED DEPARTMENT

His Highness has already declared through the Diwan that it is his intention generally to act on the advice of the Minister in all matters relating to the administration of the transferred subjects. The following subjects have been transferred to the charge of the Minister, viz., Agriculture, Ayurveda, Co-operation, Panchayats, Public Health, Uplift of the Depressed Classes and the Development of Cottage Industries. It will be observed that all the subjects relating to rural development are entrusted to the Minister and the Minister will therefore be called "Minister for Rural Development."

INDIA ACT FOLLOWED

On the analogy of the Government of India Act the Government of Cochin Act also contains only provisions of a general nature and prescribes that matters of detail would be provided for by rules made under the Act. The subjects to be administered by the Minister are thus prescribed in the rules. It would, therefore, be easy for the Maharaja at any time to add to this list without amending the main constitution.

ALLOCATION OF FINANCE

The rules under the Act make detailed provisions for the allocation of finance for the transferred departments and for the settlement of doubts as to whether a particular matter falls within the reserved or transferred sphere and for the treatment of matters which fall within both. Under section 9 of the Act His Highness makes rules for the supply of information to himself and to the Diwan and also to enable the Diwan and the Minister to hold consultations on matters of government in general. Provision has also been made for the authentication of orders and instruments issued by His Highness, the Diwan and the Minister.

THE LEGISLATURE

The Cochin Legislature will consist of His Highness and a single chamber known as the Cochin Legislative Council. In addition to the Diwan who is an ex-Officio Member there will be 58 members of whom 36 are elected and the rest nominated. Amongst the nominated members 12 will be officials and the rest non-officials who will be nominated with a view to give representation to unrepresented communities and particular interests. It will be seen that in a council of 58 members excluding the Diwan only 12 will be officials. Provision has also been made for the nomination of two experts in connection with any important measure pending before the Council. The term of the Council will normally be three years but His Highness may extend it or dissolve it at any time.

FRANCHISE

The Act makes provision for the promulgation of rules relating to the delimitation of constituencies, qualification of electors and candidates, the conduct of elections, corrupt practices and election petitions, the appointment and tenure of nominated members and the filling up of casual vacancies and other matters. These rules generally follow those obtaining in the British Indian Provinces. The franchise has been considerably widened as a result of recommendations made by the Franchise Committee. Every person who pays any tax and all those who have passed the School Final Examination or its equivalent have been given the power to vote. The rules regarding the disqualification of members and such cognate matters closely follow the law prevailing in British India. The Diwan is the ex-Officio President of the Council and the Council has the right of electing a Deputy President. The rules provide for a panel of Chairmen one of whom presides in the absence of the President and the Deputy President. The salary of the Deputy President is to be decided by an Act of the Legislature and pending the passing of such an Act His Highness has fixed a salary of Rs. 2,000 per annum in addition to his allowance as a member of the Council.

MEMBERS' PRIVILEGES.

The quorum for the Council is fixed at 15. The questions in the Council are to be decided by a majority of votes. The President or other person who is actually presiding is entitled only to a casting vote. The privileges of the members include full freedom of speech. The Legislature is competent to confer privileges on its members except that no judicial powers may be assumed by the Council. The allowances to be paid to the members of the Legislative Council are to be determined by an Act of the Legislature.

OUTSIDE SPHERE OF LEGISLATURE.

The competence of the Cochin Legislature extends to the making of laws for the whole of the Cochin State or any part thereof and for the subjects of His Highness wherever they may be. Certain matters are removed from the sphere of the Legislature and these are:—

(a) Matters relating to the Ruling Family.

(b) Treaties and other external relations of the State.

(c) The management of temples and State charities.

(d) The State military affairs, coinage, the Chief of Cranganur and the conduct of the High Court Judges etc.

RAILWAYS AND PORTS.

Matters relating to Railways and Ports which have hitherto been excluded from the purview of the Legislative Council are now included in its competence. The Act provides that the Diwan's previous sanction is required in certain cases viz., for the introduction of any Bill or amendment which affects the religious rights or usages of the people or the Acts, Proclamations and Orders of His Highness made in virtue of prerogative powers, the privileges of the Council or the revenues of the State. The Diwan is empowered to stop the proceedings of the House in case a danger to public safety or tranquillity is apprehended in the discussion of any particular Bill or amendment. The Diwan is given the power to return to the Council any Bill for reconsideration. A Bill duly passed is submitted to His Highness who may either assent or refuse his assent. By the Maharaja assenting, the Bill becomes an Act of the Legislature.

STATE BUDGET.

The Budget of the State is to be presented to the Legislative Council and the Council is to consider the same in the form of debates on demands for grants which it may assent or reduce. His Highness may authorise emergency expenditure for the safety or tranquillity of the State or the proper administration of any department Government have a right of restoring the grant relating to the reserved departments if the Diwan certifies that such a grant is necessary for due administration of any department. Certain categories of expenditure are none-votable and are not, therefore, submitted to the Council for their vote though these are included in the Budget presented. These items relate to emergency expenditure authorised by His Highness, expenditure obligatory under any law, salaries, pensions and gratuities of certain officers, sinking fund and interest charges, expenditure relating to charities and political expenditure.

NON-VOTABLE REVENUE.

An analysis of the expenditure of the State from the Revenues will disclose that only a very small portion of the State revenues is really non-votable and that the bulk of the expenditure is effectively under the vote of the Council. The expenditure of the State excluding the working expenses on railways (which is controlled by the South Indian Railway Company) according to the Budget of the year 1113 M. E. is about Rs. 86.76 lakhs. By the application of the provisions of the Act relating to non-voted items an amount of Rs. 30.53 lakhs would be free from the vote of the House and the balance of Rs 56.33 lakhs is subject to the vote of the Legislature. A further analysis of the non-voted amount of Rs. 30.53 lakhs would show that these relate to inevitable items of expenditure which would remain the same even if the House were called upon to vote on them. The amount of Rs.

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DIARCHY FOR COCHIN

New Reforms Act For State

The Government of Cochin Act which has been promulgated by His Highness to-day seeks to implement the intentions of the Maharaja as expressed in the Announcement. The new Act amends and amplifies the statute law leaving the customary law alone for the present and brings together in one enactment the relevant constitutional provisions in a systematic manner. In the clauses of the Act the language of the Government of India Acts of 1919 and 1935 has been invariably followed. The law which governs the relations of the State with the Paramount Power in so far as it affects the questions of internal Government is not included in this Act as also the rights and obligations which arise out of the treaty rights or other obligations. Similarly no reference is made to the civil list of the Maharaja and the Ruling Family as this matter is settled by reference to many considerations none of which are strictly within the purview of constitutional law owing to their special relation between the State and the Paramount Power. The Act is divided into 5 parts and contains 57 sections. The Act provides for the exercise of executive authority by His Highness on the advice of the Diwan and the Minister of legislative authority by the Legislative Council and of judicial authority by the High Court and other courts.

Congress Resolution Violated

Disciplinary Action Against Prominent Cawnpore Congressman Likely

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD: June 17.

It is understood that the Cawnpore City Congress Committee is contemplating to take disciplinary action against Ramratan Gupta, Managing Director of Laxminatan Cotton Mills and a prominent Congressman for his conduct during the pendency of strikes.

The charge against him is that he did not carry out the resolution of Provincial Congress Committee regarding the strike.

Mr. Gupta was asked by the local Committee to explain his conduct.

Replying to the Committee Mr. Gupta says: "So far Congress resolutions never stood in my way in carrying out the dictates of my conscience, I feel, the present resolution does not affect me."

He contends that the resolution was not mandatory and it was not essential for all Congressmen to work for strikes.

WHY BURDEN INDIAN TAX-PAYER

British Archaeologists Visit To India Will Cost Rs. 30,000?

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, June 16.

Material information is lacking in the Press Communique issued by Government of India regarding Sir Leonard Woolley's visit to this country next winter. It does not state the actual cost of Sir L. Woolley's visit, which the Indian taxpayer will have to bear.

According to unofficial reports current here it will be about Rs. 30000 for his three months' visit. If this is correct it is undoubtedly a large sum considering as the Communique itself points out the "limited funds" available to the Department for exploration work.

There is also nothing in the Communique to show why the Government considers the present Director-General of Archaeological Survey incapable of suggesting sites himself for intensive exploration. If Government considers fruitful co-operation is desirable, will not the interests of the country be better served if the Director-General or some other officer in the Department is sent to Iraq and other countries in the Near East instead of inviting Sir L. Woolley to this country at such a great cost.

SHARE THE COST

The Communique ends with a statement that Sir L. Woolley has recently been engaged on exploratory survey in North West Syria with a view to obtaining links between Mesopotamia and Cretan cultures and will continue this work after his visit to India. This may be taken to imply that his investigations in India will form part of exploratory survey work on which he is already engaged, and as they will presumably be used by him in his future publications, there is no reason why the whole cost of his visit to India should be borne by this country. There is also the unofficial report current here that Lady Woolley will be officially connected with the visit but there is nothing in the Press Communique to confirm this rumour.

It is really strange that when funds for actual exploration work are limited Government should decide to spend a large sum of money on outside scholars three months' stay, however, eminent he may be.

SPASMODIC SNIPING

Tribal Lashkar Fires On Infantry Camp

SIMLA, June 17.

One Indian other rank was killed and four others wounded as a result of sniping on Wednesday night, according to a press communique which says that on that night the tribal lashkar, which has collected in the hills west of Razani, fired on the camp of the Third Infantry Brigade at Mami Rogha. About fifteen to twenty rounds were fired from two guns with the lashkar and there was spasmodic sniping throughout the night.

Our casualties subject to confirmation, were as above.

During the day a patrol was fired on near Razani and the road protection troops near Razmak were sniped.

The construction of the new scouts post at Lowargi is proceeding.

Two Hindus who were kidnapped recently have been released—A. P.

Death is announced of Robert William Hudson at the age of 81 at Aix Les Bains. He was a wealthy Philanthropist and father of Mr. R. S. Hudson, Secretary to the Department of Overseas trade of England.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE GALLOW'S HAND*

WADE, IT'S ONLY A QUESTION OF TIME BEFORE THE ARABS PUNCTURE OUR GAS TANK--OR GET US---IF WE TRY, WE MIGHT GET BACK TO HARIK BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE!
TURN BACK, WADE!
NOT WITHOUT AHMET BEY, LEADER OF THE GALLOWS' HAND---CREWE, I HAVE AN ACE UP MY SLEEVE--NAMED DONAVAN!
I HOPE THIS GADGET WORKS, DONAVAN--IF IT DOESN'T, WE'LL NEVER LOCATE WADE AND CREWE!
WE'LL START FINDING OUT SOON AS WE'RE OVER THE DESERT---
A HALF-HOUR LATER---
DONAVAN CALLING--AM OVER DESERT--GIVE US SIGNAL--
HERE'S THE ACE, CREWE--AND WE START PLAYING IT NOW!
LYMAN ANDERSON

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